

ANNUAL REPORT For the year ended the 31 March 2017



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PART A:GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 DEPARTMENT GENERAL INFORMATION

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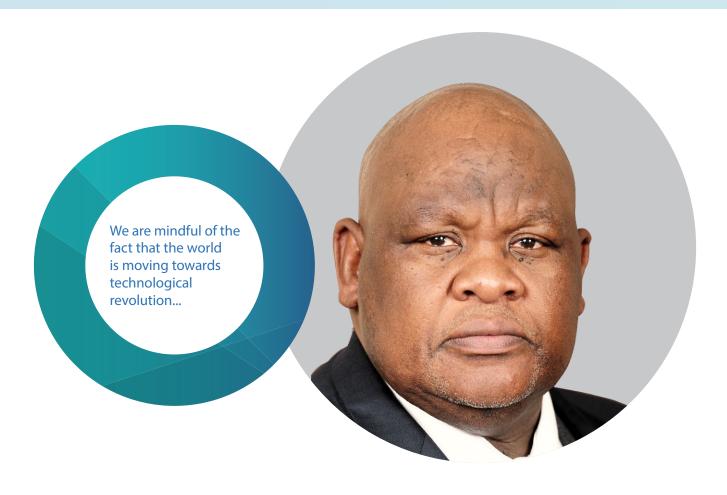
1.2 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ ACRONYMS

ABBREVIATION	MEANING
AGSA	Auditor-General of South Africa
AO	Accounting Officer
BBBEE	Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment
BRICS	Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa
CAD	Computer Aided Design
САМ	Computer Aided Manufacturing
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
CSIR	Council for Scientific and Industrial Research
DEDaT	Department of Economic Development and Tourism
DGDS	District Growth and Development Strategy
DIRCO	The Department of International Relations and Cooperation
DSDF	District Spatial Development Framework
DTI	Department of Trade and Industry
EIA	Enterprise Information Architecture
EHW	Employee Health and Wellness.
ETAC	Economic Technical Advisory Committee
EXCO	Executive Committee
EPWP	Extended Public Works Programme
ESSA	Economic Society of South Africa
ETAC	Economic Technical Advisory Committee
EU	European Union
FABCOS	Foundation for African Business and Consumer Services
GDP-R	Gross Domestic Product per Region
HIPCC	High Impact Project Coordinating Committee
HOD	Head of Department
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
IDC	Industrial Development Cooperation
IDP	Integrated Development Plan
IDT	Independent Development Trust
IEDS	Integrated Economic Development Services
IYM	In-Year Monitoring
JTG	John Taolo Gaetsewe
KIDJA	Kimberley International Diamond and Jewellery Academy
KM	Knowledge Management
KD & JC	Kimberley Diamond & Jewellery Centre
LED	Local Economic Development

GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ABBREVIATION	MEANING
MEC	Member of Executive Committee
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
MTSF	Medium Term Strategic Framework
MIS	Management Information System
M & E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MQA	Mining Qualification Authority
NCYCC	Northern Cape Youth Chamber of Commerce
NDP	National Development Plan
NEF	National Empowerment Fund
PGDS	Provincial Growth and Development Strategy
PAIA	Promotion of Access to Information Act
PAJA	Promotion of Administrative Justice Act
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
RALED	Regional and Local Economic Development
REDS	Regional Economic Development Services
R&D	Research & Development
SCM	Supply Chain Management
RWOPS	Remuneration for Work Outside the Public Service
SADPMR	South African Diamond and Precious Metals Regulator
SAT	South African Tourism
SDIP	Service Delivery Improvement Plan
SEDA	Small Enterprise Development Agency
SHERQ	Safety, Health, Environment, Risk and Quality
SIPP	Swiss Import Promotion Programme
SITA	State Information Technology Agency
SIP	Strategic Integrated Project
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SMME	Small Medium and Micro Enterprises
SPLUMA	The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013 (SPLUMA).
TSA	Tourism Satellite Account
TVET	Northern Cape Technical Vocational Education and Training
TWIB	Technology for Women in Business
VFR	Visiting Friends and Relatives
UNWTO	United Nations World Tourism Organisation
WEMI	Women Empowerment Movement International
WiLAT	Women in Logistics and Transport

FOREWORD BY THE MEC For the year ended the 31 March 2017



1.3. FOREWORD BY THE MEC

I am tabling the Department of Economic Development and Tourism's (DEDaT) Annual Report at the time when the provincial annual growth for 2015 was 0.9%, measured at constant 2010 prices compared to national growth of 1.3%.

This was a significant decline in provincial growth against 2.8% in 2014.

The provincial economy was however not protected from the global developments, more so the commodity prices stalemate combined with the structural constraints that have persistently plagued our national economy.

Without a doubt, the Northern Cape is rich with minerals and world class iron ore and manganese deposits which are extracted in the eastern part of the province. In addition a considerable amount of diamond production occurs across the entire province.

There is also a production of base metals in the form of copper, lead and zinc. Over and above the mineral endowments, the province also has substantial economic agricultural potential. As a results of primary resource endowments, primary sectors such as mining and agriculture, have been the mainstay of the Northern Cape economy.

According to the Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) which was released by StatsSA, unemployment in the province in the fourth quarter of 2016/2017 was measured at 32.0%, an increase of 4.2% points from the first quarter of 2016.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

FOREWORD BY THE MEC For the year ended the 31 March 2017



We are mindful of the fact that the world is moving towards a technological revolution and as the department we should decide on the best way to create jobs- whether through manual labour or technology.

These can be achieved if we put more effort in the implementation of the key Nine-Point Plan areas to reignite growth so that the economy can create the much needed jobs.

The focus areas include industrialisation, mining and beneficiation, agriculture and agro-processing, energy, small, medium and micro enterprises, attracting investments, growing the ocean economy and tourism.

In 2016 the department hosted a successful SMMEs & Co-operatives and Procurement Indaba. The Indaba provided a platform for SMMEs and Co-operatives to discuss key challenges, opportunities and repositioning of procurement in the private, parastatals and public institutions, as a tool for radical economic transformation in the province.

To achieve our ambitions for radical economic transformation, that is inclusive, we have to work together to build an economy in which business can grow and prosper and in which community organisations have a place alongside government in delivering public services.

All officials in DEDaT will put their hands on the deck in order to achieve tremendous results on:

- Small business development
- · Trade and sector development
- · Business regulation and governance
- · Research and innovation and
- Tourism

The Annual Report 2016/17 demonstrates the Department's commitment to address the triple challenges of poverty, inequality and unemployment.

I hereby table the annual report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Mr MacCollen Ntsikelelo Jack

MEC for Finance, Economic Development and Tourism

1.4. REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

1.4.1. OVERVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT

Radical Economic Transformation is the inherent development principles as expanded in the National Development Plan, the New Growth Path, the Industrial Policy Action Plan, the Agricultural Policy Action Plan, the Nine Point Plan and the various Operations Phakisa.

The Merriam-Webster dictionary defines "radical" as "very different from the usual or traditional" and "favouring extreme changes in existing views, habits, conditions, or institutions". It thus implies that "radical" bears reference on bringing about a marked change to the fundamental ways in which things have been done. In this instance it implies changing the fundamental economic practices that has characterised the way in which business was conducted in order to grow the South African economy.

In an article entitled "What we mean by radical economic transformation?" (26 June 2014) Rob Davies described it as "...the radical transformation of the productive structures of our economy. It must mean radical transformation of production relations; less conflictual, characterised by more equitable benefit-sharing and by less inequality. It must mean placing job creation at the heart of work programmes and promoting a more inclusive job-rich pattern of growth."

And this is indeed what is at the centre of the objectives of the Department. Economic Development and Tourism in the Northern Cape's production relations are improved with the constant pursuit to eradicate duplication of functions and the development of an Organogramme that is designed to deliver on the mandate of the Department in an effective and efficient manner. To this end the oversight function of the entities NCEDA and NCTA were given to Programmes Three and Six respectively. The rationale behind this decision is that the budget for these entities reside in these respective programmes. The process to rationalise the Liquor Board and the Gambling Board into a single entity was advanced.



All activities are guided by the developmental objectives as espoused in the National Development Plan, New Growth Path, Industrial Policy Action, the Nine Point Plan and the "Operations Phakisa" that find expression in the provincialization of the these developmental objectives. The aim is to ensure the sustainable economic development of the province. Hence during the financial year 16/17 the Department facilitated the participation of 15 emerging SMME's to three exhibitions locally, nationally and internationally to expose them at such platforms, market their products and more importantly to look for export opportunities. These were The Northern Cape Food and Wine Show in Upington, South African International Trade Exhibition in Midrand, Johannesburg and the Mineral and Gem fair in Chenzhou, China in the province called "Hunan". The province signed an Action/Implementation Plan as per the agreed outcomes of the MOU signed with Hunan province during the financial year 2015/16.

There have been further developments with respect to the Metals Cluster with at least four firms indicating their intention to locate in the Cluster and have subsequently delivered their business proposals that are specific to the Metals Cluster.

These businesses have, with the support of the Department, further established themselves into a Non Profit Cluster Management Company that will be responsible for the implementation of a 3-year Cluster Business Plan. In terms of changing the fundamental economic practices that have historically characterised the economic landscape of the Province the Department has striven to diversify the economy by actively seeking to improve the skills vacuum that prohibits the citizens of the Province from taking advantage of the economic opportunities available to them. This will assist them in digitizing their manufacturing skills.

In terms of fostering the development of skills in the province, four students completed an internship programme on a Computer Aided Design course and currently 8 students are under-going a Computer Aided Design (CAD) Skills Programme at the Moremogolo FET College in Kimberley.

Sixteen students were enrolled at KIDJA for training in a short course on rough diamond evaluation. This training enables them to acquire a diamond dealer's licence and afford them the opportunity to become entrepreneurs in the industry and exploit the value-chain in the diamond and semi-precious stones pipeline. Twenty-five students completed their training at KIDJA in the year under review. KIDJA was awarded sixty-one NQF level 4 learnerships. Fifteen people were trained on various artisanal skills (jewellery design, bruiting and sawing) at the Kimberley Diamond and Jewellery Incubator (KDJI).

The Department increased the focus on e-learning, training and development in the different regions to expose the youth to the mobile applications development environment. The Department extended the network of relationships through Geekulcha's introduction of the Africa Code Week. Our progress with growing the "app developer ecosystem" received a major boost, which saw Kimberley as one of four cities participating in the Department of Public Service and Administration's (DPSA) Open Government Programme called the Responsive Cities Challenge. There were three local winners i.e. Joxicraft, 6Gig and We Big Data.

The Department continued to proactively implement economic development initiatives designed to accelerate the growth and transformation of the economy. This included the support given to five (5) companies supported as Black Industrialists (Rainbow Granite & Marble, Kabza Milling, Maiktronix, Mafarathla Technical Networks, NAM Petroleum). In addition the development of new and existing SMME's and Co-operatives continued. In addition 40 informal traders were trained as part of the strategic intent to develop the Informal Sector Upliftment Development Framework in order to uplift them to participate in the mainstream economy. As part of the multi-pronged approach the Shared Economic Infrastructure Facilities (SEIF) was also established.

In addition a successful SMME's & Co-operatives and Procurement Indaba was hosted to actively pursue avenues to addressing the bottlenecks such as access to procurement opportunities, localization, legislative constraints, access to information and coordination between the public and the private sector.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended the 31 March 2017



The Economic Growth and Development Fund (EGDF) dispersed R12 million to SMME's and cooperatives through the Department and approximately R14 million was transferred to the Northern Cape SMME Trust to finalize the disbursements to the remainder of the SMME's and cooperatives. A total of 32 businesses were funded across the province. The focus of disbursements remain manufacturing and tourism.

In a concerted effort to diversify the economy by developing tourism in order to sustain the contribution of Tourism to the economy. To this effect the Provincial Tourism Indicator Report was completed. The Regional Tourism Tracking Survey Report was also concluded with the aim of creating a model for capturing tourism performance at a regional level. In addition, a Coastal and Marine Strategy was developed. The Provincial Tourism Forum was launched with the intention of coordinating tourism development activities.

Two key tourism development partnerships were maintained during the period under review i.e. South African National Parks and Open Africa. The Department availed funds to NCEDA to rejuvenate the tourism facilities at the Witsand Nature Reserve.

Working with Open Africa, the Department reaped significant benefits for the youth and employment creation in the province. Twenty (20) interns have been appointed on three routes. Eleven (11) of these youth have found permanent employment and four graduating to an Enterprise Development programme to help the start their own enterprises. A survey done on the Richtersveld, Namaqua Coastal and Kalahari Red Dune routes resulted in 102 new jobs (since 2013) which includes 63 new jobs for the youth. Dirk Pienaar, a member of the #Khomani San community in Mier travelled to Switzerland to participate in the Swiss Import Promotion Programme (SIPP) tourism development programme. Travel packages were developed for the routes, as well as brochure maps, e-brochures and video clips to enhance market access. Ten (10) route representatives attended the Indaba 2016 International Tourism Expo in Durban while support was rendered to the Richtersveld Wildrun, Williston Winter Festival, Namaqua Trail Run and the Naba! Food & Wine Festival.

The EPWP focused on exit strategies for EPWP projects nearing completion. One-hundred-percent of the DORA funds allocated for EPWP was transferred to the implementing partners. The Department reported 239 Work Opportunities (WO) as a result of the EPWP projects supported.

The Department identified six (6) different economic opportunities for the targeted groups, in the mining sector on the Kimberley diamond dumps, asbestos dump rehabilitation, and Iron ore transport. Other sectors in which economic opportunities were identified are the Tourism, Renewable Energy and Services sectors.

The Department of Economic Development and Tourism remains committed to addressing the imbalances in the Province by actively pursuing, implementing and exploiting all economic opportunities that guarantee the sustainable direct, indirect and induced growth of the provincial economy in all districts.

1.4.2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE DEPARTMENT

1.4.2.1. Departmental receipts

		2016/2017		2015/2016			
Departmental receipts	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection	
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	
Tax Receipts	29 218	28 848	370	26 732	26 658	74	
Casino taxes	23 597	22 610	987	21 370	21 304	66	
Horse racing taxes	1 543	2 477	(934)	1 497	1 596	(99)	
Liquor licences	4 078	3 761	317	3 865	3 758	107	
Sale of goods and services other than capital assets	50	86	(36)	72	73	(1)	
Fines, penalties and forfeits	128	122	6	128	102	26	
Sale of capital assets	26	0	26	25	-	25	
Financial transactions in assets and liabilities	35	25	10	235	621	(386)	
Total	29 457	29 081	376	27 192	27 454	(262)	

1.4.2.2 Programme Expenditure

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/ Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Administration	62 530	53 688	8 842	55 024	53 602	1 422
Integrated Economic Development Services	86 527	86 527	-	99 793	99 793	-
Trade and Sector Development	32 991	32 991	-	29 077	28 804	273
Business Regulation and Governance	34 246	34 246	-	31 531	31 531	-
Economic Planning	19 005	18 217	788	16 925	16 925	-
Tourism	49 058	46 798	2 260	49 919	49 196	723
Total	284 357	272 467	11 890	282 089	279 671	2 418

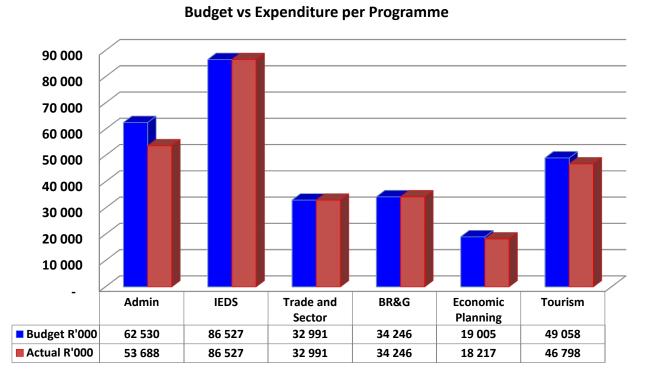
The Department's expenditure for the year under review amounted to R272 467 000 (R279 671 000 in 2015/16) which is 95.8% (99.1% in 2015/16) of the allocated budget of R284 357 000 (R282 089 000 in 2015/16). In the 2016/17 financial year the department underspent by R11 890 000 (R2 418 000 in 2015/16). However the Department did request a roll-over of R1 422 00 and if the roll-over is deducted from the underspending the real underspending of the Department amounts to R10 468 000 or 3.68% of the allocated budget. The underspending was realised due to the pending court case for the Mittah Seperepere International Convention Centre's utility bill to Sol Plaatje Municipality, which is amounting to R10 134 000. The Legal Advisor of the Department advised that the payment of the utility bill must be withheld until the outcome of this matter is known. These funds will be surrendered to Provincial Treasury until the court case is finalised.

The financial year 2016/17 under spending as per economic classification are:

- Compensation of employees was R nil (R723 000 in 2015/16);
- Goods and Services was R11 890 000 (R1 695 000 in 2015/16).
- A roll-over request was registered for R1 422 000 (R1 422 000 in 2015/16).
- No underspending was realised for transfers and subsidies for the 2016/17 financial year as in the previous year.
- No under spending was realized for Payments for Capital Assets for the 2016/17 financial year as in the previous year.

The graphs below illustrate the expenditure patterns for the financial year under review as compared with the budget allocations. Graph 1 illustrates the budget versus the expenditure per programme whereas in Graph 2 indicate the budget versus expenditure per economic classification for the financial year under review.

GRAPH 1: Budget versus Expenditure per Programme for 2016/2017



GRAPH 2: Budget versus Expenditure per Economic Classification for 2016/2017

120 000 100 000 80 000 60 000 40 000 20 000 Compensati Goods and **Transfers Payments Payments** Interest and on of Services rent on land and for Capital for Financial **Subsidies** Assets **Assets Employees** ■ Budget R'000 93 500 86 332 102 638 1 887 Actual R'000 93 500 74 442 102 638 1 887

Budget vs Expenditure per Economic Classification

1.4.2.3. Virements/roll overs

Virements

After the Adjusted Appropriation Act of the 2016/17 financial year, the following virement on savings, according to section 43 of the Public Finance Management Act, Act No.1 of 1999 (PFMA), have been applied by the Department:

Per Programme:

FROM	то	Amount R'000
Administration	Trade and Sector Development	26
Integrated Economic Development Services	Administration	507
Trade and Sector Development	Administration	1 143
Business Regulation and Governance	Administration	405
Economic Planning	Administration	1 424
Economic Planning	Trade and Sector Development	30
Economic Planning	Business Regulation and Governance	67
Tourism	Administration	2 728
Tourism	Integrated Economic Development Services	759
Tourism	Trade and Sector Development	695
Tourism	Business Regulation and Governance	37

For more information, please refer to the Appropriation Statement in the Annual Financial Statements.

Per Economic Classification:

FROM	то	Amount R'000
Compensation of Employees	Compensation of Employees	67
Compensation of Employees	Goods and Services	617
Goods and Services	Goods and Services	5 401
Machinery & Equipment	Buildings & other fixed structures	18
Machinery & Equipment	Machinery & Equipment	311
Departmental Agencies & Accounts	Departmental Agencies & Accounts	61
Departmental Agencies & Accounts	Households	26
Public Corporations and Private Enterprise	Public Corporations and Private Enterprise	682
Public Corporations and Private Enterprise	Departmental Agencies & Accounts	612
Provincial and Local Governments	Departmental Agencies & Accounts	26

For more information, please refer to the Appropriation Statement in the Annual Financial Statements.

Roll-Overs

The table below indicates the unspent funds and roll-overs:

After completion of the 2016/17 financial year, the Department realized an under spending on their expenses and requested a roll-over of funds; in terms of section 6.4 of the Treasury Regulations which was submitted to the Provincial Treasury by 30 April 2017.

The submission for roll-over submitted to Provincial Treasury for the Department of Economic Development and Tourism was R1 422 000 and was made up as follows:

- R1 422 000 for Goods and Service for Corporate Services, which relates to a signed contract for the upgrade of the data lines of the Department but which was not finalised at year-end.
- R10 134 000 will be surrendered to Provincial Treasury as earmarked funds and will re-allocated to the Department upon finalization of the pending court case.

Programme	Saving Funds R'000	Roll-over requested R'000	Funds not rolled- over R'000
Administration	8 842	1 422	7 420
Integrated Economic Development Services	-	-	-
Trade and Sector Development	-	-	-
Business Regulation and Governance	-	-	-
Economic Planning	788	-	788
Tourism	2 260	-	2 260
Total	11 890	1 422	10 468

No unauthorised, fruitless and wasteful expenditure was identified for the 2016/2017 financial year.

1.4.3. FUTURE PLANS OF THE DEPARTMENT

FUTURE PLANS OF THE DEPARTMENT 2017/2018

The focus in 2017/2018 and over the MTEF period will be directed at consolidating the interventions conceptualised to be "Game Changers" and interventions set out in the Nine point Plan.

The Department will embark on initiatives that will see SMME's and cooperatives being assisted with access to markets, access to procurement opportunities and product development. The Africa World Expo will be used as a platform to give exposure to products and services of local SMME's/Co-ops and also link them with procurement opportunities. Exposure will also be given to SMME's through the Inspire print magazine. Product development in collaboration with the South African Bureau of Standards (SABS) will also be pursued.

The Department will expand the reach of the Department across the Province in collaboration with SEDA through the Cadet Programme by placing a "Cadet" in a further seven (7) municipalities throughout the province to ensure that SMME's identified can access services provided by the Department, SEDA and SEFA.

In order to ensure active participation of SMME's and Co-ops in the priority sectors identified in IPAP & NGP support for the established renewable energy, mining and agriculture & agro-processing incubators in collaboration with SEDA and the dti will be expanded. The feasibility of establishing satellite offices of these incubators in three districts will also be pursued and so too that of an automotive-repairs-and-service incubator as part of township revitalisation. Special attention will be given to the development of youth and women by ensuring that 30% of SMME's and cooperatives assisted must be youth or women owned.

The focus of the Economic Growth and Development Fund (EGDF) will be on assisting SMME's and Cooperatives in the manufacturing sector. Co-operative awareness campaigns will continue but will be used at the same time to mobilize newly-formed and existing cooperatives into regional structures.

Furthermore the department developed an investment profile for each of the five (5) District capitals to advise on the availability of land, cost of doing business and to develop an investment portfolio for these municipalities. The key focus for the LED support is to evaluate municipalities in terms of their LED maturity and performance status by using the LED Maturity Assessment and based on this, identify the worst performing Municipalities in terms of LED. In terms of Red Tape Reduction the evaluation of the municipality against the Red Tape Analysis Framework will be done. Upon completion, a synopsis will be provided to municipalities recommending which changes are to be implemented.

The EPWP focus will be to assist with planning exit strategies for EPWP projects nearing completion and to support EPWP initiatives and potential projects. These initiatives include business plans, funding applications and project implementation support.

The assistance provided to targeted groups will be informed by the sectors as prescribed by National Department of Small Business. They are, none core mining, value added agriculture, value added mining and renewable energy. In line with the Youth Accord the unit will participate in all Government structures e.g. Provincial Youth Inter-Departmental forum led by the Department of Social Development. During this financial year the intention is to focus on additional economic opportunities such as, Renewable Energy, a focus area of the 9-Point Plan.

In the financial year 2017/18 the department will follow up on all agreements signed between the province and international companies/ investors and or foreign governments to attract investment and grow the economy to create jobs for people of the Northern Cape. Specific focus will be on the Hunan Agreements and the implementation of the action plans. Pursuant to unlocking access to markets, DEDaT will continue to facilitate and support the participation of SMME's in various national and international trade fares/exhibitions.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended the 31 March 2017

The implementation process for both the Agro-processing Cluster and the Metals Cluster will continue in 2017/2018 as well as the implementation of the Agro-processing Cluster. Coupled to this will be a skills development drive on technical engineering and artisan courses that are relevant to the Metals Industrial Cluster. Marketing of these Clusters will also be the focus for attraction of investors and participating firms as well as the market. The Cluster Management Company of the Metals Cluster will be fully operational by the end of 2017/18.

The Department will continue to monitor the developmental initiatives that are associated with the various Independent Power Producers (IPPs) and analyse their socio-economic impact in the surrounding communities.

Preferential Procurement in the mining sector is a critical tool for economic development and transformation of the Provincial economy to ensure that Historically Disadvantaged Individuals benefit and participate in the provincial mining sector. While in the previous financial years, ten or even more SMME's per annum have been linked to preferential opportunities in the sector, only six suppliers were linked to procurement opportunities in the 2016/17 financial year due to the global drop in commodity prices which resulted in unfortunate job losses in the sector as well as the contraction in the planned expenditures by mines. The outlook for 2017/18 remains with six SMME suppliers planned to be linked to procurement opportunities.

For the financial year 2017/18 the Department will continue to focus on skills development, create an enabling environment through the incubator for SMME development in the diamond and jewellery sector, as well as work towards the implementation of all other projects of the Diamond Strategy.

The Department will continue to perform an oversight function on all the entities i.e. Liquor Board, Gambling Board, NCEDA and the NCTA. There is a process in place to rationalise the Liquor Board and the Gambling Board into a single entity.

The Office of the Consumer Protector has an approved annual programme to improve education and awareness. This will include the education of our youth as Consumer Rights has become part of the curriculum in our schools. In order to operate in a cost-effective manner the Department will use the education and awareness campaign as platform to conduct unplanned compliance inspections in those areas, which in turn could lead to a higher amount of compliance inspections that have been envisaged and in turn could increase the target set for education and awareness programmes.

In the 2017/2018 financial year, the Department will continue to analyse performance on the IPAP. It will also conduct district engagements to further strengthen the relationships with the municipality and ensure that municipal IDPs are consistent with the provincial Nine Point Plan.

The departmental research agenda will outline the research priorities over the Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) and will consolidate all priorities into an annual research agenda. This will be reviewed and updated over the MTEF to ensure that the focus is on the strategic priorities of government. The relevant stakeholders will be consulted in terms of the agenda prior to tabling. It will be tabled at the highest management level in the Department for ratification and adoption. Economic intelligence reports focusing on relevant priority areas will be synchronised with the data releases of the official statistical agency and other reputable information collection and dissemination agencies.

Characterized by a fusion of technologies that are blurring the lines between the physical, digital, and biological spheres the Department is increasingly shifting its work, to motivate for digitalization as a driver and enabler of innovation, towards the promotion of an information society and knowledge economy. The focus is on broadband infrastructure funding and implementation, training and skills development of individuals, entrepreneurs and youth enterprises. Implementation will be leveraged to collaborate with other partners

and tap into the National Broadband roll-out plans in Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality (PKSDM) and the Universal Services and Access Agency of South Africa (USAASA) rural broadband initiative in Joe Morolong Local Municipality.

In terms of Tourism, the Department will continue to measure the tourism sector to ascertain trends. The Provincial Tourism Forum will be convened to coordinate tourism planning and implementation within the province. A partnership with the NCTA will ensure continuous radio tourism awareness programmes in the province. DEDaT will continue with industry interventions such as Responsible Tourism outreach programmes, events management training in JTG and Pixley ka Seme District Municipalities. Local Government Policy makers will also be empowered on Tourism to enable them to enhance the growth of the sector in their districts and local municipalities. Once again the Department will ensure provincial representation at this year's edition of the National Tourism Career Expo in the Free State Province.

In terms of Tourism Development the focus during the 2017/18 financial year will be on employment creation, entrepreneur skills development, infrastructure development and experience development. In this regard targeting youth and women will be paramount to contribute to radical economic transformation and redress past inequality.

Tourism development will target key geographical areas of Mier, the star-gazing destinations and routes for improvement of the destination attractiveness and positioning. In this regard we strive to drive a bigger market share, higher number of arrivals to the province and a greater revenue through prolonging the average stay of visitors.

The APP for the next financial year, 2017/18, clearly indicates that the Department will ensure that the provincial sector stakeholders are aware of latest policy and programme/project developments initiated by our national and provincial departments. These include the proposed amendments to the Tourism-BBBEE deigned to transform the sector in the Province. In addition the School Tourism Programmes will be continued with the annual National Tourism Career Expo (NTCE) being the flagship programme.

1.4.4. PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

The Department does not have any public private partnerships registered for the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

1.4.5. DISCONTINUED ACTIVITIES / ACTIVITIES TO BE DISCONTINUED

No activities in the department have been discontinued or are to be discontinued.

1.4.6. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

There were no unsolicited bid proposals concluded for the year under review.

1.4.7. GIFTS AND DONATIONS RECEIVED IN KIND FROM NON-RELATED PARTIES

During the year under review, the Department did not receive any gift or donations.

1.4.8. EXEMPTIONS AND DEVIATIONS RECEIVED FROM THE NATIONAL TREASURY

According to General Practice Note 5 of 2006/2007 the Department of Economic Development and Tourism was granted approval for the irregular expenditure incurred as a result of the Department entering into finance lease transactions with various suppliers in terms of the National Treasury's Transversal Contracts RT3 of 2000 for the supply of photocopy machines.

1.4.9. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There were none.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER For the year ended the 31 March 2017

1.4.10. OTHER

The Member of the Executive (MEC), Ms Gail Parker, was appointed as the MEC for Finance, Economic Development and Tourism for the period 10 May 2017 - 11 June 2017.

Mr D Babuseng was appointed as the Acting Accounting Officer (Head of Department) for the Department of Economic Development and Tourism.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT/S OR APPRECIATION

The Department wishes to express sincere gratitude to:

- Kumba Iron Ore for their contribution to the Kimberley Diamond Cup initiative that allowed for the Diamond Cup Skateboarding for Hope events and the two Grand Slam events.
- The Bloodhound UK team for partnering the Northern Cape Provincial Government on the Bloodhound Supersonic Car World Land Speed Record Project.
- The Hunan Province in China

Finally, a special vote of thanks is expressed to the personnel of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism, as well as their families, for the support and commitment to ensure the delivery of the Department's mandate.

Mr D Babuseng

Mr D Babuseng
Accounting Officer



GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

1.5. STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY AND CONFIRMATION OF ACCURACY OF THE ANNUAL REPORT

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I confirm the following:

- All information and amounts disclosed throughout the Annual Report are consistent.
- The annual report is complete, accurate and is free from any omissions.
- The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines on the Annual Report as issued by National Treasury.
- The Annual Financial Statements (Part E) have been prepared in accordance with the modified cash standard and the relevant frameworks and guidelines issued by the National Treasury.
- The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements and for the judgements made in this information.
- The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing, and implementing a system of internal control that has been designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the performance information, the human resources information and the annual financial statements.
- The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the Annual Financial Statements.

In my opinion, the Annual Report fairly reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources information and the financial affairs of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism for the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

Yours faithfully

Mr D Babuseng

Acting Accounting Officer

Department of Economic Development and Tourism

Date: 31 May 2017

1.6. STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

VISION

A radically transformed economy in the Northern Cape.

MISSION STATEMENT

Accelerating the economic growth and development of the Northern Cape Province through diversification, empowerment, employment, business creation and sustainable development.

VALUES AND PRINCIPLES

- Batho Pele
- Professionalism
- Integrity
- 4 E's
 - Effectiveness
 - Efficiency
 - Economy
 - Excellence





GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

1.7 LEGISLATIVE MANDATE

DIRECT MANDATES

1.7.1 CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATES

The broad mandate of the Department is derived from the Constitution of the RSA, 1996, which regulates government's duties and responsibilities to the citizens, in particular the promotion of socio-economic rights. Specific reference needs to be made to Provisions in the Bill of Rights (chapter 2) relating to equality (section 9); human dignity (section 10); freedom of trade, occupation and profession (section 22); and chapter 3 of the Constitution dealing with intergovernmental relations that inform the Department's work.

1.7.2 LEGISLATIVE MANDATES

The following directive commands the mandate of the Department;

National legislation (bills, acts, regulations, charters), of which the following are the most important:

- Constitution of RSA, 1996;
- Public Service Act(PSA) and Public Service Regulations (PSR), as amended;
- · Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) and Treasury Regulations (TR), as amended; and the
- · Division of Revenue Act (DoRA).

Relevant line function legislation and regulations includes the following (National and Provincial, e.g. legislation pertaining to small businesses, companies, competition, gambling, liquor, consumer protection, local government, inter-governmental relations, development and planning, other standards and procedures, information, security, human resource management and development, labour, etc., including court decisions).

There were no changes to the Legislative Mandates that govern the functions of the department.

INDIRECT MANDATES

1.7.3 NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT POLICIES

These include White papers, Green papers, Frameworks, Guidelines, Manuals, Strategies and Plans, for example: the National Government Programme of Action, the People's Contract, White Paper of Transformation in the Public Service, State of Nation Address by the President, State of the Province Address by the Premier, National and Provincial Budget speeches, Cabinet resolutions, management decisions endorsed by the Executing Authority, the Northern Cape Innovation Fund Policy, Departmental policies on security, information management, HIV and AIDS etc.

1.7.4 ECONOMIC POLICY MANDATES

a) National Development Plan

The National Development Plan is the long-term socio-economic development plan for the country. The plan has a target of increasing employment by 11 million by 2030. In addition to the employment creation, the plan sets out mechanisms by which to improve the living conditions of citizens as measures by the 14 outcome areas that the government will focus on.

This is proposed to be achieved by:

- Realising an environment for sustainable employment and inclusive economic growth,
- · Promoting employment in labour-absorbing industries,
- · Raising exports and competitiveness,
- · Strengthening government's capacity to give leadership to economic development, and
- · Mobilising all sectors of society around a national vision.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

The Department of Economic Development and Tourism is directly responsible for Chapter 3 (Outcome 4 in the Outcomes Based Approach) of the NDP which focusses on the following amongst others:

- · Creating an environment for sustainable employment and economic growth
- Strengthening the capacity of government to implement its economic policies
- Promoting employment in labour absorbing industries
- · Promoting exports and competitiveness
- Diversifying the economy etc.

b) Industrial Policy Action Plan

The Industrial Policy Action Plan (IPAP) is aimed at growing the economy and creating about 129 000 jobs in order to reduce unemployment. The aim is to achieve this by preventing industrial decline and supporting the growth and diversification of the South Africa's manufacturing sector. IPAP is aligned to the National Development Plan (NDP) and also located within the New Growth Path (NGP) framework. The plan is reviewed annually to measure progress on implementation and revise targets.

The Northern Cape supports the implementation of IPAP through the Provincial Manufacturing Strategy and its implementation plan. As a Province with mineral wealth there is big opportunity of mineral beneficiation which is one of the pillars of IPAP.

c) New Growth Path

The New Growth Path (NGP) provides bold, imaginative and effective strategies to create the millions of jobs South Africa needs. The aim is to create five million new jobs by 2020 so that unemployment can decrease by 15 per cent. To realise this target, the focus was set to be on areas that have the potential for creating employment on a large scale (what is called "jobs drivers") and securing strong and sustainable growth in the next decade.

According to the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS) the Province has set an annual job creation target of 16 000. The NGP on the other hand has outlined the following targets up to 2020:

Job creation targets for the New Growth Path

Job driver	Sectors	Employment target (2020)
Seizing potential of new economies	Green & knowledge economy	400,000
Main economic sectors	Manufacturing, mining, agricultural, tourism & related high-level services & related IPAP sectors	1,210,000
Infrastructure	Energy, transport, water & communications	250,000
Investing in social capital	EPWP,CWP & public service & youth schemes	260,000
Spatial development	Rural development African regional development	150,000
Rural development	Infrastructure, marketing institutions, education & skills	500,000
TOTAL DIRECT JOBS		2,770,000

GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

The NGP puts special emphasis on new economies i.e. the Green and Knowledge economy. The Northern Cape has the potential of benefiting a lot from these new economies as the Province has been identified as the solar hub of the country and the Square Kilometre Array (SKA).

To date the Province have secured about 21 projects from the three respective bid windows of the Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme (REIPPPP). The majority of projects are solar energy generation projects, Photovoltaic (PV) and the Customised Sector Programme which includes Concentrating Solar Power (CSP), with a few wind and small hydro projects. These projects will bring substantive greenfields investments into the Province resulting in direct and indirect job creation and community upliftment.

Infrastructure is one of the key job drivers identified in the New Growth Path. The South African Government adopted a National Infrastructure Plan in 2012 that intends to transform the economic landscape while simultaneously creating significant numbers of new jobs and to strengthen the delivery of basic services.

The plan identifies 18 Strategic Infrastructure Projects (SIPs). Of the 18 SIPs there are currently six that are of importance to the Province namely:

- SIP 3 South-Eastern node and corridor development,
- SIP 5 Saldanha Northern Cape Development Corridor,
- SIP 8 Renewable Energy,
- · SIP 14 Higher Education Infrastructure,
- · SIP 15 Expanding access to communication technology, and
- SIP 16 Square Kilometre Array (SKA).

The full implementation of projects identified within these SIPs will result in more jobs being created in the Province.

1.7.5 BI-LATERAL AGREEMENTS

International, National and local Multi-party Agreements and Memoranda of Understanding concluded with the Province include the following:

- South Africa China trade agreements;
- Africa Brazil India Free Trade Agreement;
- Hunan Northern Cape Provinces Friendship Agreement;
- · Sweden South Africa city-to-city twinning agreement;
- · UNOPS Department of Economic Affairs' Memorandum of Understanding;
- TISA Department of Economic Affairs' Memorandum of Understanding.

The articulation of the specific mandates derived from these frameworks is found in the strategic and business / performance plans of the different programmes and sub-programmes in the Department.

1.7.6 MEDIUM TERM STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) sets out government priority focus areas for 5 years. The country adopted the National Development Plan (NDP) which is a 20 year development plan, the NGP, IPAP and National Infrastructure Plan (NIP) which are short to medium term plans that are aimed at implementing the NDP.

From these plans Government identified key priority areas to be focused on for a period of 5 years. These priority areas form the MTSF. The MTSF has 14 outcomes of which the Department of Economic Development and Tourism is responsible for Outcome 4 "Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth".

GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

The draft 2014-19 MTSF Outcome 4 Chapter identifies the following 8 Sub-Outcomes and each has its specific actions, indicators and targets:

- 1. Productive investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme.
- 2. The productive sectors account for a growing share of production and employment, exports are diversified, African regional development is accelerated, carbon intensity is reduced and the organs of the state improve their alignment in support of employment-creating growth.
- 3. The elimination of unnecessary regulatory burdens and lower price increases for key inputs and wage goods fosters investment and economic growth.
- 4. Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs.
- 5. Expanded employment in agriculture.
- 6. Macroeconomic conditions support employment creating growth.
- 7. Reduced workplace conflict and improved collaboration between government, organised business and organised labour.
- 8. Public employment schemes provide short term relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency.

CHANGES IN THE POLICY ENVIRONMENT

Operation Phakisa (Hurry Up) was launched by the honourable President Jacob Zuma in his State of the Nation Address on 19 July 2014. The Mining leg of Operation Phakisa (a sector-focused initiative to accelerate implementation of the National Development Plan (NDP will identify key constraints to investment and growth of the industry as well as develop a shared vision and growth strategy for the long term development and transformation of the sector. The strategic intent of Operation Phakisa (mining) is to fast-track the contribution made by the mining industry to beneficiation of industrialisation.

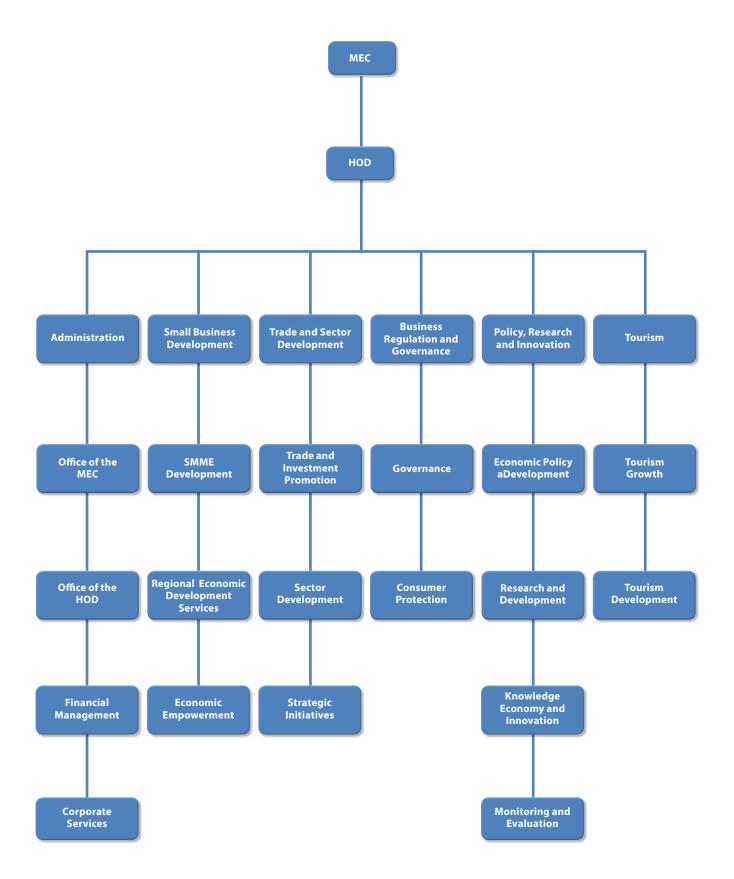
In addition, the Ocean's Economy has the potential to make an exponential contribution to the GDP through significant job creation. The areas for growth include Marine Transport and Manufacturing, Offshore Oil and Gas exploration, Aquaculture and Oceans' Governance and the Marine Protection Services.

The introduction of the 9-Point Plan:

- 1. Revitalising the agriculture and agro-processing value-chain.
- 2. Advancing beneficiation (adding value to our mineral wealth).
- 3. More effective implementation of a higher impact IPAP.
- 4. Unlocking SMME, co-operatives, township and rural enterprises' potential.
- 5. Growing the ocean economy (including tourism).
- 6. Resolving the energy challenge.
- 7. Stabilising the labour market.
- 8. Crowding in private-sector investment.
- 9. Cross-cutting Areas to Reform, Boost and Diversify the Economy:
 - Science and Technology
 - Water and sanitation infrastructure
 - Transport infrastructure
 - Broadband rollout
 - State Owned Entity reforms



1.8. ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE



1.9 ENTITIES REPORTING TO THE MEC

The following entities report to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism

Public Entities reporting to the Department

Name of entity	Legislative Mandate	Financial Relationship	Nature of Operations
Liquor Board	Northern Cape Liquor Act, 2008.	Transfer Payment.	To fortify the regulatory environment within the liquor industry of the Northern Cape.
	Amendment to the Act 2010.		Inspections on liquor outlets. Conversion of licenses.
			Quarterly reports to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism
Gambling Board	Northern Cape Gambling Act, 2008.	Transfer Payment.	To fortify the regulatory environment within the gambling and betting industry of the Northern Cape.
			Inspections on illegal activities Quarterly financial audits Quarterly compliance audits
			Quarterly reports to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism
The Northern Cape Trade and Investment	NCEDA Act, 2008	Transfer Payment.	Attract and facilitate foreign direct investment into the Northern Cape.
Agency (NCEDA)			Grow exports of products and services from the Northern Cape.
			Translate high-level investment and business opportunities in the Province, into actual business operations which contribute directly to sustainable economic growth and social equity for the people of the Northern Cape.
			Market the Province as a competitive business destination, both nationally and internationally
			Quarterly reports to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism

GENERAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Name of entity	Legislative Mandate	Financial Relationship	Nature of Operations
Northern Cape Tourism Authority (NCTA)	Northern Cape Tourism Act, 2008	Transfer Payment.	To fortify the regulatory environment within the tourism industry of the Northern Cape.
			Domestic and international leisure marketing.
			Mice (Meetings, Incentives, Exhibitions, Conferences and Events) development
			Quarterly reports to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism

The Northern Cape Liquor Board (NCLB) is a statutory body established in terms of the Northern Cape Liquor Act, 2008 (Act No. 2 of 2008), with the aim of promoting and maintaining an effective regulatory system for the liquor industry in the Northern Cape Province.

The Northern Cape Gambling Board (NCGB) is a statutory body established in terms of Section 3 of the Northern Cape Gambling Act, 2008 (Act No. 3 of 2008), as amended and classified as a Schedule 3C Public Entity in terms of The Public Finance Management Act. The NCGB is mandated to regulate the gambling industry in the Northern Cape Province.

The Northern Cape Trade and Investment Agency (NCEDA) is statutory body established in terms of the Northern Cape Economic Development Trade and Investment Promotion Act, (Act No. 4 of 2008), and its principal aim is to promote high-impact economic development initiatives, and trade and investment opportunities in the Province.

The Northern Cape Tourism Authority (NCTA) is a statutory body established in terms of the Tourism Act, 2008 (Act No. 2 of 2008), and is responsible marketing the Northern Cape Province as the premier tourism destination, both nationally and internationally.



PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

2.1. AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT: PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES

The Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA) performs the necessary audit procedures on the performance information to provide reasonable assurance in the form of an audit conclusion. The audit conclusion on the performance against predetermined objectives is included in the report to management, with material findings being reported under the Predetermined Objectives heading in the Report on other legal and regulatory requirements section of the auditor's report.

Please refer to the Report of the Auditor-General, published as Part E: Financial Information.

2.2. OVERVIEW OF DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE

2.2.1. SERVICE DELIVERY ENVIRONMENT

2.2.1.1. Provincial Economic Overview

Global and National Economic Outlook

The latest International Monetary Fund published in April 2017, recorded a global growth of 3.1% for 2016, 1.7% in advanced economies and 4.1% in emerging market and developing economies (1.4% for the Sub-Saharan region). The 2016 growth rates are in line with the projections made by the IMF in October 2016, except for the Sub-Saharan region which recorded 1.4% (0.2% points less than the projected gloomy growth of 1.4%) and advanced economies increased by 0.1% from 1.6% to 1.7%.

The IMF projects that economic activity will pick up resulting in a global growth of 3.4% in 2017. Economic activity is projected to vary across the different markets, an improved outlook for advanced economies with a forecasted growth of 1.9%, marginally worsened growth prospects in emerging markets and developing economies with a forecasted growth of 4.5% (0.1% point downward revision from the October projections), a crippled growth in the Sub-Saharan region with a forecasted growth of 2.8%.

The South African economy is not insulated from the global economic developments. In fact the national economy faces a confluence of global and domestic challenges. On the global front, the general slowdown in global trade, risks posed by the external financial volatility in advanced economies, lower commodity prices and inflation. On the home front, the production side of the economy continues to be plagued by structural constraints, low confidence exacerbated by the political tension and the slow pace in decision making by the key public institutions. Altogether these constraints have seen South Africa record an estimated growth of 0.3% in 2016, and continue to shape the national economic outlook in 2017, seen in the 2017 IMF's forecasted growth of 0.8%.

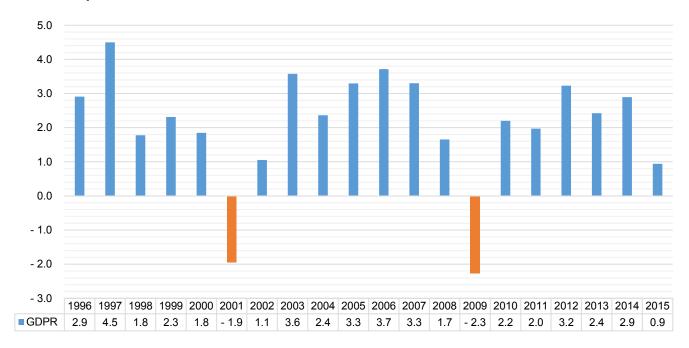
Provincial Economic Outlook

In a paper published in 2006, Rudiger Ahrend, defined resource based economies, as those economies where natural resources account for more than ten per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) and often forty percent of exports. Notwithstanding that this definition may be said to be somewhat arbitrary, it is well befitting for the Northern Cape economy. The Northern Cape economy is well endowed with minerals and world class iron and manganese deposits in the eastern part of the province. A considerable diamond production occurs across the entire province and also production of base metals in the form of copper, lead and zinc. Over and above the mineral endowments, the province has substantial agricultural products. Not surprisingly, as the result of these natural resources' endowment, primary sector (mining and agriculture) has been the mainstay of the Northern Cape economy.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Provincial Economic Growth

Northern Cape Provincial GDP



Source: (Statistics South Africa(StatsSA))

The Northern Cape economy has continued to record positive growth rates at 2% since the 2009 global recession. The provincial economy was however not insulated from both the global developments, more so the commodity prices impasse combined with the structural constraints that have persistently and recently plagued our national economy. This speaks specifically to the drought within in the provincial economic context.

Both the exogenous and endogenous factors have equally proven genuine, the risk of over reliance of provincial economy on the primary sector. The latest regional estimates published by Statistics South Africa, indicate that the provincial economy grew by 0.9% in 2015. This spells a steep decline from the 2014 provincial growth of 2.8%. The recorded growth rate is largely due to the decline in the provincial primary sector, with mining industry that has shrunk when compared to 2014. The mining sector recorded a negative 0.2% growth in 2015.

Both the secondary and tertiary sectors propelled the provincial economic growth in 2015 with growth rates of 0.7% and 1.7% respectively. The utilities industry also recorded a negative growth of 0.2% in 2015, whilst construction recorded the highest growth of 2.5% in the secondary sector in 2015. Finance and government services recorded provincial growth rates of 3.7% and 1.6% respectively.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Table 1: Provincial economy- Growth and Sectoral Composition

	Industry value added and GDP - Constant 2010 prices				OP -	In	Industry value added and GDP - Contribution					Percentage change/growth			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Primary Sector	18 921	19 774	20 734	22 012	22 004	30.9%	31.3%	32.0%	33.0%	32.7%	-2.1	4.5	4.9	6.2	0.0
Agriculture	3 796	3 943	4 167	4 342	4 373	6.2%	6.2%	6.4%	6.5%	6.5%	-11.6	3.9	5.7	4.2	0.7
Mining	15 125	15 831	16 567	17 670	17 631	24.7%	25.0%	25.6%	26.5%	26.2%	0.7	4.7	4.6	6.7	-0.2
Secondary Sector	5 188	5 224	5 309	5 359	5 395	8.5%	8.3%	8.2%	8.0%	8.0%	1.0	0.7	1.6	0.9	0.7
Manufacturing	1 933	1 943	1 989	1 998	2 001	3.2%	3.1%	3.1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.0	0.5	2.3	0.5	0.0
Utilities	1 829	1 826	1 823	1 814	1 809	3.0%	2.9%	2.8%	2.7%	2.7%	1.5	-0.2	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2
Construction	1 426	1 456	1 498	1 547	1 585	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.4%	0.2	2.1	2.9	3.2	2.5
Tertiary Sector	31 294	32 228	32 591	33 100	33 669	51.1%	51.0%	50.3%	49.7%	50.0%	4.2	3.0	1.1	1.6	1.7
Trade	6 972	7 146	7 175	7 217	7 246	11.4%	11.3%	11.1%	10.8%	10.8%	4.3	2.5	0.4	0.6	0.4
Transport	5 527	5 646	5 739	5 864	5 929	9.0%	8.9%	8.9%	8.8%	8.8%	2.9	2.2	1.6	2.2	1.1
Finance	7 506	7 722	7 835	7 895	8 190	12.2%	12.2%	12.1%	11.8%	12.2%	3.7	2.9	1.5	0.8	3.7
Personal services	2 700	2 753	2 811	2 849	2 895	4.4%	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	3.1	2.0	2.1	1.4	1.6
General Government services	8 589	8 960	9 031	9 274	9 409	14.0%	14.2%	13.9%	13.9%	14.0%	5.6	4.3	0.8	2.7	1.5
Total value added at basic prices	55 404	57 227	58 635	60 470	61 067	90.4%	90.5%	90.5%	90.7%	90.8%	1.7	3.3	2.5	3.1	1.0
Taxes less subsidies on products	5 869	6 026	6 153	6 192	6 224	9.6%	9.5%	9.5%	9.3%	9.2%	5.1	2.7	2.1	0.6	0.5
GDP at market prices	61 274	63 253	64 787	66 662	67 291	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	2.0	3.2	2.4	2.9	0.9

Source: (Statistics South Africa(StatsSA))

The Northern Cape Province is characterised by a concentration of economic activity in the urban area and is currently dominated by Tertiary (50%) and Primary (32.7%) sectors, which together constitute over 80% of the provincial economy. Accordingly, the secondary sector remains relatively small (8%) in the province. Between 2008 and 2015, mining has remained the biggest economic sector in the Northern Cape, comprising 26.4% of provincial sectoral composition. Mining is followed by the general government services which comprises 14% of the provincial economy.

Unemployment

Economists often refer to a phenomenon called jobless growth. Jobless growth is defined as an economic phenomenon in which a macro economy experiences growth while maintaining or decreasing its level of employment. Economic performance levels at both national and provincial economic spheres, have unfortunately not been sufficient to make meaningful dent on unemployment. If the economic projections are anything to go by, it can be expected that national and economic performance will still remain rather jobless.

South African Labour Dynamics

According to (Statistics South Africa (StatsSA) February, 2017), the country's working-age population grew by 155 000 or 0.4 percent, and the labour force grew by 143 000 persons in the fourth quarter of 2016. The number of unemployed persons declined by 92 000, while the number of employed persons increased by 235 000, resulting in a 0.6 % point decline in the national unemployment rate to 26.5%, an increase in the absorption rate (0,4 of a percentage point) and an increase in the labour force participation rate (0,1 of a percentage point). The not economically active population increased by 12 000, of which 1 000 were discouraged work-seekers.

Employment rose in all sectors. The formal sector employment increased by 127 000 while informal sector employment increased by 53 000. Employment in Agriculture rose by 38 000 and Private household Agriculture employment by 17 000 in Q4:2016.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Northern Cape Labour Dynamics

Table 2: Northern Cape Labour Characteristics

Northern Cape	2015q1	2015q2	2015q3	2015q4	2016q1	2016q2	2016q3	2016q4	q-on-q	y-on-y
Population 15-64 yrs.	764	766	768	771	773	775	778	780	0.3%	1.2%
Labour Force	466	441	464	420	433	417	437	438	0.3%	4.4%
Employed	307	297	302	312	313	303	308	298	-3.3%	-4.4%
Unemployed	159	144	161	108	121	114	129	140	8.8%	29.7%
Not economically active	297	325	305	351	340	359	341	342	0.4%	-2.6%
Discouraged work-seekers	40	40	45	59	53	67	55	56	2.6%	-4.6%
Other	257	285	260	292	287	291	286	286	-0.1%	-2.1%
Rates										
Unemployment rate	34.1	32.7	35	25.8	27.8	27.4	29.6	32.0	8.1%	24.0%
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40.3	38.7	39	40.4	40.5	39.0	39.6	38.2	-3.5%	-5.4%
Labour force participation rate	61.1	57.5	60	54.5	56.1	53.7	56.2	56.2	0.0%	3.1%

Source: (Statistics South Africa(StatsSA))

According to the Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) (Statistics South Africa (StatsSA) February, 2017), unemployment in the province in the fourth quarter was measured at 32.0%, an increase of 4.2% points from the first quarter of 2016. This is the end result of the following labour market shifts:

- Increase of 2 000 in the working age population;
- Increase of 1 000 in the labour force,
- Decrease of 10 000 in employed as well as;
- Increase of 11 000 in the unemployed and an
- Increase of 1 000 in discouraged workers.

Year-on Year, the number of people employed in the province decreased by 14 000 and the number of unemployed increased by 32 000, with the unemployment rate increasing by 6.2 percentage points.

Table3: Northern Cape Sectoral Employment Statistics

	2015q3	2015q4	2016q1	2016q2	2016q3	2016q4	Percentage Change		Differentials	
							q-on-q	y-on-y	q-on-q	y-on-y
Agriculture	34	43	40	42	56	53	-5.3%	20.9%	-2964	9 101
Mining	22	22	21	19	14	24	76.2%	8.0%	10376	1 778
Manufacturing	10	13	13	11	15	15	-1.7%	12.4%	-257	1 631
Utilities	3	3	2	1	1	1	5.1%	-70.8%	46	-2 299
Construction	36	33	28	34	31	22	-26.3%	-31.4%	-8032	-10 311
Trade	53	46	49	46	46	44	-3.3%	-2.7%	-1518	-1 250
Transport	10	10	14	13	15	15	3.0%	52.1%	440	5 121
Finance	17	19	28	19	18	16	-6.3%	-15.8%	-1096	-3 078
Community	92	96	89	84	89	85	-4.5%	-11.5%	-3961	-10 993
Services										
Private Households	25	26	30	34	26	23	-12.1%	-13.3%	-3105	-3 475
NC Employment	302	312	313	303	308	298	-3.3%	-4.4%	-10 072	-13 774

Source: (Statistics South Africa)

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Almost 3 000(i.e. 2 964) jobs were lost in agriculture, 8 032 in construction, 2 000 in trade, 1 000 in finance, 4 000 in community and social services and 3 000 in private households. The largest number of the jobs was lost in the construction and community and social services industries. On the other hand mining recorded an increase of 10 000 in employment on a quarterly basis.

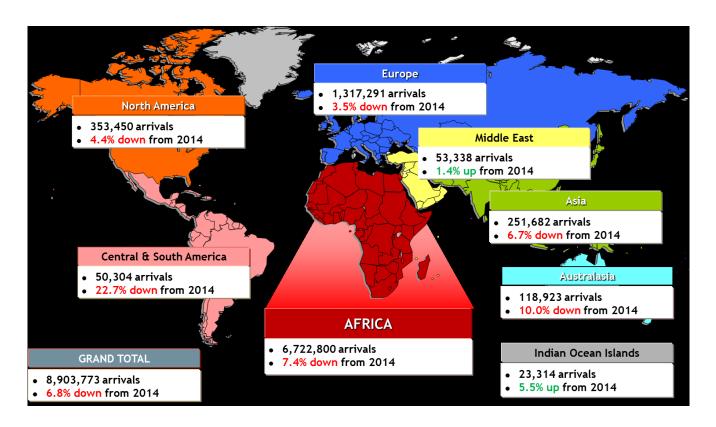
The community and social services industry followed by agriculture and trade are the major employers in the Northern Cape, accounting for 29, 18 and 15 per cent respectively of the total employment in the fourth quarter of 2016. Utilities, finance, transport and manufacturing employ the smallest share of employed people in the province (Statistics South Africa).

Global Tourism 2015

Across the globe, international tourist arrivals grew by 4.4% in 2015 to reach a record 1,184 billion arrivals, according to the UNWTO World Tourism Barometer. Despite global economic challenges, international tourism results have grown over 4.0% for the past 6 years since the financial crisis in 2008/09, with an additional 50 million international tourists travelling the world in 2015. Demand for international tourism was strongest for destinations in Europe (+4.9%), Americas (+4.9%), Asia Pacific (+5.0%) and the Middle East (+3.1%).

Revenue from global tourism also grew, slightly behind arrivals, with a 3.6% increase in 2015 and reached US\$ 1.4 trillion. The share of tourism in overall exports of goods and services increased to 7% in 2015 from 6% in 2014. Tourism gained share over global merchandise trade, which grew 2.8%.

Tourism revenue to Africa grew despite the decreasing arrivals in 2015.



NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Tourism 2011 - 2013

The tourism industry continues to play an important role in the South African economy. The latest Tourism Satellite Account for South Africa report provides an overview of tourism's contribution in terms of spending, employment and its impact on the gross domestic product (GDP).

Tourism direct gross domestic product was R83 991 million (or 2,8% of total gross domestic product) for 2011, R93 465 million (or 2,9% of total gross domestic product) in 2012, and R103 557 million (or 2,9% of total gross domestic product) for 2013.

The year 2013 saw 14 317 908 non-resident visitors to South Africa compared with 13 069 034 non-resident visitors for 2012 and 12 097 490 non-resident visitors for 2011.

Rising visitor numbers and increased spending is bound to influence employment within the industry. There were 623 299 persons (or 4,4% of total employment) directly engaged in producing goods and services purchased by visitors in 2011, 645 755 (or 4,5% of total employment) in 2012 and 655 609 (or 4,4% of total employment) in 2013.

Source: TSA 2013

International Tourism to South Africa

South Africa's performance was constrained in 2015, with arrivals declining for the first time since 2009 to reach 8,9 million tourist arrivals from 9.5 million in 2014, a decrease of -6.8%. South Africa's revenue from international grew by +6.2% in 2015 in nominal terms.

Tourist arrivals declined by -6.8% in 2015 to reach 8,9 million. This is the first year since 2009 that a decline was recorded in South Africa. South Africa also bucked the global trend of growth from all regions. The declines in 2015 arrivals were mostly driven by a significant year-on-year decline of -7.5% from the Africa-land markets, which account for approximately 75% of all tourist arrivals to South Africa. The decreases from Africa-air markets of -3.1% and from long-haul markets of -4.9%, also contributed to the overall decline. *Source: SAT*

Northern Cape Domestic Tourism Performance 2015

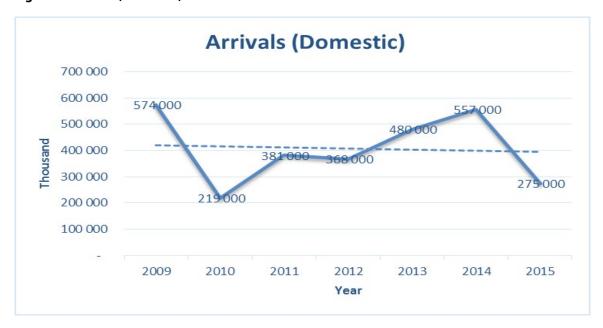
The South African consumer was under pressure in 2015 with disposable income trailing inflation. Consumer confidence hit a 14-year low in the Second Quarter of 2015. The economically active citizens were heavily indebted and had to cut back as interest rates are on an upward cycle.

Looking ahead the economy is expected to grow by less than 2% in 2016 from 2015 and there are two main pressures which will affect South Africans going forward. Firstly, the Rand is expected to remain weakened against major currencies. This puts pressure on local food imports and petrol prices while interest rates are expected to continue on an upward spiral. Secondly, the protracted drought is a further driver of behind food inflation. Due to these pressures we can expect South Africans to take fewer domestic trips. Indicators appear to indicate that the South African economy is only expected to recover in 2017.

Domestic tourist arrivals in the Province saw a decrease of 30.5%. The amount of days spent in the province being 5.2 days which is an increase of 1.5 days. Domestic spend went down by 35% in 2015 from 476 Million to 331 Million. Visiting Friends and Family (VFR) and Holidays remain the most popular reason for domestic tourists travelling to the province. The following figures graphically illustrate the downturn in tourist arrivals to the province.

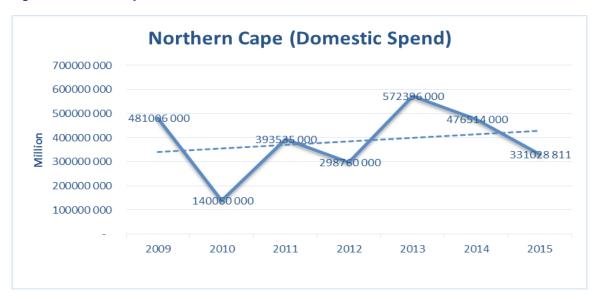
PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Figure 1: Arrivals (Domestic)



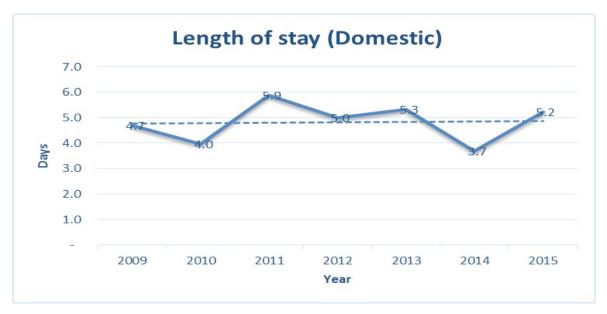
Source: SAT. Domestic Trips decreased by 30.5%

Figure 2: Domestic Spend



Source: SAT **A drop of 35% in spend was experienced in 2015 compared to the previous year.

Figure 3: Length of Stay (Domestic)



Source: SAT

Figure 4: Paid Bed Nights (Domestic)



Source: SAT **Bed nights increased by 63%

PURPOSE OF VISIT (DOMESTIC) 450 000 400 000 350 000 300 000 250 000 200 000 150 000 100 000 50 000 Holiday **VFR Business** Medical Religious 2 013 - 2014

Figure 5: Purpose of Visit (Domestic)

Source: SAT

Northern Cape International Tourism Performance

The Northern Cape received a 1.2% share of international arrivals into South Africa. International tourist arrival decreased by 36% from 166 657 in 2014 to 105 045 in 2015.

Africa land markets decreased by 0.7% with Namibia (19.7.7%) being the major source markets for Africa Land. Africa air market experienced a 0.1% increase from 0.4% in 2014 to 0.5% in 2015.

Arrivals from The Americas saw a slight increase of 0.2% from 1.4% in 2014 to 1.6% in 2015. Arrivals from Europe declined slightly by 0.1% from 1.8% in 2014 to 1.7% in 2015. The major contributors were Spain 8.7%, Switzerland 2.9% and Netherlands 2.6%.

Total spend decreased by 12% from 681 million in 2014 to 594 million in 2015.

Arrivals (International) 180 000 160 000 140 000 120 000 105 045 100 000 96329 80 000 60 000 40 000 20 000 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Year

Figure 6: Arrivals (International)

Source: SAT

Figure 7: Total Spend



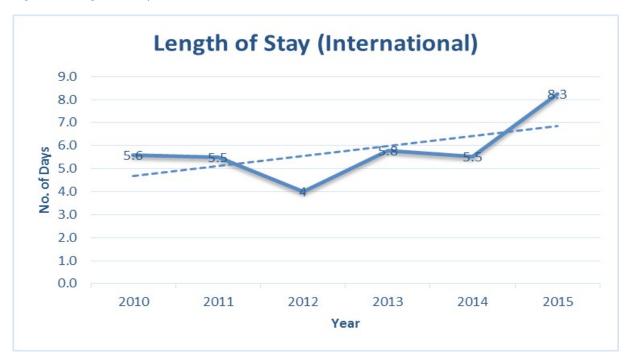
Source: SAT

Figure 8: Paid Bed Nights (International)



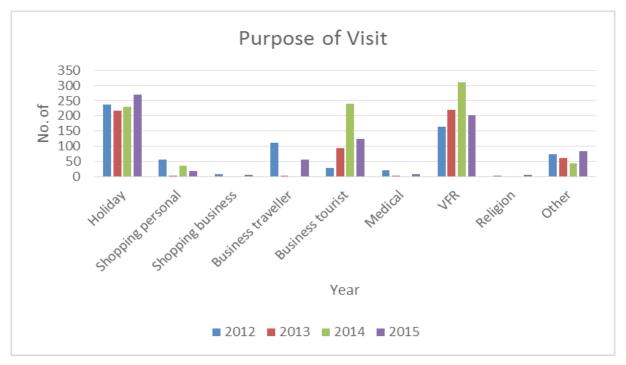
Source: SAT

Figure 9: Length of Stay (International)



Source SAT

Figure 10: Purpose of Visit



Source SAT

Seasonality (International)

30 000
25 000
20 000
15 000
5 000

International

10 000
5 000

10 000
5 000

2015

2014

2013

2012

2011

Figure 11: Seasonality (International)

Source SAT

2.2.1.2. Small Business Development (Integrated Economic Development Services)

During the financial year under review, a total of two hundred and sixty-nine (269) SMME's were assisted through the provision of both financial and non-financial support services, in which one hundred and sixty-five (165) existing SMME's were supported and one hundred and four (104) new SMME's were developed. The interest displayed was mainly in manufacturing and services sectors.

A total of fifty-nine (59) existing co-operatives were assisted with services ranging from referrals, CIS applications, Information Dissemination and Training, and EGDF grant funding. A total of fifty-seven (57) new co-operatives assisted with Coaching and Mentoring on and CIS application and referral letters to SEDA for business plan development, registration processes, dissemination of information, and EGDF grant funding.

Five Black Industrialists were supported both financially and non-financially in terms of assistance provided in the submission of business plans to the Department of Trade and Industry (Dti). Three companies received financial support from the Economic Growth and Development Fund (EGDF). Forty informal traders were trained in sales and marketing as part of the Informal Sector Upliftment Development Framework initiative. In addition they received flash devices to improve their product offering. The Shared Economic Infrastructure Facilities (SEIF) was also established in support of the economic infrastructure for informal traders.

Three (3) sector specific incubator business plans (Renewable Energy, Agriculture & Renewable Virtual Incubator) completed and submitted to SBD for the Enterprise Incubator Programme (EIP). The Service provider for Mining incubator was also appointed.

In support of the Preferential Procurement Initiative (PPI) Thirty-two (32) SMME'S were linked to the B-BBEE ICT sector Council & SITA for procurement opportunities in both private and public sector.

The Economic Growth and Development Fund (EGDF) dispersed twelve million rand to 32 SMME's and Cooperatives across the province.

In terms of Regional Enterprise Development Support (REDS) the year posed significant challenges due to human capital and budgetary constraints experienced. The Department was able to attend to its mandates although it literally only had 50% of its organogramme capacity present for most of the year due to vacancies, extended leave and outstanding Industrial Relations matters since November 2016.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Eight municipalities were assisted with final LED components for their IDP's. In addition, a detailed Red Tape analysis and reduction proposal was tabled with each of these municipalities for implementation. The 5 district capitals were assisted by developing a comparative investment profiles for each of them. Ga-Segonyana was assisted to draft a new LED Strategy. Eight (8) projects were assisted with a basket of services that ranged from stakeholder coordination to municipal engagement support.

In partnership with SALGA, REDS rolled out Local Economic Development (LED) training to 33 municipal councillors from 16 different municipalities. Four (4) municipalities were capacitated on Social and Labour related matters.

The Provincial LED Forum was successfully held every quarter with huge success and ever increasing numbers of private stakeholders attending.

One-hundred-percent of the DORA funds allocated for EPWP was transferred to the implementing partners. The Department reported 239 Work Opportunities (WO).

The Department identified six (6) different economic opportunities for the targeted groups, in the mining sector on the Kimberley diamond dumps, asbestos dump rehabilitation, and Iron ore transport. Other sectors in which economic opportunities were identified are the Tourism, Renewable Energy and Services sectors.

The Department participated in the Provincial Youth Summit held in Upington by conducting information sessions to unemployed youth and later at the Northern Cape Technical Vocational Education and Training College (TVET) in Namakwa. The purpose of the session was to share information with youth on how to establish a business, what the requirements are, the role of stakeholders for example the funding institutions and the policies regulating youth development.

Sixty (60) unemployed youth were trained in NQF level 3 SAQA accredited freight handling and freight forwarding course for a period of twelve (12) months. The Department, in collaboration with the service provider Edidor, identified fifty (50) unemployed youth in Barkly West and Kimberley to be trained New Venture Creation NQF level 4.

The Department also conducted an ICT training for 30 Youth in business on the Enterprise Resource Planning tool. In addition to this, a ten week (10week) Entrepreneurial training course was conducted through the Cape Peninsula Technicon. A Basic Business Analysis and a seminar for 150 women was conducted with the NGO "Women Empowerment Movement International" (WEMI) in Pniel.

2.2.1.3. Trade and Sector Development

Trade and Investment Promotion is mandated to market and promote the province as a suitable trade and investment location.

During the financial year 2016/2017 the Department assisted and facilitated the participation of 15 emerging SMME's to three exhibitions locally, nationally and internationally to expose them at such platforms, market their products and more importantly to look for export opportunities. These were:

- The Northern Cape Food and Wine Show in Upington (2)
- South African International Trade Exhibition in Midrand, Johannesburg (8)
- Mineral and Gem fair in Chenzhou, China Hunan Province (5)

Through these exhibitions, two markets, Namibia and China, were opened for exporters. Furthermore, the Department also facilitated and organised a three-day Export Training Seminar in conjunction with the dti and SEDA for 33 SMME's/emerging exporters on:

- Export Development
- · International Trade
- Introduction to Export

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

In terms of Investment, the Department undertook a successful Trade and Investment Outbound Mission to the People's Republic of China, Hunan Province, to participate in the Hunan International Investment Conference. The province signed an Action/Implementation Plan as per the agreed outcomes of the MOU signed with Hunan province during the financial year 2015/16. Promising interactions with possible investors such as TIDFORE were held on the development of the Boegoe Bay Harbour.

The Department drafted, designed and printed Northern Cape Trade and Investment marketing material, e.g. Northern Cape Economic profile on Trade and Investment opportunities and distributed these marketing materials to various Missions/Embassies abroad. The Department also entered into a contract with Global Africa for the publication of the NC Business booklet that highlights investment opportunities that are accessible through the electronic platform, "Matchdesk".

Best practice Tours were undertaken by Northern Cape Clothing Cluster Firms to the Western Cape Clothing Cluster during March 2017 where well-established firms such as K-WAY; Genuine Connection and Linen Drawer were visited to exchange business ideas on production improvement. To boost the financial stability of the Cluster, an application process to access the Cluster Development Programme Incentive from Dti has been initiated. A Machinist Skills Programme has been implemented for Jaffe and Co. where 6 employees were trained to be equipped with special skills on a variety of machines that are employed in the Clothing Industry.

There have been further developments with respect to the Metals Cluster with at least four firms indicating their intention to locate in the Cluster and have subsequently delivered their business proposals that are specific to the Metals Cluster.

These businesses have, with the support of the Department, further established themselves into a Non Profit Cluster Management Company that will be responsible for the implementation of a 3-year Cluster Business Plan. The implementation of this Business Plan will commence in April 2017 and into the MTEF period ending in 2020. The EIA Report on the 50 hectares of land in Kuruman has also been completed and submitted and received by the NC Department of Environment and Nature Conservation on 6 December 2016.

The Department has also conducted firm-level research with local manufacturing firms and produced reports that identify specific interventions to support the growth of the manufacturing sector. An Economic Impact Assessment Report has been completed. A Socio-Economic Development survey was completed on three Independent Power Producers. The Department also conducted a socio-economic impact survey on Independent Power Producers in order to assess the impact that these IPPs have on the Northern Cape Communities through their Economic Development Obligations.

Strategic initiatives with respect to skills development, clustering and capacity building of firms have featured prominently the year under review. Four students completed an internship programme on a Computer Aided Design course and currently eight students are under-going a Computer Aided Design (CAD) Skills Programme at the Moremogolo FET College in Kimberley. The programme is scheduled to end in the first quarter of the 2017/2018 financial year. This is another intervention to address the skills shortage within the manufacturing sector.

2.2.1.4. Governance and Business Regulations

The main aim of the Governance sub-programme is to promote and oversee good governance of the public entities, namely the Northern Cape Gambling Board and the Northern Cape Liquor Board and to ensure compliance to their respective legislation and the PFMA. On a quarterly basis, the performance and financial reports of these entities are analysed and processed. These public entities are a creation of statutes and function in accordance thereto and are held accountable by the Department through monitoring and evaluation of their strategic performance plans.

For the financial year 16/17 all performance objectives were achieved. The Public Entities' Strategic Planning documents were submitted as per legislative requirements namely one (1) Gambling Board Strategic Plan and one (1) APP received and analysed, and one (1) Liquor Board Strategic Plan and one (1) APP received and

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

analysed. The Public Entities' Quarterly Reports were analysed namely four (4) Gambling Boards Quarterly reports were received and analysed four (4) Liquor Boards Quarterly reports were received and analysed.

The Public Entities' compliance checklist reports were verified to ensure compliance to PFMA namely four (4) Gambling Boards compliance checklist reports were received and verified and four (4) Liquor Boards compliance checklist reports were received and analysed. All compliance checklist reports are verified at respective offices of the Entity quarterly.

The Public Entities revenue-and-expenditure reports were analysed within prescribed timeframes and four (4) Gambling Board revenue - and - expenditure reports and four (4) Liquor Board revenue and expenditure reports were analysed. This revenue - and - expenditure report is a new performance indicator which was introduced for in the financial year 16/17 to support the quarterly transfer payments to the public entities. There were no in-year changes to the budget or targets.

In the period under review the Office of the Consumer Protector drafted and implemented an approved annual programme to improve education and awareness and all planed awareness programmes were conducted in different regions to educate and to create awareness amongst consumers.

All complaints received from consumers were investigated. However the high number of cases received compared to the shortage of investigation officers has a consequence of delaying the speedy resolution of cases.

Inspections were conducted as planned. Seventeen (17) additional inspections were conducted in addition to the planned number. No additional resources (financial or human) were utilised in the overachievement, as the inspections were conducted in conjunction with the education and awareness campaigns conducted by the inspectorate. The aim of these inspections is to ensure that businesses always comply with the Consumer Protection Act and respect consumer rights. The evidence indicates that at least 50% of the businesses still do not comply with the Act. If compliance is to be improved then the establishment of regional offices are paramount. Regional offices will mean that more inspections can be conducted in the province. The current arrangement only allows inspections to be conducted once a year in a specific district. This negatively affects the impact of awareness and hampers the speedy resolution of cases and compliance because no return visits are able to be conducted to ensure that resolutions are implemented.

The absence of complainants and non-cooperation of respondents has meant that the target set for resolved cases has not been achieved. In addition the complexity of cases makes it difficult to resolve cases. The absence of district offices also delays the resolution of cases as the officials are not able to travel to a specific district more than once per year to investigate matters.

None-the-less there was a measured impact for the cases that could be resolved. This impact is tangible as consumers are financially compensated as a result of the intervention of the Consumer Protection Authority that conducts a complaints resolution processes. The total amount saved for consumers for the current financial year is R1 961 612.41 (One Million Nine Hundred and Sixty One Thousand Six Hundred and Twelve Rand and Forty One Cents).

The target for adjudicated cases has not been met. Ten of the cases referred for adjudication in 3rd and 4th quarters have not been served yet by the Sheriff of the court. The Consumer Court is still awaiting a return of service in this regard. The process takes approximately 30 days before adjudication takes place. External factors, such as attorneys requesting postponements and witness' non-attendance result to postponements and matters thus not adjudicated.

The Northern Cape Consumer Court has been established by section 18 of the Northern Cape Consumer Protection Act, 2012 and is primarily responsible for adjudication of all unresolved investigated consumer complaints which have been referred to it. All the Consumer Court members have been appointed. This performance indicator is reported annually, and will be reported at the end of the financial year.

The impact of prosecutions by the Consumer Protection Authority in the Consumer Court has assisted consumers tremendously in obtaining redress for violations by suppliers of the Consumer Protection Act. Consumers have saved the amount of R659 913.21 (Six Hundred and Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirteen Rand and Twenty One Cents) through adjudication proceedings conducted for the current financial year in the Consumer Court.

2.2.1.5. Economic Planning

The Department conducted an analysis of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to determine how the Northern Cape Province will be contributing to their achievement. The SDGs are built on the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) which were time-bound and quantified targets for addressing extreme poverty in its many dimensions: income poverty, hunger, disease, lack of adequate shelter, and exclusion-while promoting gender equality, education, and environmental sustainability. The provincial indicators were forwarded to StatsSA.

An analysis of the Industrial Policy Action Plan (IPAP) was conducted. The IPAP 2016/17 – 2018/19 is the 8th iteration of government's annual Industrial Policy Action Plan which sets out sector specific plans and provides key interventions towards industrial development in South Africa.

Progress report on the implementation of the Nine point Plan was compiled and presented at the Exco Lekgotla, the Provincial and Local Government workshop and at the Premier's Inter-Governmental Forum.

The Department coordinated five District Economic Policy Symposiums across all five Districts namely: Pixley Ka Seme, Frances Baard, John Taolo Gaetsewe, ZF Mgcawu and Namakwa. The purpose of the Symposium was to facilitate integrated planning and alignment of policies, plans and priorities at provincial and local level. It is also utilised to gather inputs towards the implementation of the Nine Point Plan and the development of the Provincial Blue Print for Trade and Investment.

A total of nine research papers were successfully compiled, namely, 2 research reports, 2 research initiatives and 5 economic intelligence reports. The research outputs were based on the themes identified in the research agenda specifically the Small Medium and Micro Enterprise (SMME) Sector and Procurement Opportunities in support of Localization. The report titled SMME Failure in the NC: An in-depth analysis probed a total of 128 SMME's for reasons why businesses fail in the province. The report titled Understanding the informal economy surveyed a total of 170 street traders across the five districts in the province. The objective was to establish challenges faced by informal participants in the Province. The economic intelligence reports investigated the opportunities in SIPs 3 and 5, shale gas fracking as well as nuclear energy, the rationale being to ensure that SMME's in the province are best placed to participate in the value chains of these massive projects through supplying some components or parts for an example.

The Department continued to implement The Northern Cape Information Society Strategy (NCISS). An outreach programme was pursued to implement the NCISS. This approach led to the Department implementing an in-house developed USSD application for SMME's, while extending e-skills development into the Province, through partnerships that included the: Department of Public Service and Administration, Open Government Program; Google; Diamond Vision Creative Hub; Geekulcha; Digify Africa and Microsoft.

2.2.1.6. Tourism

The Department unit was able to produce the Provincial Tourism Indicator Report. The report depicts the performance of tourism from the year 2009 to year 2015. The Regional Tourism Tracking Survey Report was concluded with the aim of creating a model for capturing tourism performance at a regional level.

In line with the call to exploit the opportunities provided by the coast and marine environment, a Coastal and Marine Strategy has been developed. In an effort to coordinate and streamline tourism development activities across the province, the Provincial Tourism Forum was also launched.

As part of the strategy to capacitate local municipality tourism practitioners, a training workshop was conducted by the University of Pretoria on tourism development. In line with the provincial Events Management Strategy a training workshop was conducted for youth in events management.

Three tourism awareness campaigns were conducted in the province, in an effort to highlight the importance of tourism in our communities. A delegation of grade 11 learners attended the National Tourism Careers Expo. In recognising excellence within the sector the Lilizela Awards Ceremony was held.

The Department managed to implement the campaign against illegal tourist guiding and realised a positive response in terms of registration and compliance. A successful Tourist Guide's Day celebration was organised and provided an excellent tourist guiding experience to both learners and educators involved with Tourism as a school subject. Five tourist guides were provided with software packages to enhance their product and service delivery.

The jobs created through SMME grants are calculated at 57, seventeen permanent jobs and forty temporary jobs. An additional thirty-one tourism enterprises were supported non-financially which meant that the Department was able to provide financial support to Seventy-one tourism enterprises. Eight enterprises were granted Tourism Development Grants.

In terms of the Kimberley Diamond Cup the Department was able to host eight Skating for Hope (SFH) and two Grand Slam events. Due to a contractual dispute the main event could not take place as planned. The matter has been placed under a legal review process. The Department was able to support eight tourism experiences. However The Road sign surveys for Kalahari Red Dune, Heritage and N12 Routes could not be pursued as funds were reprioritised for the maintenance of the Skate Park. The three tourism infrastructure projects supported which included the three route-based visitor information office at Askham, Kakamas VIC and Port Nolloth Museum. Due to the low water levels in the Kamfer's Dam the bird viewing project could not be achieved.

2.2.2. Service Delivery Improvement Plan

Main services	Beneficiaries	Current/ Actual Standard of Service	Desired standard or service	Actual achievement
Provision of support and development services to SMME in order for them to create permanent employment opportunities.	SMME's	 112 Existing SMME's supported by 31 March 2016 through: Business Plan appraisals Facilitation of access to finance from various sources. Facilitation of access to markets 	 20 Existing SMME's supported by 31 March 2017 through: Business Plan appraisals Facilitation of access to finance from various sources. Facilitation of access to markets 	One hundred and Fifty Six (156) existing SMME's were supported.
		85 New SMME's developed.	20 New SMME's developed.	Seventy eight (78) new SMME's were developed.
		Draft incubation Strategy developed for SMME's	Review of the incubation Strategy	 Incubating Strategy completed. 3 Sector specific incubator business plans (Renewable Energy, Agriculture & Renewable virtual incubator) completed and submitted to SBD for the Enterprise Incubator Programme (EIP). Service Provider for Mining Incubator appointed.

Consultation arrangements with customers

Type of arrangement	Current Arrangement	Desired Arrangement	Actual achievements
Improving on the time and consistency of interactions between the department and stakeholders with specific focus on feedback on funding applications.	 Follow- ups done telephonically due to stakeholder confidentiality policies & practices. Stakeholders communicate directly with clients. Officials obtain updates from clients. 	Follow- up on funding applications to be done within 30 days of submission to funding institutions.	 Follow- ups done telephonically due to stakeholder confidentiality policies & practices. Stakeholders communicate directly with clients. Officials obtain updates from clients.
Maintaining partnerships/ consultation platforms	Consultation with stakeholders is done through the following platforms: • Quarterly LED Forum • Economic Development Coordinating forum -quarterly • Interdepartmental Forum on Youth Development - quarterly • NC Youth Chamber of Commerce and Industry • (NCYCCI)- Quarterly.	Continue to strengthen consultation processes within already existing and new platforms; • Quarterly LED Forum • Economic Development Coordinating Forum – quarterly • Interdepartmental Forum on Youth Development - quarterly • NC Youth Chamber of Commerce and Industry • (NCYCCI)- Quarterly	 Participation in quarterly LED Forums MINMEC participation Participation in the Provincial Youth Summit & Career Expo.

Service Delivery Access

Access Strategy	Current Arrangement	Desired Arrangement	Current Achievement
Training of SMME Development and LED personnel within the regions as funding agents to assist with funding applications.	Collaborate with the dti to train LED personnel, within the regions, as funding agents.	Collaborate with the dti to train LED personnel, within the regions, as funding agents.	 The status is still the same. Not aware of new people taken up to be trained as Network Facilitators.
Improving access to the department services within the regions.	Implement the Cadet Programme in collaboration with SEDA. In addition to already existing means of service access, 15 individuals will be placed within municipalities to improve on access to services.	_	 Nine (9) of fifteen (15) cadets were appointed and trained. A severe challenge was/is to obtain sufficiently qualified candidates in the rural areas. The six (6) positions currently vacant have been advertised seen as suitable candidates could not be found during the first recruitment drive. A Companies and Intellectual Property (CIPC) self -service centre point was established at the Umzimkhulu building. Four (4) officials received training on the system and to date 24 companies have been registered; Two (2) company amendments have occurred and Seven (7) annual returns have been captured on the system.

Service information tool

Service Information Strategy	Current Arrangement	Desired Arrangement	Current Achievement
Timeously provide feedback to funding applicants (SMME's) on the status of their application.	Feedback to SMME's in writing with regard to the outcomes of funding applications within 24 hours of receipt from a funding institution.	Feedback to SMME's in writing with regard to the outcomes of funding applications within 24 hours of receipt from a funding institution.	The funding institutions provide feedback regarding funding applications directly to the respective clients due to confidentiality matters involved and the unit obtains reports from respective clients in this regard.
Afford the SMME's the opportunity to provide feedback and express their opinion on services rendered by the department.	Continue to administer customer satisfaction forms after training and workshops.		 The Monitoring and Evaluation unit conducts quarterly customer satisfaction interviews based on SBD performance reports where upon detailed feedback is received. Hosted a Provincial SMME and Procurement Indaba in November 2016 to interact with SMME's on their concerns & challenges.
Marketing of all government services available to SMME's in the most rural parts of the province.	An available booklet containing stakeholder information (services and products) to be reviewed.	Reviewed booklet Stakeholder information (services & products) to be printed and disseminated to all SMME's including those in rural areas annually.	 SMME financial and non-financial support matrices reviewed and disseminated. Developed the NC Provincial Newsletter for circulation. Economic Empowerment embarked on a road show of the Province to share information with youth.

Complaints mechanism

Complaints Strategy	Current Complaints Mechanism/Standard	Desired Complaints Mechanism/Standard	Actual achievements
Ensuring rapid response to and speedy resolution of	Complaints relating to support and development of SMME's will be resolved	Complaints relating to support and development of SMME's will be resolved	Complaints were responded to within the stipulated time frames.
complaints.	within 25 working days from the date of receipt.	within 25 working days from the date of receipt.	 No Presidential Hotline complaints.

2.2.3. ORGANISATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

2.2.3.1. Administration

The Economic Technical Cluster Secretariat chiefly provides technical support to the Economic Sector. Employment and Infrastructure Committee. The sub-programme is also responsible for coordinating the Economic Technical Advisory Committee (ETAC) which is a research and planning component, compiling economic infrastructure research reports, analysing the High Impact Projects within the Province and the establishment of an Economic Intelligence Resource Centre (War Room). The Economic Sector, Employment and Information Committee Secretariat plays a role in the verification of the information that must serve before the Economic Cluster.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

The Financial Management Unit delivers supportive functions within the Department relating to financial accounting, management accounting, supply chain, risk and strategic management. There are a few funded posts that are still vacant in Strategy Management and Management Accounting.

Supporting functions rendered within Corporate Services include HRA&D, Communications, ICT Management, Employee Health and Wellness, Registry, Security, Labour and Legal Services.

The four (4) staff information sessions succeeded in its objective of establishing a well- informed and ethically sound workforce. They covered Labour Relations issues such as the Disciplinary Code & Procedures; Precautionary Suspensions; Protected Disclosure, Ethics and Anti-Corruption. Once again no cases of corruption and fraud were reported for the reporting period. Emphasis was placed on "Temporary Incapacity Leave" and "Injury on Duty".

The Department achieved 100% compliance with the disclosure of financial interests by senior management. This is proof of the department's commitment of ethics and good governance.

The Department continues to value the well-being of its staff. In addition to employee wellness programmes, the 24-hour hotline and employee assistance programme has been launched and it is operational. The Employee Health & Wellness' and Diversity unit's MPAT scores have improved significantly, with achievement of excellence in at least one area of compliance.

All targets for Corporate Services were achieved. This evidences the commitment of Corporate Service to play an effective support role for the Department to advancing in its core functional areas.

2.2.3.2. Small Business Development (Integrated Economic Development Services)

This programme consists of thee sub-programmes i.e. SMME Development (formerly known as Enterprise Development); Regional Economic Development Services (REDS) which was formerly known as Regional and Local Economic Development (RaLED); and the sub-programme Economic Empowerment.

SMME Development consists of two units i.e. Enterprise Development and Corporate Development. The strategic intent of SMME Development is to create an enabling environment in which SMME's and Cooperatives can be developed and flourish through financial and non-financial support. The sub-programme also addresses the informal business sector to help them to 'migrate" towards sustainability and formalisation.

Regional Economic Development Services (REDS) supports the economic development, enterprise planning and implementation in the municipalities. It focuses on supporting municipal IDP's, LED Strategies, the reduction of Red tape and Township Development. REDS also provides EPWP project support as per conditional grant.

The focus of the Economic Empowerment unit is the provision of support to HDI's to enable them to participate in the mainstream economy. The sub-programme promotes and supports these HID's through business intelligence, skills development and enterprise development.

2.2.3.3. Trade and Sector Development

This programme is divided into three distinctive sub-programmes. They are:

- Trade and Investment Promotion which is mandated to market and promote the province as a suitable
 trade and investment location. Through the application of best practice methodology and focused
 targeting, this sub-programme will proactively seek to attract, facilitate and retain foreign investment
 and promote exports and market access into the Province.
- Sector Development which actively pursues catalytic interventions with snow-balling effect that could trigger development initiatives on related industries within and outside manufacturing sector. One major intervention of note is the introduction of manufacturing clusters (Mineral Beneficiation Cluster, Agro-Processing Cluster and Clothing & Textile Cluster) whose attempts are none other than encouraging

the development of industries in the Province. In conjunction with economic analysis research the Sub-programme conducted on Exports Industries, inter-sectoral trade linkages and the multiplier effects of manufacturing industries, the Sub-programme became better informed on what interventions can be introduced to boost manufacturing in the Province while responding to the national call for industrial development in the country as a strategy for economic growth and job creation.

• Strategic Initiatives: This sub-programme whose strategic objective is to Identify and implement strategic initiatives within key economic sectors.

2.2.3.4. Business Regulation and Governance

The main aim of the Programme is to promote and oversee good governance of the public entities, namely the Gambling Board, Liquor Board and the Consumer Protection Authority, including the Consumer Court. On a quarterly basis, the performance and financial reports of these entities are analysed and processed. These public entities are a creation of statutes and function in accordance thereto and are held accountable by the Department through monitoring and evaluation of their strategic performance plans.

The Programme is divided into:

- Governance is mandated to provide support to public entities in order to ensure both compliance and good governance.
- Regulation Services: although it is unstaffed and unfunded, it is included in the Annual Performance Plan
 because it is part of the generic structures for similar units in the whole country. While the department
 wants to restructure and change this, it can only be done after extensive national consultation in this
 regard.
- Consumer Protection is mandated to promote and protect the rights of consumers in the Northern Cape Province.

2.2.3.5. Policy Research and Innovation

The implementation of the Operation Phakisa: Oceans Economy which was launched in October 2014 has added to the responsibilities of coordinating planning and implementation across the different spheres of government and in the year under review. The specific focus areas of the Phakisa affecting the programme is Small Harbours and State-Owned Coastal Property Development, the latter work has been jointly coordinated with the Office of the Premier. The Oceans Economy review workshop elevated Small Harbours as a separate focus area in October 2015 and operational work has been ongoing since December 2016 and the Department has been involved in the Task Team since. The focus is on Namakwa District Municipality (NDM) as the only coastal region of the Northern Cape. Extensive consultation has unfolded and the aim is to host an investment conference on small harbours and state coastal property.

Four outcomes implementation forums were hosted over the course of the financial year which were joint Outcome 4 and 6 meetings with sectors departments and delivery partners respectively. Reports were tabled at the Technical and Political Economic Cluster meetings on progress relating to the outcomes. Furthermore the 2017/18 Programmes of Action (POAs) on the two outcomes were reviewed and mid-term reports were compiled as well and submitted to the Department of Policy, Monitoring and Evaluation (DPME).

There has been good progress on the coordination of Outcome 6 meetings with involvement by delivery partners, on the other hand, Outcome 4 meetings seem to be regressing both in terms of attendance and quality of reports. This is a course for concern and we need to engage the sector departments and delivery partners going forward. Furthermore, have successfully managed to collate information on reporting progress on the Northern Cape Nine Point Plan and importantly consulted with local government to align the Nine Point Plan priorities accordingly. The district economic symposiums that were conducted over the course of the financial year were an important platform for this. They also assisted in that programmes delivering on other important departmental functions like small business development amongst others were co-opted on attending these sessions to share important information with local governments.

Economic policy symposia with local government and other stakeholders were held in Pixley ka Seme and Frances Baard districts in the first quarter; in ZF Mgcawu and John Taolo Gaetsewe districts in the third quarter; and the last symposium was held in Namakwa district. These sessions are very important as they ensure

alignment of provincial and national plans with the local government sphere with a particular focus on the Provincial Nine Point Plan.

Research and Development managed to complete a number of research initiatives and reports on important topics. The first quarter initiative focused on the corporate social investment (CSI) commitments and spending of mines in the province. Furthermore an economic intelligence report on hydraulic fracturing (fracking) of shale gas in the Karoo region of the province was completed. The Quarter 2 research report focused on the failure rate of SMME's in the province, the team conducted field work and interviewed over 128 SMME's in all the fiver regions. In quarter 3 the unit focused on assisting the Tourism programme on assessing the state of tourism information centres. It captures the operating state of specific information centres in terms of infrastructure and resources and the economic intelligence report assessed the employment tax incentive. The report summarised the uptake of the incentive and how it has assisted to address the social problem of youth unemployment.

In Quarter 4 the Department conducted a survey of street traders in the Kimberley central business district (CBD), the purpose was to understand the informal economy in the province. It was hoped the study would assist with an understanding of the challenges faced by informal traders. The research agenda was also updated and a research day hosted to disseminate all the research findings.

The Department increased their focus on e-learning, training and development in the different regions. In Quarter 1 the Department successfully hosted three SKA Hackathons training sessions. In Quarter 2 vocational training was conducted in ZF Mgcawu for scholars and unemployed youth to expose them to the mobile applications development environment. During the third quarter the KE&I unit extended the network of relationships through Geekulcha's introduction of the Africa Code Week. Our progress with growing the app developer ecosystem received a major boost, which saw Kimberley as one of four cities participating in the Department of Public Service and Administration's (DPSA) Open Government Programme called the Responsive Cities Challenge. We had three local winners that won cash prizes.

In terms of the target on broadband connectivity to district municipalities we had limited success as the national government challenges on appointing project managers has delayed the implementation process. The Department of Telecommunications and Postal Services (DTPS) cancelled the national broadband rollout tender therefore the Department underachieved on the target.

DEDaT conducted monitoring of its service delivery initiatives, Outcome 4 and the monitoring performance and assessment tool (MPAT) respectively. The unit successfully delivered on all of these with improvements registered on MPAT for the department from version 1.5 to 1.6. The unit responsible for this deliverable is faced by a number of constraints relating to resources both financial and human resources.

2.2.3.6. Tourism

The objective of the Tourism Programme is to promote and facilitate efficient tourism research and planning; to stimulate demand through tourism industry development and promotion; and the transformation of the tourism industry for inclusive economic growth and job creation.

n order to align the Tourism Programme with the service delivery outcomes as set out in the National Tourism Sector Strategy, the programme will be reduced to two sub-programmes which will be called Tourism Growth and Tourism Development.

In the year under review, the Tourism programme consisted of two sub-programmes i.e.

- Tourism Growth, and
- · Tourism Development.

2.2.4. KEY POLICY DEVELOPMENTS AND LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

There were no key policy developments or legislative changes in the year under review.

2.3. STRATEGIC OUTCOME ORIENTED GOALS

2.3.1. EFFICIENT LEADERSHIP, STRATEGIC SUPPORT AND ECONOMIC ADVICE

The Economic Technical Committee Secretariat is responsible for compiling Economic Cluster reports biannually which are prepared for the purpose of the EXCO Lekgotla. This entails the collation, verification and quality control of information from the Economic Cluster Departments and relevant stakeholders. This information must be packaged in accordance with the requirements from the Lekgotla which included progress on the MTSF; the Nine Point Plan and progress on Lekgotla resolutions.

During the 2016/2017 financial year all proceedings of the Technical Economic Sector, Employment and Infrastructure Cluster (ESEITC) were produced. The following agenda items were served at the meetings:

- · The Drought report,
- The Tourism Master plan,
- The Outcome 4, 6 and 10 reports,
- The Provincial Programme of Action,
- · The Kimberley Diamond Cup,
- · The National Rail Policy,
- The Special Economic Zone (SEZ),
- · The Renewable Energy Summit,
- · The Economic Blueprint for the Provincial Economy,
- · The PGDP,
- · The establishment of a Provincial Hazardous Landfill Site,
- The Mining Indaba,
- · SPLUMA, and The Independent Power Producers,
- The Renewable Energy Conference,
- · The PGDP,
- · Bloodhound,
- Task team on violent incidents associated with local and foreign informal and small business,
- the SEZ and the second quarter outcome 4 and 6 and 10 reports,
- The intention of the Northern Cape Province to host the FISE (Festival International Sport Extreme) World Series from 2017-2019,
- The proposed Renewable Energy Summit progress report, the 3rd Quarter Outcome 4, 6 and 10 reports, and
- The Provincial Growth and Development Plan progress report, Integrated resource plan, and the Progress on the proposed Special Economic Zone

The following reports were produced:

- · High Impact Analysis Report,
- · Economic Technical Cluster Report,
- The Northern Cape Economic Infrastructure Report, and
- The Provincial Growth and Development Plan Diagnostic Report.

2.3.2. ACCELERATED GROWTH AND TRANSFORMATION OF THE ECONOMY TO CREATE DECENT WORK AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOOD

During the financial year 2016/17 a total of two hundred and sixty-nine (269) SMME's were assisted through the provision of both financial and non-financial support services, in which one hundred and sixty-five (165) existing SMME's were supported and one hundred and four (104) new SMME's were developed. The interest displayed was mainly in manufacturing and services sectors. The nature of the support and development was provided as follows:

One hundred and sixty-five (165) existing SMME's supported:

- Facilitated funding applications for seven (7) existing SMME's through the NEF and SEFA
- Five (5) existing SMME's referred to SEDA for assistance with the development of business plans
- Six (6) existing SMME's referred to SEDA for assistance with marketing materials
- Three (3) existing SMME's were provided with business advice on access to finance, access to markets and drafting bankable business plans
- Nine (9) existing SMME's were assisted with grant funding through EGDF
- One (1) existing SMME assisted with market access to travel to Korea for an international business Expo for business networking and meeting potential new clients in aluminium steel manufacturing sector
- One (1) existing SMME referred to SEDA for training on business and financial management skills training
- Conducted training of one hundred and twenty (120) existing SMME's on entrepreneurship and basic business skills in Kuruman, Kathu, Postmasburg, Britstown and Upington.
- One (1) existing SMME's referred to the Department of Sports, Arts & Culture for sponsorship
- Procurement of exhibition space for ten (10) SMME's at the Township Economy Conference held in Galeshewe at the Mayibuye Centre
- Two (2) existing clients assisted with amendments to their company on the CIPC system.

Black Industrialists Supported:

Five (5) companies supported as Black Industrialists (Rainbow Granite & Marble, Kabza Milling, Maiktronix, Mafarathla Technical Networks, NAM Petroleum)

- Submitted business plans to DTI for financial and non-financial support
- Three (3) Companies already assisted through EGDF

Informal Sector Upliftment Development Framework:

• Forty (40) informal traders trained on sales and marketing in Kuruman, Postmasburg and Upington. Also, provided with flash devices to improve their service offering.

Shared Economic Infrastructure Facilities (SEIF) established:

• The SEIF Programme is a 50/50 grant from the Department of Small Business Development (DSBD). This process entails the application for this grant from a municipality for economic infrastructure for informal traders. This financial year (2016/2017) as part of the first phase of the establishment process DEDaT assisted the two (2) municipalities (Frances Baard DM & Emthanjeni LM) in drafting proposals for inclusion in the SEIF programme.

One hundred and four (104) new SMME's developed:

- Facilitated funding applications for six (6) new SMME's through NEF and SEFA
- Two (2) new SMME's referred to SEDA for assistance with due diligence
- Thirty-three (33) new SMME's were provided with business advice on access to finance, access to markets and drafting bankable business plans
- Fourteen (14) new SMME's referred to SEDA for assistance with the development of business plans
- One (1) new SMME referred to SEDA for assistance with marketing materials
- Thirty-seven (37) new SMME's assisted with company registrations through CIPC system
- Seven (7) new SMME's assisted with filling annual returns on CIPC system
- Four (4) new SMME's were assisted with grant funding through EGDF

Incubation:

• Three (3) sector specific incubator business plans (Renewable Energy, Agriculture & renewable virtual incubator) completed and submitted to SBD for the Enterprise Incubator Programme (EIP). Service provider for Mining incubator appointed

Preferential Procurement Initiatives (PPI)

• Thirty-two (32) SMME'S linked to the B-BBEE ICT sector Council & SITA for procurement opportunities in both private and public sector.

Existing Cooperatives

A total of fifty-nine (59) existing co-operatives were assisted with services ranging from referrals, CIS applications, Information Dissemination and Training, and EGDF grant funding: -

- Twenty-six (26) existing walk in Cooperatives were provided with coaching and mentoring support services
- Three (3) existing Cooperatives assisted with grant funding
- (17) Seventeen existing Cooperatives assisted with training on Governance and Quality Management Services and Procurement opportunities through SASSA and DSD
- Thirteen (13) existing Cooperatives were provided with coaching and mentoring support services on market access.

New Cooperatives:

A total of fifty-seven (57) new co-operatives assisted with Coaching and Mentoring on and CIS application and referral letters to SEDA for business plan development, registration processes, dissemination of information, and EGDF grant funding.

- Thirty-eight (38) new Cooperatives were assisted with Cooperatives registrations with CIPC
- One (1) new Cooperative assisted with grant funding
- Eighteen (18) new Cooperatives were provided with coaching and mentoring support services on CIS and market access

Growth Fund (EGDF):

True to the commitment of the MEC in his Budget Speech the beneficiaries of the Economic Growth and Development Fund (EGDF) are spread across the province. The process entailed the appointment of an independent service provider that gathered the business plans from all district municipalities, analysed them, invited SMME's and cooperatives to present their plans and subsequently made recommendations to an intradepartmental panel for approval.

To this effect approximately R12 million was dispersed to SMME's and cooperatives through the Department and approximately R14 million was transferred to the Northern Cape SMME Trust to finalize the disbursements to the remainder of the SMME's and cooperatives. A total of 32 businesses were funded across the province and this translates to 12 businesses in Frances Baard District Municipality, 3 businesses in ZF Mcgawu District, 6 businesses in John Taolo Gaetsewe, 6 businesses in Namakwa and 5 businesses in Pixley ka Seme, since all approvals were not finalised by the end of the financial year 31 March 2017.

Eight municipalities were assisted with final LED components for their IDP's. In addition, was a detailed Red Tape analysis and reduction proposal tabled with each of these municipalities for implementation.

The municipalities assisted are as follow:

- · Magareng,
- · Emthanjeni,
- !Khai-Ma,
- · Karoo-Hoogland,
- Joe Morolong,
- John Taolo Gaetsewe,
- Kgatepele,
- !Kheis.

The 5 district capitals were assisted by developing a comparative investment profiles for each of them. They are as follow:

- · Sol Plaatje Municipality,
- Emthanjeni Municipality,
- · Nama-Khoi Municipality,
- David Kruiper Municipality,
- · Ga-Segonyana.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

In addition, was Ga-Segonyana assisted to draft a new LED Strategy.

Eight (8) projects were assisted. Assistance ranged from stakeholder coordination to municipal engagement support. The projects assisted were as follows:

Frances Baard District:

- Beefmaster,
- · Sol Plaatje University Procurement and MOU model,
- KEW Metals Cluster Proposal.

Pixley Ka Seme District:

· Wool Proposal.

Namkakwa District:

· Khai Ma incubator.

ZF Mcgawu District:

- · Vehicle testing,
- Algae Plant.

John Taolo Gaetsewe District:

SMME Incubator.

In partnership with SALGA, REDS rolled out LED training to 33 municipal councillors from 16 different municipalities. Detailed training was provided on LED, Red Tape Reduction and Social and Labour Plans. Each of the councillors were also issued with a Compact Disk containing all the relevant detail. The Municipal councillors were trained in:

- Frances a Baard
- Phokwane
- Magareng
- Ga-Segonyane
- Sol Plaatje
- · Joe Morolong
- · Gamagara
- · Dawid Kruiper
- Kheis
- Kamiesberg
- Khai Ma
- Hantam
- Namakwa
- Emthanjeni
- Kareeberg
- · Siyathemba

In addition 4 municipalities capacitated on Social and Labour related matters.

The Provincial LED Forum was successfully held every quarter with huge success and ever increasing numbers of private stakeholders attending.

One-hundred percent (100%) of the DORA funds allocated for EPWP was transferred to the implementing partners and 239 Work Opportunities (W/O) were reported.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

In addition, REDS assisted with the Lüderitz and Namibia negotiations, supported the Provincial Director-General with the Forum on China-Africa Cooperation negotiations and the Heads of Mission presentation The Department of International Relations and Cooperation (DIRCO).

In terms of Economic Empowerment the Department provided support to HDI's to enable them to participate in the mainstream economy. The Department identified six (6) different economic opportunities for the targeted groups, in the mining sector on the Kimberley diamond dumps, asbestos dump rehabilitation, and Iron ore transport. Other sectors in which economic opportunities were identified are the Tourism, Renewable Energy and Services sectors.

Several interventions were identified for those who are living with disabilities. These include:

- Twenty (20) and twenty eight (28) women were trained in NQF L4 Basic business Skills training in the
 Frances Baard District (Kimberley) and John Taolo Gaetsewe District (Kuruman) respectively. Twelve of
 these women were also trained in ICT and tender procedures in supply chain management in Kimberley.
- A 16 Days of Activism and National World Aids Day for people living with disability was held in Kuruman.
- Information sessions regarding the role of the Department and the Economic Empowerment unit were held at the Ikageng workshop and Okiep TVET College.

The Department participated in the Provincial Youth Summit held in Upington by conducting information sessions to unemployed youth and later at the Northern Cape Technical Vocational Education and Training College (TVET) in Namakwa. The purpose of the session was to share information with youth on how to establish a business, what the requirements are, the role of stakeholders for example the funding institutions and the policies regulating youth development.

Sixty (60) unemployed youth were trained in NQF level 3 SAQA accredited freight handling and freight forwarding course for a period of twelve (12) months. The Department, in collaboration with the service provider Edidor, identified fifty (50) unemployed youth in Barkly West and Kimberley to be trained New Venture Creation NQF level 4.

The Department also conducted an ICT training for 30 Youth in business on the Enterprise Resource Planning tool. The ERP module included:

- · (Customer Relationship (social network),
- · Invoicing and payments (point of sale) Project Management (Sales Management),
- · Accounting and Finance (Purchase Management),
- · Warehouse Management (Timesheets),
- · Employee Directory (Expense Management),
- Leave Management (Fleet Management),
- · Address Book (Employee Appraisals) and
- · Calendar.

In addition to this, a ten week (10 week) Entrepreneurial training course was conducted through the Cape Peninsula Technicon.

A Basic Business Analysis and a seminar for 150 women was conducted with the NGO "Women Empowerment Movement International" (WEMI) in Pniel. Ten Crafters were supported to exhibit their products at the 60th Anniversary Celebrations of the 1956 March by women to the Union Buildings in Pretoria. One hundred (100) women-owned businesses from 5 districts were supported to attend the "Strike a Rock" Competition that was held in Kimberley during Women's Month. Information sessions for "start-ups" and co-operatives on economic opportunities and how to access funding was held at Magareng. Twenty (20) women were trained in Project Management NQF Level 4 in the Frances Baard Region and a further twenty (20) women were trained in ICT in three regions i.e. Pixley ka Seme, John Taolo Gaetsewe and Namakwa.

2.3.3. STIMULATED ECONOMIC GROWTH THROUGH INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE INVESTMENT PROMOTION

During the financial year 16/17 the Department assisted and facilitated the participation of 15 emerging SMME's to three exhibitions locally, nationally and internationally to expose them at such platforms, market their products and more importantly to look for export opportunities. These were:

- The Northern Cape Food and Wine Show in Upington (2)
- South African International Trade Exhibition in Midrand, Johannesburg (8)
- Mineral and Gem fair in Chenzhou, China Hunan Province (5)
- Through these exhibitions, two markets, Namibia and China, were opened to exporters from the Northern Cape.

A three-day Export Training Seminar in conjunction with the dti and SEDA was conducted for 33 SMME's/ emerging exporters on:

- Export Development
- International Trade
- Introduction to Export

In terms of Investment, the Department undertook a successful Trade and Investment Outbound Mission to the Peoples Republic of China, Hunan Province, to participate in the Hunan International Investment Conference. The province signed an Action/Implementation Plan as per the agreed outcomes of the MOU signed with Hunan province during the financial year 2015/16. The province furthermore had fruitful discussions and interactions with possible investors namely TIDFORE for the construction and development of the Boegoe Bay Harbour.

In addition the province was marketed abroad to various missions/embassies through the dissemination of the Northern Cape Economic profile on Trade and Investment opportunities. The Department partnered with Global Africa for the publication of the NC Business booklet. The investment opportunities highlighted in the publication can also be accessed by investors through an electronic platform," Matchdesk".

In terms of fostering the development of skills in the province, four students completed an internship programme on a Computer Aided Design course and Currently 8 students are under-going a Computer Aided Design (CAD) Skills Programme at the Moremogolo FET College in Kimberley. The programme is scheduled to end in the first quarter of the 2017/2018 financial year.

Sixteen students were enrolled at KIDJA for training in a short course on rough diamond evaluation. This training enables them to acquire a diamond dealer's licence and afford them the opportunity to become entrepreneurs in the industry and exploit the value-chain in the diamond and semi-precious stones pipeline. Twenty-five students completed their training at KIDJA this year. KIDJA was awarded 61 NQF level 4 learnerships. A new intake of ffifty-eight students (of which nineteen are disabled) started on a 10-Month learnership in preparation for the new academic year. Students are placed into for into the Cross-work and Brillianteering classes. All students are required to sign an MQA contract and are to receive a monthly stipend.

Fifteen people were trained on various artisanal skills (jewellery design, bruiting and sawing) at the Kimberley Diamond and Jewellery Incubator (KDJI). Both KIDJA students and KDJI clients and staff attended a workshop organised by the South African Diamond and Precious Metals Regulator (SADPMR). The workshop focused on the legislative prescripts relating to the industry

2.3.4. A FAIR REGULATED TRADE ENVIRONMENT AND GOOD GOVERNANCE

For the financial year 16/17 all performance objectives were achieved. The oversight function was performed on the Liquor Board and the Gambling Board. As per legislative sanction their Strategic Plans, Annual Performance Plans, and Quarterly Performance Reports, Revenue and Expenditure Reports, as well as the Compliance checklists.

There was a concerted drive to improve Consumer Education and Awareness in the Province in all the regions. All complaints received from consumers were investigated. However the high number of cases received compared to the shortage of investigation officers has a consequence of delaying the speedy resolution of cases. Seventeen additional inspections were conducted on various businesses to ensure compliance with the Consumer Protection Act and the inherent rights of the consumer. In order to improve performance these inspections were conducted in conjunction with the Consumer Education and Awareness Campaigns. The inspections indicate that at least 50% of inspected business concerns are compliant with the legislation.

If compliance is to be improved then the establishment of regional offices are paramount. Regional offices will mean that more inspections can be conducted in the province. The current arrangement only allows inspections to be conducted once a year in a specific district. This negatively affects the impact of awareness and hampers the speedy resolution of cases and compliance because no return visits are able to be conducted to ensure that resolutions are implemented.

The absence of complainants and non-cooperation of respondents has meant that the target set for resolved cases has not been achieved. In addition the complexity of cases makes it difficult to resolve cases. The absence of district offices also delays the resolution of cases as the officials are not able to travel to a specific district more than once per year to investigate matters.

There was a measured impact for the cases that could be resolved. This impact is tangible as consumers are financially compensated as a result of the intervention of the Consumer Protection Authority that conducts a complaints resolution processes. The total amount saved for consumers for the current financial year is R1 961 612.41 (One Million Nine Hundred and Sixty One Thousand Six Hundred and Twelve Rand and Forty One Cents).

The impact of prosecutions by the Consumer Protection Authority in the Consumer Court has assisted consumers in obtaining redress for violations by suppliers of the Consumer Protection Act. Consumers have saved R659 913.21 (Six Hundred and Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirteen Rand and Twenty One Cents) through adjudication proceedings conducted for the current financial year in the Consumer Court.

2.3.5. SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The implementation of the Operation Phakisa: Oceans Economy which was launched in October 2014 has added to the responsibilities of coordinating planning and implementation across the different spheres of government and in the year under review. The specific focus areas of the Phakisa affecting the programme is Small Harbours and State-Owned Coastal Property Development, the latter work has been jointly coordinated with the Office of the Premier. The Oceans Economy review workshop elevated Small Harbours as a separate focus area in October 2015 and operational work has been ongoing since December 2016 and the programme has been involved in the Task Team since. The focus is on Namakwa District Municipality (NDM) as the only coastal region of the Northern Cape. Extensive consultation has unfolded and the aim is to host an investment conference on small harbours and state coastal property.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

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There has been good progress on the coordination of Outcome 6 meetings with involvement by delivery partners. On the other hand, the Outcome 4 meetings seem to be regressing both in terms of attendance and quality of reports. This is a course for concern and we need to engage the sector departments and delivery partners to address this. Furthermore, the Department has successfully managed to collate information on reporting progress on the Northern Cape Nine Point Plan and consulted with local government to align the Nine Point Plan priorities accordingly. The district economic symposiums that were conducted were an important platform for this. They also assisted in that programmes delivering on other important departmental functions like Small Business Development (amongst others) were co-opted on attending these sessions to share important information with local governments.

Economic policy symposia with local government and other stakeholders were held in Pixley ka Seme and Frances Baard districts in the first quarter; in ZF Mgcawu and John Taolo Gaetsewe districts in the third quarter; and the last symposium was held in Namakwa district. These sessions ensure alignment of provincial and national plans with the local government sphere with a particular focus on the Provincial Nine Point Plan.

The Department managed to complete a number of research initiatives and reports on important topics. The first quarter initiative focused on the Corporate Social Investment (CSI) commitments and spending of mines in the province.

Furthermore an Economic Intelligence Report on hydraulic fracturing (fracking) of shale gas in the Karoo region of the province was completed. The Quarter 2 research report focused on the failure rate of SMME's in the province. The team conducted field work and interviewed over 128 SMME's in all the fiver regions. In Quarter 3 the unit focused on assisting the Tourism programme on assessing the state of tourism information centres. It captures the operating state of specific information centres in terms of infrastructure and resources and the economic intelligence report assessed the Employment Tax Incentive. The report summarised the uptake of the incentive and how it has assisted to address the social problem of youth unemployment.

A survey of street traders in the Kimberley central business district (CBD) was undertaken. The purpose was to understand the informal economy in the province. It was hoped the study would assist with an understanding of the challenges faced by informal traders. The research agenda was also updated and a research day hosted to disseminate all the research findings.

The Department increased the focus on e-learning, training and development in the different regions. In Quarter 1 three SKA Hackathons training sessions were successfully hosted. In Quarter 2 vocational training was conducted in ZF Mgcawu for scholars and unemployed youth to expose them to the mobile applications development environment. During the third quarter the Department extended the network of relationships through Geekulcha's introduction of the Africa Code Week. Our progress with growing the "app developer ecosystem" received a major boost, which saw Kimberley as one of four cities participating in the Department of Public Service and Administration's (DPSA) Open Government Programme called the Responsive Cities Challenge. There were three local winners i.e. Joxicraft, 6Gig and We Big Data.

2.3.6. SUSTAINABLE IMPACT OF TOURISM ON THE ECONOMY OF THE NORTHERN CAPE

The Department was able to conclude the Provincial Tourism Indicator Report, the report depicts the performance of tourism from the year 2009 to year 2015. The Regional Tourism Tracking Survey Report was also concluded with the aim of creating a model for capturing tourism performance at a regional level. In addition, a Coastal and Marine Strategy was developed. The Province, the Provincial Tourism Forum was launched with the intention of coordinating tourism development activities.

In an effort to capacitate local municipality tourism practitioners, a training was conducted by the University of Pretoria on Tourism Development. In line with the provincial Events Management Strategy training was conducted for youth in Events Management. Three Tourism Awareness Campaigns were conducted to highlight the importance of tourism in our communities. A delegation of Grade 11 learners attended the National Tourism Careers Expo. In recognising excellence within the sector the Lilizela Awards were also held.

The Department managed to implement the campaign against illegal tourist guiding. A successful Tourist Guide's Day celebration was organised. This provided excellent tourist guiding experiences to learners and educators who are involved with Tourism as a subject at schools. Five tourist guides were provided with office software packages with the aim of empowering them and enhancing their product offering.

Two key tourism development partnerships were maintained during the period under review i.e. South African National Parks and Open Africa.

The six national parks in the province (together with the Big Hole precinct in Kimberley) are the key drivers of the provincial tourism industry performance. Much potential in this regard still has to be extracted, hence the partnership between the department and South African National Parks focus on developing unique tourist attractions.

During the year under review departmental funding contributed to the building of an additional tree house in Mokala National Park, bird hides in the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park and a chalet overlooking the iconic Augrabies Gorge at Oranjekom. This diversification of tourism offerings will impact positively on domestic and international arrivals to the province. In the process 58 employment opportunities were created including 28 for females and four for the youth.

The Department availed funds to NCEDA to rejuvenate the tourism facilities at the Witsand Nature Reserve. This improved the visitor experience and value-for-money offering. It also encouraged occupancy rates and an increase in publicity for the reserve.

Working with Open Africa, we not only achieved improved tourist route management, but also generating significant benefits for the youth and employment creation in the province. Twenty (20) interns have been appointed on three routes. Eleven (11) of these youth have found permanent employment and four graduating to an Enterprise Development programme to help the start their own enterprises. A survey done on the Richtersveld, Namaqua Coastal and Kalahari Red Dune routes resulted in 102 new jobs (since 2013) which includes 63 new jobs for the youth. Dirk Pienaar, a member of the #Khomani San community in Mier travelled to Switzerland to participate in the Swiss Import Promotion Programme (SIPP) tourism development programme. Travel packages have been developed for the routes, as well as brochure maps, e-brochures and video clips to enhance market access. Ten (10) route representatives attended the Indaba 2016 International Tourism Expo in Durban while support was rendered to the Richtersveld Wildrun, Williston Winter Festival, Namaqua Trail Run and the Naba! Food & Wine Festival.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Road signs are being erected on the Richtersveld, Karoo Highlands, Quiver Tree and Cape-to-Namibia routes. This will increase awareness of the routes and what is on offer, enhance the Northern Cape sense of place, as well as to improve the visitor experience on offer.

The Frances Baard Flagship Visitor Centre in the Big Hole precinct was launched to service the most visited tourist destination in the province.

With assistance of the Kalahari Red Dune Route Forum, the establishment of the visitor information office in Askham was completed. The Department also funded the development of visitor information centres in Port Nolloth and Kakamas in partnership with the respective municipalities.

The directorate for Tourism Development acts in support of the Northern Cape Tourism Authority (NCTA). In this regard the Business Events Activation Strategy has been completed and implementation thereof during the period under review included the following:

- MSICC hosted a total of 49 events with 40 862 delegates which constitutes a contribution of R262 million to the provincial economy. The International Congress and Convention Association calculation methodology was utilised to establish this.
- Tourism supported 64 provincial events with marketing and promotion activation which resulted in 172 000 visitors contributing approximately R129 million to the Provincial economy (Grant Thornton Calculation methodology)
- A total of 618 temporary jobs were created at 8 events surveyed for an average period of 3 days providing income of approximately R402 000 to unemployed youth.

The Kimberley Diamond Cup Programme supported eight Skateboarding for Hope events and two Grand Slam championships. The Kumba Skate Park was visited by a total of 14 410 attendants making it one of the most popular attractions in Kimberley. The MEC for Finance, Economic Development and Tourism announced a project scale down in his annual budget speech. Following this announcement the service providers declared a contractual dispute with the Department. As a result the roll out of the rest of the programme including presenting the 2016 edition of the Kimberley Diamond Cup skateboarding world championship could not be completed. The matter has been referred to the legal adjudication process.

During 2016/17, a marketing strategy which focussed on national and international leisure and business tourism was implemented.

A number of international trade partnerships have been concluded, including five international and three domestic trade agreements, with an projected income of R10 million. Cross-border partnerships established include the Eastern Cape Parks and Tourism Agency, Wesgro's co-promotion of the Cape-to-Namibia Route and flower offering, as well as the Namibia Tourism Board with the intention to expand the Provincial footprint.

The NCTA supported and promoted 155 SMME products on all marketing platforms and exposed 40 SMME products to international and national trade and media familiarization trips. Ninety-two (92) SMME's featured in media and e-newsletters and resulted in 58 articles reaching a potential audience of 8.5 million people. The estimated media value is said to be R3 million.

The Department continued to support tourism growth through enterprise development. Eight tourism enterprises were supported financially and seventy-two (72) tourism enterprises supported non-financially during the 2016/17 financial year. No less than sixty-seven (67) employment opportunities were created via the for financial support programme to small tourism enterprises. Seventeen (17) of these opportunities were permanent appointments. Nineteen (19) females benefitted from employment created via the programme.

The Douglas Resort was registered with provincial Treasury as a Public-Private Partnership (PPP) in an attempt to revitalise municipal resorts in partnership with municipalities.



2.4. PERFORMANCE INFORMATION BY PROGRAMME

2.4.1. PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

2.4.1.1. Office of the HOD

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators, Targets and Actual Achievement

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub- Outcomes	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme. The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment. Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs. Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros. Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly. Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency. Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor.
Strategic objective	Management of departmental transversal administrative programmes and provision of economic development leadership.
Objective Statement	To provide strategic direction and leadership in order to facilitate a sustained growth, radical transformation and diversification of the provincial economy.
Indicator	GDP growth rate
Target	4-5% GDP growth rate by 2020

Sub-programme: Office of the HOD

Strategic Objective: Management of departmental transversal administrative programmes and provision of

ecom	omic development le	auersnip.				
Perfo	rmance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
1.1.1	Number of Technical Cluster reports compiled.	New	2	2	None.	None.
1.1.2	Number of Technical Cluster records produced	9	8	10	Target exceeded by 2.	Two (2) additional meetings held.
1.1.3	Number of Technical Cluster Research reports compiled.	New	7	7	None	None



Linking performance with budgets

2016/2017				2015/2016			
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	
Office of the HOD	6 023	6 023	-	6 083	6 083	-	
Total	6 023	6 023	_	6 083	6 083	_	

2.4.1.2. Financial Management

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub- Outcomes	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor
Strategic Objective	The Provision of Financial Management Services to the department.
Objective statement	To provide an efficient and economical Financial Management support service within the department in order to ensure the achievement of service delivery objectives
Indicator	Number of unqualified External Audit Outcomes without matters of emphasis. Average MPAT KPA 4 score by 2019
Target	Unqualified Audit without matters of emphasis = 1 Average MPAT Score for KPA4 = 4.

Strategic Objective: Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Planned Actual Achievement I Target 2016/2017		Comment on Deviation
1.2.1	Departmental plans tabled	1	1	Annual Performance Plan 2017/2018.	None.	The target in the Annual Performance Plan 2016/2017 was erroneously captured as "4" and not "1". The Strategic Plan is not tabled as a separate document. Any revision to the Strategic Plan is indicated in Annexure E in the Annual Performance Plan
1.2.2	Departmental performance reports tabled.	5	5	 Annual Report 2015/2016. Q4 Report 2016/2017. Q1, Q2 and Q3 Report for 2016/2017. 	None.	None
1.2.3	Departmental Financial Reports tabled.	5	5	Departmental MTEF Budget Statement #2 submitted within the prescribed timeframes to Provincial Treasury. The Adjustment Estimates for 2016/17 was submitted within the prescribed timeframes to Provincial Treasury. Annual Financial Statements 2015/2016. Interim Financial Statements.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Sub-programme: Financial Management Strategic Objective: The Provision of Financial Management Services to the department								
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017			
1.2.4	Accurate Asset Register	1	1	1	None	None		
				 A complete and accurate asset register was finalised within the set time frames. 				
1.2.5	Departmental Risk Register	1	1	1	None	None		
	-			 The Departmental Risk Register for 2017/18 financial year was completed. 				

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub-Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Financial Management	31 047	23 627	7 420	28 051	28 051	-
Total	31 047	23 627	7 420	28 051	28 051	-



2.4.1.3 Corporate Services

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-Outcomes	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme. The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment. Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs. Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency. Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor.
Strategic Objective	The provision of sound corporate management.
Objective statement	To provide support with regard to human resource management and legal related matters within the Department in order to ensure the achievement of strategic objectives
Indicator	Outcome of External Audit and MPAT
Target	An unqualified without matters of emphasis Audit Outcome by 2019. Reach and maintain a score of 3 on MPAT by 2019.

Sub-	orogramme: Corpo	rate Services				
Strate	egic Objective: The	provision of sou	ınd corporate mana	igement.		
Perfo	rmance Indicator	Actual Planned Target Achievement 2016/2017 2015/2016		Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
1.3.1	Number of SMS financial disclosures submitted.	23	23 SMS financial disclosures submitted to the PSC by 31 May 2016.	27	Target exceeded by 4.	Two new directors were appointed. Two employees remunerated on SMS salary level on contract.
1.3.2	Number of performance agreements completed.	144	171 Performance Agreements completed.	171	None.	None.

Sub-programme: Corporate Services Strategic Objective: The provision of sound corporate management.							
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Targe Achievement 2016/2017 2015/2016		Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation	
1.3.3	Number of Employee Health and Wellness Promotions (activities) held.	8	4 Employee Health and Wellness Promotions (activities) held	4	None.	None.	
1.3.4	Number Employee information sessions.	8	4 Employee information sessions held.	4	None.	None.	
1.3.5	Number of Newsletters issued.	4	4 Newsletters issued.	4	None.	None.	
1.3.6	Number of legal sessions conducted.	2	2 legal sessions conducted	2	None.	None.	
1.3.7	Percentage of Local Area network Uptime maintained.	98%	98% of Local Area network Uptime maintained.	98%	None.	None.	
1.3.8	Percentage of Wide Area Network uptime maintained.	95%	95% of Wide Area Network uptime maintained.	95%	None.	None.	

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Corporate Services	24 510	23 088	1 422	19 532	18 110	1 422
Total	24 510	23 088	1 422	19 532	18 110	1 422

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

None.

In – year changes to planned targets

No changes were made to in-year targets



2.4.2. PROGRAMME 2: SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

2.4.2.1 SMME Development

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub- Outcome	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment, exports are diversified, African regional development is accelerated, carbon intensity is reduced and the organs of the state improve their alignment in support of employment-creating growth Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs Expanded employment in agriculture Public employment schemes provide short term relief for the unemployment and build community solidarity and agency
Strategic Objective	The development and support of business enterprises.
Objective statement	To provide intensive support and develop sustainable enterprises in the province by 2020.
Indicator	% increase in the number of small businesses and cooperatives that are still operating one year after support provided
Target	30% increase in the number of small businesses and cooperatives that are still operating one year after support provided by 2020

Perfo Indica	rmance ator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
2.1.1	Number of existing SMME's supported in the IPAP sectors.	112	20	165	145	Target exceeded due to increased number of walk in clients and Outreach Programmes
2.1.2	Number of SMME's supported as Black Industrialists.	5	5	5	None	None
2.1.3	Number of informal businesses supported.	10	20	40	20	Target exceed due to collaboration with W&R SETA and training was conducted across five provincial districts

Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
2.1.4	Number of shared economic infrastructure facilities established	2	2	2	None	None
2.1.5	Number of new SMME's developed in the IPAP sectors.	98	20	104	84	Target exceeded due to increased number of walk in clients and Outreach Programmes
2.1.6	Number of sector-specific incubators established.		3	3	None	Three (3) sector specific incubator business plans (Renewable Energy, Agriculture & renewable virtual incubator) completed and submitted to SBD for the Enterprise Incubator Programme (EIP). Service provider for Mining incubator
2.1.7	Number of SMME's linked to public procurement opportunities	36	30	32	2	appointed Due to effective collaborations with SOE`s, there was over performance on the target.
2.1.8	Number of existing Cooperatives supported in the IPAP sectors.	32	12	59	47	Due to effective campaigns, the office was approached by more clients

Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Actual Deviation from Achievement Target Achievement planned target to 2015/2016 2016/2017 2016/2017 Actual Achievement for 2016/2017		Comment on Deviation		
2.1.9	Number of new cooperatives developed in the IPAP sectors.	59	10	57	47	Due to effective campaigns, the office was approached by more clients
2.1.10	Number of SMME-and-Cooperative support service points established at Municipalities.		15	9	6	 Only nine (9) out of fifteen (15) targeted individuals placed due to lack of office space in municipalities for establishment of service points. unavailability of suitably qualified candidates in other municipalities also delayed the processes and resulted in the unit not meeting the desired target of 15.

Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
SMME Development	35 202	35 202	-	49 213	49 213	-
Total	35 202	35 202	-	49 213	49 213	-

2.4.2.2 Regional Economic Development Support Strategic Objective, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-	Worker's education and skills increasingly meet economic needs
Outcome	 Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through employment in agriculture, the build programme and densification in the metros Public employment schemes provide short term relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency
Strategic Objective	To provide strategic economic development support to municipalities
Objective statement	To provide support to municipalities in terms of district based planning, alignment and implementation in partnership with key stakeholders in order to ensure local economic development by 2020.
Indicator	Number of municipalities' plans developed in alignment to economic development policies.
Target	32 municipalities' plans developed in alignment to economic development policies by 2020.

Performa Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
Ec De Pro ass the	umber of onomic evelopment ojects sisted within e NDP ctors.	5	5	Frances Baard District: Beefmaster, Sol Plaatje University Procurement and MOU model, KEW Metals Cluster Proposal. Pixley Ka Seme District: Wool Proposal. Namkakwa District: Khai Ma incubator. ZF Mcgawu District: Vehicle testing, Algae Plant. John Taolo Gaetsewe District: SMME Incubator.	Target exceeded by 3.	Additional stakeholder requests meant that more projects received assistance than planned.

Strategic Objective: Provision of strategic economic development support to municipalities.							
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Actual Achievement Target Achievement 2015/2016 2016/2017 2016/2017		Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation		
2.2.2	Number of municipalities assisted with capacity building interventions.	2	20	19	Target underachieved by 1.	All municipalities did not respond to the invatation.	
2.2.3	Number of municipalities assisted to prepare a valid LED component for the IDP.	10	8	 Magareng, Emthanjeni, !Khai-Ma, Karoo-Hoogland, Joe Morolong, John Taolo Gaetsewe, Kgatepele, !Kheis. 	None.	Thirty-two municipalities were assessed in Q1. Eight were selected and supported through the year.	
2.2.4	Number of Provincial LED Forums conducted.	4	4	4	None.	None.	
2.2.5	Percentage Implementation of projects as per approved EPWP conditional grant.	100%	100%	• 239 work opportunities (w/o) reported.	None.	None.	

Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Regional Enterprise Development Support	8 763	8 763	-	7 678	7 678	-
Total	8 763	8 763	-	7 678	7 678	-

2.4.2.3 Economic Empowerment

Strategic Objective, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub- Outcome	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment, exports are diversified, African regional development is accelerated, carbon intensity is reduced and the organs of the state improve their alignment in support of employment-creating growth Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs Expanded employment in agriculture Public employment schemes provide short term relief for the unemployment and build community solidarity and agency
Strategic Objective	Provision of support to HDI's to participate in the mainstream of the economy.
Objective statement	To promote and support the participation of HDI's in the mainstream of the economy through business intelligence, skills development and enterprise development.
Indicator	% of supported enterprises and cooperatives that are owned by target groups
Target	30% of supported enterprises and cooperatives owned by target groups by 2020

Strategic Objective: Empowerment of HDI's with specific focus on black women and youth to participate in the mainstream economy.						
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
2.3.1	Number of target group specific opportunities identified.	4	4	6	Target exceeded by 2.	More information for small scale producers was available than anticipated which allowed for the identification of additional opportunities.
2.3.2	Number of target group specific interventions implemented.	6	7	7	None.	None.
2.3.3	Number of target group skills training interventions	New	4	8	Target exceeded by 4.	Target was exceeded due to collaboration wit SEDA,NYDA and training service providers that are accredited with the

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Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Economic Empowerment	2 902	2 902	- -	2 878	2 878	- -
Total	2 902	2 902	-	2 878	2 878	-

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Department will liaise with the Department of Sports, Arts and Culture in order to arrange for the use of the computer-equipped libraries with internet connectivity in order to capture data on SMME's on a provincial database. This will expand the footprint of the Department into the districts with the help of the Cadets (an enterprise development practitioner). The idea is to place one in every municipality in the Province. This initiative will be done in collaboration with SEDA.

In – year changes to planned targets

There were no in-year changes to targets.





2.4.3. PROGRAMME 3: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

2.4.3.1 Trade and Investment Promotion

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth					
Government Sub-	• Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programm					
Outcome						
Strategic Objective	Facilitation of trade export promotion and investment attraction into the NC Province.					
Objective statement	To stimulate trade and crowd in investment to ensure sustainable job creation and economic growth					
Indicator	Value of investment attracted					
Target	R500 million investment attracted by 2020.					

Strategic Objective: Facilitation of trade, promotion of export and crowding in of investment into the province.							
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Actual Achievement Target Achievement 2015/2016 2016/2017 2016/2017		Achievement	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation	
3.1.1	Number of investment projects realised.	4	2	 Boegoe bay harbour (investment marketing through Hunan Outbound Mission). Projects marketed for investment via NC Business Publication and Matchdesk. 	None	None	
3.1.2	Number of emerging entrepreneurs developed for export readiness.	35	5	33	Target was exceed by 28.	Collaboration with SEDA and dti enabled the department to exceed the target	

Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Actual Achievement Target Achievement 2015/2016 2016/2017 2016/2017		Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation	
3.1.3	Number of new export markets unlocked for established exporters.	2	2	 Two (2) export markets unlocked i.e. to China for semiprecious stones and Namibia for soap products and sauces. Domestic market opened in the Western Cape for sauces. 	None	None
3.1.4	Number of initiatives to promote the NC as an ideal trade and investment location.	3	3	Outbound mission to Hunan Province, China Chongqing Municipal Government Conference, China. Hunan Education Exchange Week, China NC Business Publication and Macthdesk (electronic portal).	Target exceeded by 1.	Target exceeded due to Implementation of Action Plan between the Province and Hunar Province in China

Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Trade and Investment Promotion	14 106	14 106	-	11 740	11 587	153
Total	14 106	14 106	-	11 740	11 587	153

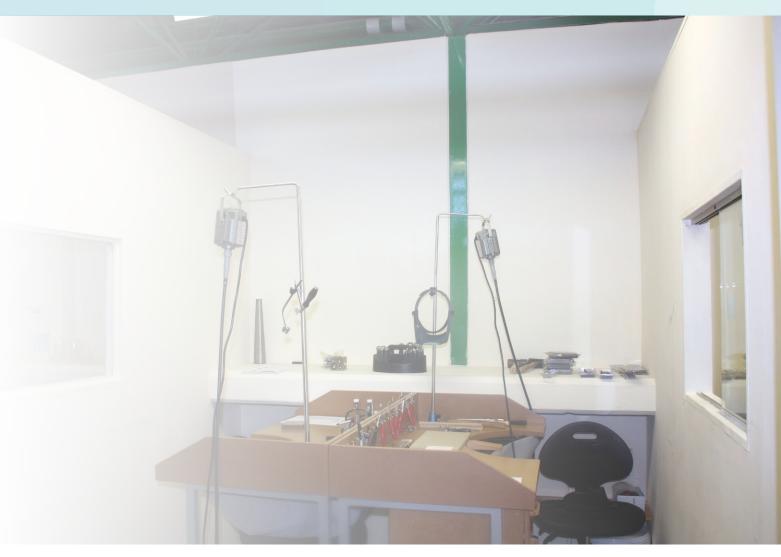
2.4.3.2 Sector Development

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-	The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production.
Outcome	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs.
	• Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded
	and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly.
Strategic Objective	Development of key economic sectors
Objective statement	To facilitate the development of key economic sectors in order to contribute to a growing share of local production and job creation in the province
Indicator	Number of work opportunities created within key economic sectors (Manufacturing, Mining and Renewable Energy).
Target	3000 work opportunities created by 2020.

Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	y economic sec Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
3.2.1	Number of people trained.	10	10	10	None	None
3.2.2	Number of businesses assisted with proactive interventions	4	4	4	None	None
3.2.3	Number of industrial clusters supported	New	3	3	None	None

Perfor	mance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
3.2.4	Number of industry-specific research projects to expand value-addition in manufacturing.	New	2	2	None	None
3.2.5	Number of sector-specific strategic interventions.	New	2	2	None	None
3.2.6	Number of Implementation Reports on Independent Power Producers' projects	New	4	4	None	The Annual Target is erroneously reflected as "48" and not "4" in the Quarterly breakdown of targets. The Annual Target is "4" and the Quarterly breakdown is "1" per Quarter.
3.2.7	Number of Renewable Energy initiatives supported.	New	2	2	None	None
3.2.8	Number of preferential mining procurement opportunities identified to local suppliers.	New	6	6	None	None
3.2.9	Number of mining beneficiation business cases developed.	New	2	2	None	None



	Sub-Programme: Sector Development Strategic Objective: Development of key economic sectors.									
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Actual Achievement Target Achievement 2015/2016 2016/2017 2016/2017		Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation					
3.2.10	Number of informal small-scale mining initiatives formalised.	New	1	1	None	None				

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Sector Development	6 894	6 894	-	8 436	8 436	-
Total	6 894	6 894	-	8 436	8 436	-

2.4.3.3 Strategic Initiatives

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth						
Government Sub-	Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build						
Outcome	programme.						
	 The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment. Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs 						
	 Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor. 						
Strategic Objective	Identify and implement strategic initiatives within key economic sectors						
Objective statement	To facilitate the implementation of strategic programmes, projects and economic infrastructure in order to create sustainable jobs and crowd in investment						
Indicator	Number of diamond beneficiation projects implemented.						
Target	Diamond Beneficiation Skills Development Projects =2; Strategic Relations Formed With Parastatals = 4						

Sub-programme: Strategic	initiatives
Charles to Obtain the Charles	

Strategic Objective: Strategic positioning of industries in support of sector development for economic growth and development.

growt	h and developm	ent.				
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Achievement Target 2015/2016 2016/2017		Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
3.3.1	Number of diamond beneficiation skills development projects.	New	2	2	None.	None.
3.3.2	Number of diamond- and-jewellery Brand Identity Models implemented.	New	1	Not Achieved.	The Company appointed to complete the Kimberley Diamond and Jewellery Brand has been deregistered. KIDJA has undertaken to complete the Branding process	The branding will be finalised in the 2017/18 financial year.

Sul	o-progi	ramme:	Stra	tegic	Init	iativ	es
			٠.				

Strategic Objective: Strategic positioning of industries in support of sector development for economic growth and development.

Perfor Indica	rmance ator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
3.3.3	Number of Strategic relations formed with parastatals.	8	8	3	Human resource constraints impacted negatively on the ability to pursue the performance indicator.	The unit was dissolved and an attempt was made to share the responsibility for this performance indicator with the other managers.
3.3.4	Number of Economic Development Projects supported.	New	1	1	None	None

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Strategic Initiatives	7 123	7 123	-	7 556	7 436	120
Total	7 123	7 123	-	7 556	7 436	120

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

Serious human resource constraints impacted negatively on the capacity to pursue the performance indicator ""Number of Strategic relations formed with parastatals". The unit was dissolved and an attempt was made to share the responsibility of achieving this performance indicator with the other managers.

In - year changes to planned targets

The undertaking to achieve the performance indicator "Number of Strategic relations formed with parastatals" could not be fulfilled.



2.4.4. PROGRAMME 4: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

2.4.4.1 Governance
Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government sub-	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs
Outcome	 Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly. Elimination of unnecessary regulatory burdens and lower price increases for key inputs fosters investment and economic growth
Strategic Objective	Promotion of good governance in Departmental Public entities.
Objective statement	To provide support to public entities in order to ensure compliance and good governance
Indicator	Unqualified Outcome of external audit for Entities
Target	100% entities to receive an unqualified without matters of emphasis Audit Outcome by 2020

Sub-Programme: Governance Strategic Objective: Promotion of good governance in Departmental Public entities.								
Performance Indicator		Actual Planned Achievement Target 2015/2016 2016/20		Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation		
4.1.1	Number of Public Entity Strategic Planning documents submitted as per legislative requirements.	2	2	 One (1) Gambling Board Strategic Plan and One (1) APP received and analysed. One (1) Liquor Board Strategic Plan and One (1) APP received and analysed. 	None.	None.		
4.1.2	Number of Public Entity Quarterly Reports analysed.	8	6	• Four (4) Gambling Board Quarterly reports were received and analysed. • Four (4) Liquor Board Quarterly reports were received and analysed.	There is a variance of two between the planned targets and the actual achievement.	The target was incorrectly transposed in the Quarterly target breakdown as six (6) instead of eight (8).		

Sub-F	Programme: Govern	nance				
Strate	egic Objective: Pror	notion of good g	overnance in	Departmental Publ	ic entities.	
Performance Indicator		Achievement Target		Planned Actual Target Achievement 2016/2017 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
4.1.3	Number of Public Entity compliance checklist reports verified.	8	8	 4 Liquor Board compliance reports verified. 4 Gambling Board compliance reports verified. 	None.	None.
4.1.4	Number of Public Entity revenue- and-expenditure reports analysed within prescribed timeframes.	New	6	 4 Liquor Board revenue-and-expenditure reports verified. 4 Gambling Board revenue-and-expenditure reports analysed. 	Target exceed by 2.	The target was incorrectly transposed in the Quarterly target breakdown as six (6) instead of eight (8).

Linking performance with budgets

2016/2017				2015/2016			
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	
Governance	2 393	2 393	-	5 423	5 423	-	
Total	2 393	2 393	-	5 423	5 423	-	

2.4.4.2 Consumer Protection Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs
Outcome	 Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly. Elimination of unnecessary regulatory burdens and lower price increases for key inputs fosters investment and economic growth
Strategic Objective	Promotion and protection of consumer rights.
Objective statement	To promote and advance the economic and social welfare of consumers in the province.
Indicator	% of consumer complaints resolved.
Target	100% of consumer complaints resolved by 2020.

	Sub-Programme: Consumer Protection Strategic Objective: Promotion and protection of consumer rights						
Perfo Indica	rmance ator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation	
4.3.1	Number of consumer education and awareness programmes conducted.	54	40	53	Target exceeded by 13.	Additional sessions were held.	
4.3.2	Percentage of complaints investigated	100%	100%	100%	None.	None.	

Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
4.3.3	Percentage of cases solved	53.97%	80%	79%	Target underachieved by 1%.	Unavailability of complainants and non- cooperation of respondents creates delays in resolution of matters. The complexity of case makes it difficult to resolve cases and delays speedy resolution. The absence of district offices also delays resolution of cases as we are not able to travel to districts to investigate matters.
4.3.4	Percentage of court cases adjudicated.	80%	100%	70.5%	Target under achieved by 29.5%.	Ten (10) cases received in 3rd and 4th quarter, "returns of service" still outstanding from the Office of the Sherriff of the Court. The process before adjudication can take place, is approximately 30 days. External factors, such as attorneys requesting postponements and non-attendance of witnesses delays the adjudication process.

Sub-Programme: Consumer Protection Strategic Objective: Promotion and protection of consumer rights						
Perfo Indica	rmance ator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
4.3.5	Number of compliance Inspections conducted in the Province.	367	240	274	Target exceeded by 34.	Overachieved target by using current staff to perform additional functions,

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Consumer Protection	8 149	8 149	-	6 158	6 158	-
Total	8 149	8 149	-	6 158	6 158	-

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

Compliance inspections were conducted in conjunction with Consumer Awareness education programmes. Two inspectors were appointed. Three employees transferred from the Department to address the need to overcome areas of underperformance.

In – year changes to planned targets

There were no in-year changes to targets.



2.4.5. PROGRAMME 5: POLICY, RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

2.4.5.1 Economic Policy Development Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-	Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build
Outcome	 programme The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor
Strategic objective	Coordinate effective and Integrated Economic Planning
Objective Statement	To coordinate economic policy implementation in order to ensure effective economic planning.
Indicator	Number of reports produced on implementation of Outcomes Delivery Agreement.
Target	32 Reports produced on implementation of Outcomes Delivery Agreements by 2019.

Perfo	ormance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
5.1.1	Number of economic strategies developed.	1	1	Not achieved.	The Framework for the development of the Provincial Blue Print was developed.	Due to staff shortage the blue print could not be finalised in the 2016/17 financial year, it will be completed in the next financial year

	Programme: Econo			Planning and Polic	v development	
	rmance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
5.1.2	Number of economic strategies reviewed.	3	4	 Analysis of the Sustainable Development Goals produced. Analysis of the Industrial Policy Action plan produced. Nine Point Plan reviewed. DEDaT situation Analysis for the Strategic Plan updated. Outcome 6 Midterm review 	The target was exceeded by 1.	The Outcome 6 Mid-term Review was developed as per the request from the Office of the Premier in line with DPMA requirements
5.1.3	Number of Economic Dialogues with stakeholders convened.	5	2	Three (3) Reports produced on Economic Symposia held	An additional District Economic Symposium was held in Namakwa District Municipality	This was as per request from Namakwa District Municipality.
5.1.4	Number of Outcomes Implementation forums convened.	5	8	Eight (8) Outcome 4 and 6 coordination reports produced.	None	None

Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Economic Policy Development	2 947	2 947	-	3 481	3 481	-
Total	2 947	2 947	-	3 481	3 481	-

2.4.5.2 Research and Development Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Outcome:	
Government Sub-	Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build
Outcome	programme
	• The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment
	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs
	Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded
	employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros
	Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded
	and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly
	Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency
	Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by
	enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor
Strategic objective	Conduct relevant economic research
Objective statement	To conduct and facilitate socio-economic research that will inform planning to promote growth and development.
Indicator	Investment in research and development as % of the departmental budget
Target	At least 2.5% of departmental budget to be spent on research activities.

Sub-F	Sub-Programme: Research and Development								
Strate	Strategic Objective: Facilitation of Efficient Economic Research.								
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation			
5.2.1	Number of research reports compiled.	2	2	2	None	None			
5.2.2	Number of research-and-development initiatives supported.	5	2	2	None	None			

Sub-F	Sub-Programme: Research and Development									
Strate	Strategic Objective: Facilitation of Efficient Economic Research.									
Perfo	rmance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation				
5.2.3	Number of Economic Intelligence reports developed.	5	4	5	The target was exceed by 1.	Overachievement on target because of the lack of a credible SMME database in the Department, which was one key finding from the second quarter Research Report. And thus a need arose that this finding needed to be elevated, by means of an Economic Intelligence report which for all intents and purpose was to highlight the significance of an current and credible database, more so for the SMME's assisted by the Department.				
5.2.4	Reviewed DEDaT Research Agenda	1	1	1	None.	None.				

Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017	2015/2016			
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Research and Development	4 088	4 088	-	4 245	4 245	-
Total	4 088	4 088	-	4 245	4 245	-

2.4.5.3 Knowledge Economy and Innovation Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government	Decent employment through inclusive growth.
Outcomes:	An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
Government Sub-	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs.
Outcome	 Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly. Expansion, modernisation, access and affordability of our information and communications infrastructure ensured: telephony, broadband and television. Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor.
Strategic objective	Facilitation of a provincially based Knowledge economy
Objective Statement	To develop a knowledge society, through innovation, that enhances inclusive economic growth
Indicator	Number of districts connected to the national broadband backbone.
Target	5 of 5 districts in the province with access to high speed broadband internet.

Strategic Objective: For Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
5.3.1	Number of Knowledge Management systems developed.	4	1	1	None.	None.
5.3.2	Number of district municipalities with access to broadband connectivity.	New	1	The target was not achieved.	Implementation is reliant on the appointment of implementation service provider by the Department of Telecommunication and Postal Services.	Target to be implemented in the 2017/2018 financial year.
5.3.3	Number of Digital Infrastructure initiatives implemented.	1	1	The target was not achieved.	The Memorandum of Agreement between DEDaT, Sol Plaatje Municipality, Northern Cape Community Education College and mLab Southern Africa was only signed on the 29th March 2017.	Target to be implemented in the 2017/2018 financial year.

Sub-Programme: Knowledge Economy and Innovation									
Strategic Objective: Facilitation of a Knowledge based economy.									
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation			
5.3.4	Number of e-skills development initiatives implemented.	6	7	12	Target exceeded by 5.	Over achievement was realised through collaboration with various stakeholders including DPSA, Geekulcha, and Google.			
5.3.5	Number of reports produced on percentage of project value locally procured through the SKA	New	4	4	None.	None.			

Linking performance with budgets

Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	2016/2017 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	2015/2016 Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Knowledge Economy and Innovation	5 242	5 242	-	4 461	4 461	-
Total	5 242	5 242	-	4 461	4 461	-

2.4.5.4 Monitoring and Evaluation Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub- Outcome	 Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build programme The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs Spatial imbalances in economic opportunities are addressed through expanded employment in agriculture, the built programme and densification in the metros Economic opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are expanded and the number of sustainable small business and cooperatives is improved markedly Public employment schemes provide relief for the unemployed and build community solidarity and agency Investment in research, development and innovation supports inclusive growth by enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and improving the living conditions of the poor
Strategic objective	Monitoring and evaluation of service delivery initiatives
objective Statement	Monitor and evaluate the service delivery initiatives to assess their socio-economic impact.
Indicator	% of outcome 4 service delivery initiatives evaluated
Target	50% (of 60) Outcome 4 service delivery initiatives to be evaluated by 2019.

Sub-Programme: Monitoring and Evaluation Strategic Objective: Effective monitoring and evaluation of service delivery initiatives.								
Perfo	rmance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation		
5.4.1	Number of monitoring reports produced.	4	5	5	None.	None.		
5.4.2	Number of evaluation reports produced.	2	2	2	None.	None.		



Linking performance with budgets

		2016/2017			2015/2016	
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000
Monitoring and Evaluation	2 370	2 370	-	2 348	2 348	-
Total	2 370	2 370	-	2 348	2 348	-

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The programme should focus on the critical area of recruiting an assistant director in Policy and Planning unit as some of the non-achievement of targets is in this unit. The failure to finalise the Economic Blue Print is because of a lack of this critical resource. In KE&I all the resources need to be mustered to ensure greater involvement by all the staff promoting the outward focus of the unit. The slow progress with regards to implementation of the MPAT is an example of this.

The focus on enterprise information architecture and management information systems is gradually being reduced in terms of importance with more emphasis being put on e-learning and training and development of youth and students.

In – year changes to planned targets

There were no changes in-year to planned targets.



2.4.6. PROGRAMME 6: TOURISM

2.4.6.1 Tourism Growth (formerly Research and Planning) Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth						
Government Sub-	The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment						
Outcome	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs						
	• Investment in research, developing and innovation support inclusive growth by						
	enhancing productivity of existing and emerging enterprises and supporting the development of new industries.						
	·						
Strategic Objective	Fostering inclusivity to unlock tourism development						
Objective statement	To facilitate opportunities for growth in the tourism industry to enable tourism development.						
Indicator	% compliance to provincial tourism policies and regulations						
Target	100% compliance to provincial tourism policies and regulations by 2020.						

	Sub-Programme: Tourism Growth Strategic Objective: Promotion and facilitation of efficient tourism research and planning.							
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation		
6.1.1	Number of tourism industry performance reports produced.	1	2	 Provincial	None	None		
6.1.2	Number of studies developed.	-	1	1 • Marine and Coastal Tourism.	None	None		
6.1.3	Number of Provincial Tourism Forums established	New	1	1	None	None		
6.1.4	Number of campaigns against illegal tourist guiding.	4	60	60	None	None		
6.1.5	Number of community tourism awareness campaigns.	2	11	9	Target underachieved by 2.	Protracted legal endorsement process for documentation.		
6.1.6	Number of tourism industry interventions.	4	5	5	None	None		

Linking performance with budgets

2016/2017				2015/2016			
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	(Over)/Under Expenditure R'000	
Tourism Growth	5 789	5 789	-	5 175	5 175	-	
Total	5 789	5 789	-	5 175	5 175	-	

2.4.6.2 Tourism Development

(Previously Tourism Growth and Development)

Strategic Objectives, Performance Indicators and Targets

Government Outcome:	Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
Government Sub-	Productive Investment is effectively crowed in through the infrastructure build
Outcome	programme
	The productive Sectors account for a growing share of production and employment
	Workers education and skills increasingly meet economic needs
	Economic Opportunities for historically excluded and vulnerable groups are
	expanded and the growth in small businesses and cooperatives is improving
	markedly (These look more like statements than they do outcomes.)
Strategic Objective	To develop and promote an equitable, competitive and sustainable tourism destination,
	enhancing its contribution to provincial priorities.
Objective statement	To ensure destination competitiveness and employment creation is achieved by way of
	enhancing and diversifying tourism experiences, supporting tourism enterprisers and
	innovative destination promotion.
Indicator	Percentage growth in visitor numbers.
Target	Grow visitor numbers by 3% by 2019.



	Sub-Programme: Tourism Development Strategic-Objective: Stimulation of visitor demand through tourism industry development and promotion.							
	rmance	Actual Planned Achievement Target 2015/2016 2016/2017		Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation		
6.2.1	Number of tourism enterprises supported non- financially	58	40	67 tourism enterprises supported non- financially.	27 additional tourism enterprises supported.	Good mobilization and benefiting from partnerships with Open Africa and NDT assisted to exceed target.		
6.2.2	Number of tourism enterprises supported financially.	12	5	Batsumi Lodge and Pub (Kimberley) Gami Goas Guest House (Port Nolloth) Jo's B and B (Calvinia) Sizamile Guest House (Port Nolloth) Siphumlakahle Guest House (Kimberley) PMST Residentials trading as Die Ark (Kimberley) Nonong Trading and Projects (Heuningvlei) Die Potlepel Tourist Farm(Steinkopf) Xaus Lodge	Target exceeded by 4.	South African Tourism (SAT) opened additional opportunities for tourism entrepreneurs to attend the Tourism Expo in Durban. One tourism enterprise received air tickets for two employees to attend the Tourism Expo in Durban to help them access the international markets.		

	egic-Objective:					
Performance Indicator		Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
6.2.3	Number of Tourism experiences supported.		9	11 • Kimberley Diamond Cup: Skating for Hope events (SFH) - 23 April 2016 - 28 May 2016 - 2 June 2016 - 3 June 2016 - 5 June 2017 - 17 July 2017 - 6 August 2017 - 2 Grand Slam Events: - 7 May 2017 - 16 June 2017 • Naba Food and Wine Festival. • Rejuvenation of the Witsand Nature Reserve. • Gariep Arts Festival • Arid National Park's Infrastructure development. • Williston Winter Festival. • Nama Trail Run. • Richtersveld Wild Run. • Galeshewe Street Carnival. • Metro FM Heatwave. • Khai Ma Cultural Festival	Target exceed by 2.	 The Kimberley Diamond Cup (main event) was called off because of contractual dispute with the service provider. Kalahari Red Dune Sign Survey not completed as funds were reprioritised for maintenance of the Kumba Skate Plaza. The Heritage Route Sign Survey not completed because funds were reprioritised for maintenance of the Kumba Skate Plaza. The N12 Road Sign Survey not completed because funds were reprioritised for maintenance of the Kumba Skate Plaza. The N12 Road Sign Survey not complete because funds were reprioritised for maintenance of the Kumba Skate Plaza.

Sub-F	Programme: Tou	rism Developmen	t			
Strate	egic-Objective: S	timulation of visi	tor demand th	rough tourism indu	stry development aı	nd promotion.
Perfo Indica	rmance ator	Actual Achievement 2015/2016	Planned Target 2016/2017	Actual Achievement 2016/2017	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2016/2017	Comment on Deviation
6.2.4	Number of tourism infrastructure projects supported.		3	Three route-based visitor information offices successfully supported: • Ashkam. • Kakmas Visitor Information Centre (VIC). • Port Nolloth Museum.	None.	The target for the Kamfersdam Bird Viewing Platform could not be achieved because the water level was too low to support the viability of the project. Funds were reprioritised to support a television programme entitled "Hilde se Hartklanke".

Linking performance with budgets

		2015/2016				
Sub- Programme Name	Final Appropriation		-	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
Manne	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Tourism Development	35 938	33 678	2 260	39 977	39 550	427
Total	35 938	33 678	2 260	39 977	39 550	427

Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Road sign surveys for Kalahari Red Dune, Heritage and N12 Routes could not be pursued as funds were reprioritised for the maintenance of the Skate Park.

In – year changes to planned targets

The Kamfer's Dam bird viewing project was suspended because critically low water levels impacted on birdlife numbers. Instead the funding was used for a television series called "Hilde se Hartsklanke". The Kimberley Diamond Cup (main event) was called off because of contractual dispute with the service provider.

2.5. TRANSFER PAYMENTS

2.5.1 TRANSFER PAYMENTS TO PUBLIC ENTITIES

Table 2.5.1.1: transfer payments made for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Name of Public Entity	Service rendered by the public entity	Amount transferred to the public entity (R'000)	Amount spent by the public entity (R'000)	Achievements of the public entity
NCEDA	Promoting direct foreign and local investment in the Province	9 037	9 037	Please refer to the annual report of the Public Entity obtainable from the Public Entity
Northern Cape Liquor Board	Regulating the Liquor Industry in the Province	10 833	10 833	Please refer to the annual report of the Public Entity obtainable from the Public Entity
Northern Cape Gambling Board	Regulating the Gambling Industry in the Province	12 759	11 647	Please refer to the annual report of the Public Entity obtainable from the Public Entity
Northern Cape Tourism Agency (NCTA)	Marketing the Province as a Tourist Destination	21 269	21 269	Please refer to the annual report of the Public Entity obtainable from the Public Entity
Total		53 898	52 786	

2.5.2. TRANSFER PAYMENTS TO ALL ORGANISATIONS OTHER THAN PUBLIC ENTITIES

Table 2.5.2.1: Transfer payments made for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March

Name of transferee	Type of organisation	Purpose for which the funds were used	Did the dept. comply with s 38 (1) (j) of the PFMA	Amount transferred (R'000)	Amount spent by the entity (R'000)	Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity
KAI GARIB MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPALITY	TOURISM- SUPPORT	YES	130	130	N/A
NAMAKWA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPALITY	TOURISM- SUPPORT	YES	130	130	N/A
PIXLEY KA SEME	MUNICIPALITY	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	400	400	N/A
MIER MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPALITY	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	311	311	N/A
ERIS PROPERTY GROUP PTY LTD	MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPAL SERVICES	N/A	146	146	N/A

Name of transferee	Type of organisation	Purpose for which the funds were used	Did the dept. comply with s 38 (1) (j) of the PFMA	Amount transferred (R'000)	Amount spent by the entity (R'000)	Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity
//KHARA HAIS MUNISIPALITEIT	MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPAL SERVICES	N/A	6	6	N/A
SABC	AGENCY	TV LICENCES	N/A	1	1	N/A
KDJI	AGENCY	DIAMOND & JUWELERY INCUBATOR	YES	1 000	1 000	N/A
KIMBERLEY INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND	AGENCY	KIDJA TRUST	YES	1 540	1 540	N/A
MACRONYM 37CC	AGENCY	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	1 000	1 000	N/A
NORTHERN CAPE CLOTHING CLUSTER	DEPARTMENTAL AGENCY	CLOTHING AND TEXTILE CLUSTER	YES	1 612	1 612	N/A
NORTHERN CAPE SMME TRUST	DEPARTMENTAL AGENCY	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	18 664	18 664	N/A
AL-AMIRR HALAAL BUTCHRY	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	80	80	N/A
BAHESO BRICKMAKING	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	430	430	N/A
BATSUMI LODGE AND PUB	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT/ TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	1 618	1 618	N/A
BENCHMARKING AND MANUFACTURING	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	CLOTHING AND TEXTILE CLUSTER	YES	88	88	N/A
BOSCO SPORTS EVENT	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	2 000	2 000	N/A
CAREY GROUP	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM- SUPPORT	YES	20	20	N/A
DELVA GEORGES CIVIL AND GENERAL	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	5 000	5 000	N/A
DELVA GEORGES CIVIL AND GENERAL	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	285	285	N/A
DEN M'S BREAKDOWN SERVICE	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	300	300	N/A
DIE POTLEPER TOURISTE PLAAS	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	10	10	N/A

Name of transferee	Type of organisation	Purpose for which the funds were used	Did the dept. comply with s 38 (1) (j) of the PFMA	Amount transferred (R'000)	Amount spent by the entity (R'000)	Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity
DINATLA CO- OPERATIVE LIMITED	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	150	150	N/A
GAMII GOAS GUESTHOUSE	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	243	243	N/A
GARIEP KUNSTEFEES	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM EVENT SUPPORT	YES	200	200	N/A
GRIQUA DIAMONDS (NPC)	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	260	260	N/A
ILANUSHCA VAN NEEL TOURISM AND H	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM EVENT SUPPORT	YES	21	21	N/A
JO KAROO FLAVOUR	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	608	608	N/A
JO'S B AND B	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	100	100	N/A
KALAHAM INFO CENTRE & TENTED CAMP	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	8	8	N/A
LUXRAIL MAINTENANCE & CONSTRUCTION	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM- SUPPORT	YES	20	20	N/A
MAFARATLHA TECHNICAL NETWORKS	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	200	200	N/A
MAIKTRONIX	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	2 000	2 000	N/A
MASEDI STAR	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM EVENT SUPPORT	YES	44	44	N/A
NATIVE MIND TOURISM MARKETING	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	16	16	N/A
NONONG TRADING AND PROJECT CC	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	250	250	N/A
NOTHEMBEKILE NN TRADING	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	628	628	N/A
OPEN AFRICA	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	ROUTE DEVELOPMENT	YES	1 400	1 400	N/A

Name of transferee	Type of organisation	Purpose for which the funds were used	Did the dept. comply with s 38 (1) (j) of the PFMA	Amount transferred (R'000)	Amount spent by the entity (R'000)	Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity
PHULISO AUTOZONE PRIMARY	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	1 000	1 000	N/A
PMST RESIDENTIALS	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	254	254	N/A
PROPRINT	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	250	250	N/A
SANPARKS	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	ARID PARKS DEVELOPMENT	YES	1 000	1 000	N/A
SIPHUMLAKAHLE GUEST HOUSE	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	250	250	N/A
SIZAMILE GUEST HOUSE	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM SMME GRANT	YES	189	189	N/A
SPRINGBOK ONE HOUR LAB	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	630	630	N/A
TRIPONZA INVESTMENTS	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	SMME DEVELOPMENT	YES	1 500	1 500	N/A
UPINGTON LANDBOU EXPO	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM EVENT SUPPORT	YES	35	35	N/A
VINKIES TOURISM ENTERPRISE	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM- SUPPORT	YES	20	20	N/A
WYDEX EVENTS PROMOTIONS CC	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TOURISM EVENT SUPPORT	YES	50	50	N/A
PEP-DIVISION OF PEPKOR RETAIL LI	PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	DONATION	YES	20	20	N/A
BEZUIDENHOUT R	EX-EMPLOYEE	LEAVE GRATUITY	N/A	12	12	N/A
JULIUS E	EX-EMPLOYEE	LEAVE GRATUITY	N/A	447	447	N/A
SEHUNELO AD	EX-EMPLOYEE	LEAVE GRATUITY	N/A	17	17	N/A
BOBEJE, B	EX-EMPLOYEE	LEAVE GRATUITY	N/A	18	18	N/A
MATIENG EVENT T/A FUSION GRDN N	HOUSHOLDS	DONATION	YES	98	98	N/A
Total				46 709	46 709	

Table 2.5.2.2: Transfer payments budgeted for but not made for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Name of transferee		Purpose for which the funds were to be used		Amount transferred (R'000)	Reasons why funds were not transferred
None	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

2.6. CONDITIONAL GRANTS

2.6.1 CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND EARMARKED FUNDS PAID

Table 2.6.1.1: Conditional Grants and Earmarked funds paid for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Department/ Municipality to whom the grant has been transferred	Namakwa District Municipality
Purpose of the grant	EPWP
Expected outputs of the grant	expansion of the EPWP
Actual outputs achieved	100% Implementation
Amount per amended DORA	818
Amount transferred (R'000)	818
Reasons if amount as per DORA not transferred	100% transferred.
Amount spent by the department/ municipality (R'000)	818
Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity	N/A
Monitoring mechanism by the transferring department	In year monitoring report completed and submitted monthly. Employment contracts, attendance registers and site visits.

Table 2.6.1.2: Conditional Grants and Earmarked funds paid for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Department/ Municipality to whom the grant has been transferred	Pixley Ka Seme
Purpose of the grant	EPWP
Expected outputs of the grant	Expansion of The EPWP
Actual outputs achieved	100% Implementation
Amount per amended DORA	1 092
Amount transferred (R'000)	1 092
Reasons if amount as per DORA not transferred	100% Transferred.
Amount spent by the department/ municipality (R'000)	1 092
Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity	N/A
Monitoring mechanism by the transferring department	In year monitoring report completed and submitted monthly. Employment contracts, attendance registers and site visits.

Table 2.6.1.3: Conditional Grants and Earmarked funds paid for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Department/ Municipality to whom the grant has been transferred	Sol Plaatje Municipality
Purpose of the grant	EPWP
Expected outputs of the grant	Expansion Of The EPWP
Actual outputs achieved	100% implementation.
Amount per amended DORA	120
Amount transferred (R'000)	120
Reasons if amount as per DORA not transferred	N/A
Amount spent by the department/ municipality (R'000)	120
Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity	N/A
Monitoring mechanism by the transferring	In year monitoring report completed and submitted
department	monthly. Employment contracts, attendance registers and site visits.

2.6.2. CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND EARMARKED FUNDS RECEIVED

Table 2.6.2.1: Conditional Grants and Earmarked funds received during for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Department who transferred the grant	National Public Works
Purpose of the grant	To implement the projects as per EPWP principles for the Environmental Sector and to report the expenditure as well as work opportunities (w/o) created.
Expected outputs of the grant	Expansion of the EPWP.
Actual outputs achieved	100% implementation. 239 Work opportunities (WO) created.
Amount per amended DORA (R'000)	2 030
Amount received (R'000)	2 030
Reasons if amount as per DORA was not received	N/A
Amount spent by the department (R'000)	2 030
Reasons for the funds unspent by the entity	N/A
Reasons for deviations on performance	N/A
Measures taken to improve performance	N/A
Monitoring mechanism by the receiving department	In year monitoring report completed and submitted monthly. Employment contracts, attendance registers and site visits.

2.7. DONOR FUNDS

2.7.1 DONOR FUNDS RECEIVED

Table 2.7.1.1: Donor funds received during for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Name of donor	DTI (ECF Fund)
Full amount of the funding	R33 841 Million (Deposited into the NC Provincial Revenue Fund)
Period of the commitment	During 2010/2011 financial year until the project is 100% complete
Purpose of the funding	Support initiatives that develop skills and create employment for HDI youth in the Northern Cape Province (KIDJA and HUB projects)
Expected outputs	Skills development for youth so that they can become employable in the Diamond and Jewellery factories that will be established in the HUB
Actual outputs achieved	5 SMME's started own business who were trained at the academy and the department is supporting them by marketing their products. The academy has appointed 55 learnerships receiving a stipend for the period of 10 months.
Amount received (R'000)	R30 719 million (2010 – 2016/2017)
Amount spent by the department (R'000)	In 2016/2017, the department requested R3 700 million and R3 257 million was spent
Reasons for the funds unspent	The service provider appointed could not complete the service before the end of financial year
Monitoring mechanism by the donor	Quarterly reports submitted to DEDAT and DTI on how the funding was utilised

2.8. CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

2.8.1. CAPITAL INVESTMENT, MAINTENANCE AND ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN

All capital projects undertaken by the Department for the 2016/17 financial year consists of renovations, upgrades and additions to the existing infrastructure of the Kimberley International Diamond and Jewellery Academy (KIDJA) and the adjoining Kim Diamond administrative facility.

Projects initiated include the following:

- Installation of air-conditioning units at the Kim Diamond Incubation Centre
- Installation of a water purification system at the Kim Diamond facility.
- Walkway construction at the Kim Diamond Yellow Flank
- · Construction of a shade port at the GTC Building
- On-going construction and improvements to the canteen and ablution block at the Kimberley International Diamond and Jewellery Academy

Conditional assessments were conducted by the Department of Roads and Public Works for KIDJA, the Kumba Skate Plaza and the Northern Cape Tourism Information Flagship Centre. Based on these assessments a Departmental infrastructure maintenance plan was drafted for implementation set to commence within the 2017/18 financial period.

Infrastructure		2016/2017			2015/2016	
projects	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure (R'000)	(Over)/Under Expenditure (R'000)	Final Appropriation (R'000)	Actual Expenditure (R'000)	(Over)/Under Expenditure (R'000)
New and replacement assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Existing infrastructure assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Upgrades and additions	3299	3299		314	314	
Rehabilitation, renovations and refurbishments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance and repairs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current	-	-	-	-	=	-
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3299	3299	_	314	314	-



3.1. INTRODUCTION

The Accounting Officer is responsible for the governance of the Department. The following makes up the department's governance structures:

- An executive management committee chaired by the Head of Department.
- An extended executive management committee which includes senior managers and responsibility managers and is also chaired by the Head of Department.
- An Enterprise Risk Management Committee chaired by an external Executive Manager.
- An Audit Committee providing independent oversight over governance, risk management and control processes.
- An independent internal audit function providing independent assurance that the controls in place to manage and mitigate risks are adequate and functioning effectively.
- An Information Communication Steering Committee chaired by the Chief Operations Officer.
- A departmental Planning Forum chaired by the Head of Economic Policy Development

During the period, the Department introduced systems and processes to enhance its governance processes. These systems were also meant to assist the department in addressing audit issues and reduce the number of findings.

3.2. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department has an approved risk management policy, risk management strategy and an annual risk management implementation plan in place.

In line with the departmental risk management strategy, annual risk assessments are conducted both at a strategic and operational level. Risks were prioritised based on its likelihood and impact (inherently and residually). Management developed risk response plans and implemented those plans to ensure risks are mitigated to acceptable levels. New/emerging risks were identified on a quarterly basis. Quarterly risk awareness sessions were conducted throughout the year to educate departmental employees.

The departmental risk management committee is chaired by an Independent External Chairperson. The departmental risk management committee assists the Accounting Officer in addressing his/her oversight requirements of risk management and evaluating and monitoring the department's performance with regards to Risk Management. The Committee operates under a Risk Management Committee Charter approved by the Accounting Officer. Progress on the implementation of the annual risk management implementation plan was reported to Risk Management Committee. The committee in main evaluated the effectiveness of the mitigating strategies implemented.

An independent assessment of the department's risk management processes was performed by the Shared Internal Audit Unit.

The Audit Committee provided the independent oversight of the department's system of risk management. The audit committee was furnished with quarterly progress reports on the significant risks faced by the Department.

3.3. FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

The Department has an approved fraud prevention plan in place. An annual fraud implementation plan has been approved by the Acting Head of Department and implemented by departmental officials. Regular implementation progress reports were presented to the Risk Management Committee.

The Department has an approved Whistle-Blowing Policy in place. An annual whistle blowing implementation plan was developed, approved and implemented. Regular progress on the implementation plan was presented to the Risk Management Committee.

The approved policies were uploaded on the departmental intranet to enhance awareness and information sharing and to manage the potential risks of fraud and corruption. Quarterly fraud risk management awareness sessions were conducted throughout the year.

3.4. MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The Department has adopted the Remuneration for Work Outside the Public Service (RWOPS) policy to manage conflict of interest, which ensures that the department does not do business with its employees. The Gifts Policy provides for the Gifts Register and ensures that employees refrain from accepting or soliciting gifts.

3.5. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Department of Economic Development and Tourism uses the Code of Conduct for the Public Service and generally disciplines employees who breach this code. Awareness sessions are conducted and all new employees are issued with a copy of the Code and they sign for receipt thereof.

3.6. HEALTH SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Department has an adopted Health and Safety Policy in place. All the necessary structures are in place to ensure that it is implemented. Health and Safety Committee members are trained on the Occupational Health and Safety Act. The Department has an adopted Health and Safety Policy in place. All the necessary structures are in place to ensure that it is implemented. The Health and Safety Committee members are trained on the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

3.7. PORTFOLIO COMMITTEES

Resolution and Date	Matters raised by the Portfolio Committee	Response by the department
House Resolutions on the 2nd quarter report 2016/17 Vote 6 Committee was briefed by DEDaT on 15 November 2016	 The Department must: Ensure that adequate assistance and support is given to cooperatives in order to develop into entrepreneurs. Ensure that they conclude on the outstanding cases namely; the Diamonds, Bed Factory, the T-Shirt machine and allow for the courts to conclude on the order litigations cases. Urgently fill all vacant funded posts consistent with the Treasury Guidelines on cost containment. 	 The Department take note of the recommendations made. There are no court cases with regard to the Diamond Bed and T-Shirt machine.
House Resolutions on the 3rd quarter report 2016/17 Vote 6 Committee was briefed by DEDaT	The Department must: • Ensure that they speedily fill all vacant and funded posts. Reports The department to submit the following reports within 30days after the adoption of the report in the House 1. The social-economic report on IPP's	 The Department filled 10% of the vacant and funded posts at the end of the 2016/17 financial year. The requested
on 22 March 2017	 The rationalization report on all provincial public entities. Diagnostic report on the status of the NCPGDS as well as; An update report on the twinning potential from Hunan in China. 	reports will be submitted in the new financial year 2017/18.

3.8. SCOPA RESOLUTIONS

The Department presented its Annual Report for the 2015/16 financial year to the Joint Committee of the Portfolio Committee on Finance, Economic Development & Tourism and the Standing Committee on Public Accounts on the 15th of November 2016.

Resolution No.	Subject	Details	Response by the department
1	Unqualified audit opinion with findings.	The Portfolio Committee recommends that the department must take punitive actions against officials who are reluctant to discharge their responsibilities and carry out the law as stipulated. A detailed report on the items that	Subsequent to the 2015/16 year- end audit, an Audit Action Plan was developed in order to address the internal control weaknesses identified by the Auditor-General. The department conducted an
		led to the department to incur irregular expenditure.	investigation on the irregular expenditure incurred.

3.9. PRIOR MODIFICATIONS TO AUDIT REPORTS

Nature of qualification, disclaimer, adverse opinion and matters of non-compliance	Financial year in which it first arose	Progress made in clearing / resolving the matter
Unqualified audit opinion w	ith findings	
Irregular expenditure to the amount R12 563 000.00 (prior year R22.315 million) was incurred as a result of invalid deviations for travel agencies.	2014/15	Meeting held with all travel management companies to discuss the changes in the SCM Processes. Travel management companies registered on the Central Suppliers Database. The changes in the SCM Processes presented and discussed at the Executive Management Committee meeting. Sourcing of quotations for all travel expenditure are performed by the SCM Unit. Regular engagements with the Provincial Supply Chain Management Support of NCPT. Advertised the tender for Travel Management services in the Tender Bulletin on the 3rd of February 2017.

3.10. INTERNAL CONTROL UNIT

The Department does not have an Internal Control Unit, However, the Directorate: Management Accounting and Directorate: Financial Accounting in Supply Chain Management Unit fulfil the function of an Internal Control Unit as submissions, forms, route forms and delegations are compiled in such a manner to ensure compliance.

3.11. INTERNAL AUDIT AND AUDIT COMMITTEES

The Internal Audit service has been performed by the Northern Cape Provincial Treasury's "Provincial Internal Audit Service". The function was set up under section 38(1)(a)(i) and section 76(4)(e) of the PFMA as a shared function for the Northern Cape Provincial Administration, and in terms of paragraph 3.2.3. of the Treasury Regulations.

The Internal Audit provides management with independent, objective assurance and consulting services designed to add value and to continuously improve the operations of the Department. It assisted the department to accomplish its objective by bringing a systematic disciplined approach to evaluate and improve effectiveness of Governance, Risk Management and Control processes.

The following key activities are performed in this regards:

- Assess and make appropriate recommendations for improving the governance processes in achieving the departments objectives;
- Evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness and contribute to the improvements of risk management processes; and
- Assist the Accounting Officer in maintaining efficient and effective controls by evaluating those controls
 to determine their effectiveness and efficiency and by developing recommendations for enhancement or
 improvement.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

GOVERNANCE INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Using the risk assessment as a basis, audit reviews for the year included operations, compliance, performance and follow-up reviews. According to the 2016/17 Internal Audit Plan the unit targeted eighteen audits and completed twenty one audits.

The Auditor-General South Africa, Provincial Accountant General and Provincial Risk Management Unit were invited to the Audit Committee meetings.

Summary of Audit Work Done

The Provincial Internal Audit Unit must evaluate and contribute to the improvement of governance, risk management and control processes using a systematic discipline approach:

- · Governance: making appropriate recommendation by improving the governance processes
- Risk management: Evaluating risk exposures relating to the Department's governance, operations and information system
- Control: Evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of control in responding to risk within the Department's governance, operations and information system.

Audit Committee Members' Profiles and Attendance.

Name	Qualifications	Internal or external	If internal, position in the department	Date appointed	Date Resigned	No. of Meetings attended
Adv. DJ Block	B.luris,LLB, Higher Diploma In Taxation	External	-	01 December 2014	N/A	05
Mr. AL Kimmie	B.Compt(hons); RGA;SAIPA;MBA; Reg. Public Service Financial Officer	External	-	01 December 2014	N/A	04
Mr. V.A. Makaleni	MAP (UP); Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) (UFS); Management Advancement Programme (WITS); Advanced Management Development Programme (UP); Certificate in Risk Management (UJ)	External	-	01 December 2014	N/A	04
Ms OJ Gill	B Com, B Com (hons) in Business Management, Cert. in Executive Development Program	Internal	Chief Director Department of Public Works	01 December 2014	30 October 2016	0
Ms. E Botes	ND: Police Administration, Bachelor's degree in Police Science, Certificate in Executive Development Program	Internal	Acting Head of Department Dept. Environment and Nature Conservation.	01 December 2014	30 October 2016	0

3.12. AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee is pleased to present its report for the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

1. AUDIT COMMITTEE RESPONSIBILITY

The Audit Committee has adopted formal terms of reference, as its Audit Committee Charter. The Audit Committee has discharged its responsibilities in terms of its charter as contained therein, in line with the requirements of section 38(1)(a) of the PFMA and Treasury Regulation 3.1. as follows:

- reviewed the interim and Annual Financial Statements and non-financial performance reports
- took appropriate steps to ensure the financial statements were prepared in accordance with applicable standards in the manner required by the PFMA
- · Considered and made recommendations on internal controls and reviewed the internal audit charter
- reviewed and approved the internal audit plan
- reviewed internal audit and risk management reports and, where relevant, made recommendations to the Accounting Officer
- · evaluated the effectiveness of risk management, controls and governance processes, and
- noted the audit fees and engagement terms of the Auditor General of South Africa (AGSA).

2. THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL AND INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT) GOVERNANCE

The system of internal control are the responsibility of the Department's management and are designed to provide effective assurance that assets are safe guarded and that liabilities and working capital are efficiently managed. In line with the requirements of the PFMA, Internal Audit Function provides the Audit Committee and the Departmental Management with the assurance that the systems of internal controls are appropriate and effective. This is achieved by means of risk management process, as well as the identification of corrective actions and suggested enhancement of the controls and processes. The Committee reviewed the Internal Audit Reports, AGSA Audit Report and Management Report on the Annual Financial Statements and has noted with concern, the weaknesses in controls around the following areas:

Supply Chain Management processes

The Audit Committee notes the progress made by management in addressing prior year audit findings raised both by the internal audit and the AGSA as these issues impacted on the reliability of the system of internal control within the Department.

The following internal audit work was completed during the year under review:

- Asset Management
- HRD Employee Performance Development
- · HRD Employee Health and Wellness
- HRD Training and Development
- HRM Leave Management
- HRM Recruitment and selection including transfers and termination
- Information technology systems review (assess IT governance systems)
- Management Assessment Performance Tool
- · Quarterly follow up audits
- Quarterly review on Performance information verification
- Records and Security management
- Review of Interim Financial Statements and Annual Financial Statements
- · Review of risk management processes and minimum anti-corruption capacity requirements
- Salary Management
- Supply Chain Management

The Audit Committee also reviewed the progress with respect to the ICT Governance in line with the Framework issued by DPSA. Although there was significant progress on ICT controls, the Audit Committee have identified priority areas for improvement in implementation of the Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan.

3. IN -YEAR MANAGEMENT AND MONTHLY/ QUARTERLY REPORT

The Audit Committee through the Internal Audit Function was satisfied with the content and quality of quarterly reports prepared and issued by the Accounting Officer and the department during the year.

The reports were discussed with Department officials. Progress has been made in the development and quality of these management reports and the department has been reporting monthly and quarterly to the Office of the Premier and Provincial Treasury as required by the PFMA.

During the year Program 6's performance was a concern to the committee and the Department was advised to focus on the costing vs. the indicators in this programme.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

Progress on the departmental risk management was reported on a quarterly basis to the Audit Committee and is satisfied that the actual management of risk is receiving attention, although there are areas that still require improvement. Management should continue to support the Risk Officer to even further enhance the performance of the Department and incorporate risk management into the strategy of the Department. The actual management of risks through the implementation of action plans. The functioning of the Risk Management Committee will be monitored throughout the 2017/18 financial year.

5. EVALUATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee has:

- Reviewed and discussed the audited annual financial statements to be included in the annual report, with the Auditor-General and the Accounting Officer;
- Reviewed the Auditor-General's management report and management's response thereto;
- Reviewed changes to accounting policies and practices as reported in the annual financial statements;
- Reviewed the department's processes for compliance with legal and regulatory provisions;
- Reviewed the information on predetermined objectives as reported in the annual report; and
- Reviewed and where appropriate recommended changes to the interim financial statements as presented by the department for the six months ending 30 September 2016.

6. ONE-ON-ONE MEETING WITH THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

The Audit Committee had met with the Accounting Officer during the year to address unresolved issues at the Department that were raised during the Audit Committee Meetings.

7. REPORT TO EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY

In the 2016-17 financial year the Chairperson of the Audit Committee had met the Member of the Executive on and sent quarterly reports to the Member of the Executive on the progress made by the Department with issues relating to governance, risk management and internal control environment.

8. AUDITOR'S GENERAL REPORT

The Audit Committee wishes to express its appreciation to the management of the Department, AGSA and Provincial Internal Audit for the co-operation and information they have provided to fulfil our mandate and enable us to compile this report.

The Audit Committee concurs and accepts the conclusion of the Auditor General Report on the annual financial statement.

Advocate Derick Block

Chairperson of the Audit Committee

Department of Economic Development and Tourism



4.1. INTRODUCTION

The status of human resources in the department

The human resource function is performed efficiently and effectively within the directorate of human resource management, with the following sub-directorates fully functional:

- · Human Resource Administration,
- · Human Resource Development,
- · Labour Relations, and
- Employee Health and Wellness.

The comprehensive HR Plan, HRD Implementation Plan, Employment Equity Plan and the Workplace Skills Plan all guide the HR function in the department. The function is also directed by the comprehensive policy framework that includes the Public Service Regulations, the Leave Determination, Recruitment and Selection Policy, Training Policy, Employee Health and Wellness Policy, Sexual Harassment Policy and others which ensure consistent application of rules and regulations.

Human resource priorities for the year under review and the impact of these

The priorities include the following:

- The reduction of the vacancy rate to within 10% or below,
- To maintain the turnover rate at 10% or below,
- · A review of the HR policies to comply with any changes in the Labour Law,
- The implementation of the ethics standards as required by the Public Administration Management Act, and
- The improvement of MPAT scores related to the human resource management function.

Workforce planning and key strategies to attract and recruit a skilled and capable workforce

The recruitment process was guided by a comprehensive HR Plan which sought to recruit and place a skilled and capable workforce at the right place at the right time. The recruitment of senior management was guided by the competency assessment as prescribed. The pursuit of targeting 50% women at senior management level continued, as well as efforts to ensure that 5 % the workforce of the department is comprised of those who are physically challenged.

Employee performance management

The Department utilises the Employee Performance and Management System and Chapter 4 of the SMS Handbook to manage performance in a manner that rewards excellence and correct poor performance. The performance agreements, workplans, personal development plans are concluded annually as part of performance management.

Employee wellness programmes

The Department has established the employee wellness and diversity unit to manage the employee wellness programmes. As part of this, four compulsory employee health and wellness policies and operational plans are guiding our wellness programmes. The Department launched a 24-hour employee assistance programme on 30 March 2017.

Achievements and challenges faced by the Department, as well as future human resource plans/goals.

The human resource function is now focussed and dedicated and is a reliable strategic partner to the line functionaries in the Department. In the past few years it has consistently improved its value addition to the strategic direction of the Department. It has facilitated the recruitment of suitable candidates into key posts in the department. The Department is subsidising its employees in their efforts to upskill themselves through several bursaries.

We strive to continuously upskill and motivate our human resource team to be ethical HR generalists who add value to the strategic objectives of the Department. The Ethics Programme is being institutionalised within the labour Relations unit.

4.2. HUMAN RESOURCE OVERSIGHT STATISTICS

4.2.1. PERSONNEL RELATED EXPENDITURE

Table 4.2.1.1 Personnel expenditure by programme for the period 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017

Programme	Total expenditure (R'000)	Personnel expenditure (R'000)	Training expenditure (R'000)	Professional and special services expenditure (R'000)	Personnel expenditure as a % of total expenditure	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Administration	44 129	30 504	0.00	0.00	69	142
Small business Development (IEDS)	53 305	12 959	0.00	0.00	24	60
Trade and Sector Development	26 386	8 548	0.00	0.00	32	40
Business Regulation and Governance	28 782	6 008	0.00	0.00	21	28
Policy Research and Innovation (Economic Planning)	15 436	11 012	0.00	0.00	71	51
Tourism	37 639	9 256	0.00	0.00	25	43
Total	205 677	78 287	0.00	0.00	38	364

Table 4.2.1.2 Personnel costs by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017

Salary band	Personnel expenditure (R'000)	% of total personnel cost	No. of employees	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	5 620	216 144	26	216 144
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	17 310	320 562	54	320 562
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	40 115	565 000	71	565 000
Senior and Top management (levels 13-16)	24 230	969 182	25	969 182
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 6-8)	295	295 461	1	295 461
Contract (levels 9-12)	726	726 350	1	726 350
Contract (levels 13-16)	1 894			
Contract Other	1 520	54 293	28	54 293
Periodical Remuneration	2 247	374 571	6	374 571
Abnormal Appointment	-	-	-	-
Total	93 957	3521563	212	3521563

Table 4.2.1.3 Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Aid by programme for the period 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017

	Salaries		Ove	Overtime Home Ow Allowar			Med	dical Aid
Programme	Amount (R'000	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Administration	27 958	77.3	0	0	881	2.4	1 496	4.1
Small business Development (IEDS) (INTERGRATE ECONOMIC DEV SERV)	9 910	63.5	0	0	351	2.3	501	3.2
Trade and Sector Development	7 920	79.5	0	0	166	1.7	231	2.3
Business Regulation and Governance	6 655	77.4	0	0	193	2.2	315	3.7
Policy Research and Innovation (Economic Planning)	11 020	78.3	0	0	364	2.6	417	3
Tourism	8 569	74.4	0	0	237	2.1	466	4
Total	72 032	75.1	0	0	2 192	2.3	3 426	3.6

Table 4.2.1.4 Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Aid by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017

	Sal	aries	Ove	ertime		Owners wance	Med	lical Aid
Salary Band	Amount (R'000	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	3 823	67.8	0	0	392	6.9	580	10.3
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	12 760	73.3	0	0	672	3.9	1 168	6.7
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	31 110	76.2	0	0	697	1.7	1 353	3.3
Senior and Top management (levels 13-16)	20 126	80.1	0	0	417	1.7	303	1.2
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-
Contract Other	1520	97.9	0	0				
Contract (levels 6-8)	211	71.3	0	0	14	4.9	25	8.4
Contract (levels 9-12)	726	99	0	0				
Contract (levels 13-16)	1 755	86.3	0	0				
Periodical Remuneration	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-
Abnormal Appointment	-		0	0	-	-	-	-
Total	72 031	75.1	0	0	2 192	2.3	3 429	3.6

4.2.2. EMPLOYMENT AND VACANCIES

Table 4.2.2.1 Employment and vacancies by programme as on 31 March 2017

Programme	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Administration	101.00	93.00	7.92	0.00
Small business Development (IEDS)	34.00	29.00	14.71	0.00
Trade and Sector Development	23.00	19.00	17.39	0.00
Business Regulation and Governance	27.00	18.00	33.33	0.00
Policy Research and Innovation (Economic Planning)	27.00	24.00	11.11	0.00
Tourism	26.00	24.00	7.69	0.00
Total	238.00	207.00	13.03	0.00

Table 4.2.2.2 Employment and vacancies by salary band as on 31 March 2017

Salary band	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Lower skilled (1-2)	-	-	-	
Skilled (3-5)	34.00	26.00	23.53	0.00
Highly skilled production (6-8)	63.00	54.00	14.29	0.00
Highly skilled supervision (9-12)	79.00	71.00	10.13	0.00
Senior management (13-16)	31.00	25.00	19.35	0.00
09 Other, Permanent	28.00	28.00	0.00	0.00
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 6-8)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Contract (levels 9-12)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Contract (levels 13-16)	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Periodical Remuneration	-	-	-	-
Abnormal Appointment	-	-	-	-
Total	238.00	207.00	13.03	0.00

Table 4.2.2.3 Employment and vacancies by critical occupation as on 31 March 2017

Critical occupations	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Administrative Related, Perm	97.00	87.00	10.31	0.00
Client information clerks (e.g. switchboard	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Communication and information related	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
Computer programmers	-	-	-	-
Computer system designers and analysts	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Economists	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Finance and economics related	8.00	8.00	0.00	0.00
Financial and related professionals	7.00	7.00	0.00	0.00
Financial clerks and credit controllers	8.00	8.00	0.00	0.00
Food services aids and waiters	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General legal administration and related professionals	6.00	4.00	33.33	0.00
Human resources and organisation developed and related	11.00	10.00	9.09	0.00
Human resources clerks	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Human resources related	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Information technology related	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Language practitioners, interpreters and other communication	-	-	-	-
Library mail and related clerks	5.00	5.00	0.00	0.00
Material-recording clerks and transport clerks	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Messengers, porters and deliverers	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
Other administration and related clerks and organisers	9.00	8.00	11.11	0.00
Other administrative policy and related officers	5.00	5.00	0.00	0.00
Other information technology personnel	3.00	2.00	33.33	0.00
Other occupations	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
Regulatory inspectors	14.00	10.00	28.57	0.00
Risk management and security services	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Secretaries and other keyboard operating clerks	15.00	11.00	26.67	0.00
Security guards	6.00	6.00	0.00	0.00
Security Officers, Permanent	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Senior managers	18.00	14.00	22.22	0.00
Trade Labourers, Permanent	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Trade/industry advisors and other related professionals	9.00	6.00	33.33	0.00
Total	238.00	207.00	13.03	0.00

4.2.3. FILLING OF SMS POSTS

Table 4.2.3.1 SMS post information as on 31 March 2017

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS posts filled	% of SMS posts filled	Total number of SMS posts vacant	% of SMS posts vacant
Director-General/ Head of Department	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 16	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 15	2	1	50	1	50
Salary Level 14	7	7	100	0	0
Salary Level 13	17	17	100	0	0
Total	26	25	96%	1	4%

Table 4.2.3.2 SMS post information as on 31 September 2016

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS posts filled	% of SMS posts filled	Total number of SMS posts vacant	% of SMS posts vacant
Director-General/ Head of Department	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 16	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 15	2	1	50	1	50
Salary Level 14	7	7	100	0	0
Salary Level 13	17	17	100	0	0
Total	26	25	96%	1	4%

Table 4.2.3.3 Advertising and filling of SMS posts for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS posts filled	% of SMS posts filled	Total number of SMS posts vacant	% of SMS posts vacant
Director-General/ Head of Department	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 16	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 15	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 14	0	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 13	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.3.4 Reasons for not having complied with the filling of funded vacant SMS - Advertised within 6 months and filled within 12 months after becoming vacant for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

N/A

Reasons for vacancies not filled within six months

HOD position was advertised by Office of the Premier within six months but not yet filled.

Table 4.2.3.5 Disciplinary steps taken for not complying with the prescribed timeframes for filling SMS posts within 12 months for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

See above

Reasons for vacancies not filled within six months

See above

4.2.4. JOB EVALUATION

Table 4.2.4.1 Job Evaluation by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary band	Number of posts	Number	% of posts	Posts	Upgraded	Posts do	owngraded
	on approved establishment	of Jobs Evaluated	evaluated by salary bands	Number	% of posts evaluated	Number	% of posts evaluated
Lower Skilled (levels1-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	34	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	63	2	3.17	0	0.00	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	79	2	2.53	0	0.00	0	0
Senior Management Service Band A	20	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Senior Management Service Band B	9	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Senior Management Service Band C	2	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
09 Other	28	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Senior Management Service Band D	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Contract (levels 6-8)	1	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Contract (levels 9-12)	1	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Contract (Band A)	1	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0
Contract (Band B)	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Contract (Band C)	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Contract (Band D)	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Total	238	4	1.68	0	0.00	0	0

Table 4.2.4.2 Profile of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their posts being upgraded for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Beneficiaries	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female					
Male					
Total					
Employees with a disability					0

Table 4.2.4.3 Employees with salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation by occupation for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupation	Number of employees	Job evaluation level	Remuneration level	Reason for deviation
Top Management (L15-L16)	1	14	15	Internal arrangement
Total number of employees whose salaries	exceeded the le	vel determined by	job evaluation	1
Percentage of total employed				0.5%

Table 4.2.4.4 Profile of employees who have salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Beneficiaries	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	1	0	0	1
Total	0	1	0	0	1
Employees with a disability	0	0	0	0	0

Total Number of Employees whose remuneration exceeded the grade determined by job evaluation 0 in 2014/15

4.2.5. EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

Table 4.2.5.1 Annual turnover rates by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Employment at beginning of period-April 2014	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover rate
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	31	1	2	6.45
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	71	6	2	2.82
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	54	1	1	1.85
Senior Management Service Bands A	15	0	0	0.00
Senior Management Service Bands B	8	0	0	0.00
Senior Management Service Bands C	1	0	0	0.00
Senior Management Service Bands D	-	-	-	-
Other Permanent	19	33	25	131.58
Contract (Levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-
Contract (Levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-
Contract (Levels 6-8)	1	0	0	0.00
Contract (Levels 9-12)	1	0	0	0.00
Contract (Band A)	3	0	1	33.33
Total	204	41	31	15.20

Table 4.2.5.2 Annual turnover rates by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Critical Occupation	Number of employees at beginning of period- April 2013	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover rate	
Administrative Related	81	34	27	33.33	
Client information clerks	1	0	0	0.00	
Communication and information related	2	0	0	0.00	
Computer programmers	-	-	-	-	
Computer system designers and analysts	1	0	0	0.00	
Economists	1	0	0	0.00	
Finance and economics related	7	0	0	0.00	
Financial and related professionals	6	1	0	0.00	
Financial clerks and credit controllers	8	0	0	0.00	
Food services aids and waiters	2	0	1	50.00	
General legal administration and related professionals	4	0	0	0.00	
Head of department/chief executive officer	-	-	-	-	
Human resources and organisation developed and related	9	0	0	0.00	
Human resources clerk	1	0	0	0.00	
Human resources related	1	0	0	0.00	
Information technology related	2	0	0	0.00	
Library mail and related clerks	5	0	0	0.00	
Material-recording clerks and transport clerks	1	0	0	0.00	
Messengers, porters and deliverers	2	0	0	0.00	
Other administrative and related clerks and organisers	7	0	0	0.00	
Other administrative policy and related officers	5	0	0	0.00	
Other information technology personnel	2	0	0	0.00	
Other occupations	2	0	0	0.00	
Regulatory inspectors	11	6	1	9.09	
Risk management and security services	1	0	0	0.00	

Critical Occupation	Number of employees at beginning of period- April 2013	at beginning of period-transfers into the transfers of April 2013 department the department		Turnover rate
Secretaries and other operating clerks	12	0	2	16.67
Security guards	6	0	0	0.00
Security Officers	1	0	0	0.00
Senior managers	14	0	0	0.00
Trade Labourers	1	0	0	0.00
Trade/industry advisers and other related professionals	8	0	0	0.00
Total	204	41	31	15.20

Table 4.2.5.3 Reasons why staff left the department for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Termination Type	Number	% of Total Resignations
Death	-	-
Resignation	8	25.81
Expiry of contract	21	67.74
Dismissal – operational changes	-	-
Dismissal – misconduct	-	-
Dismissal – inefficiency	-	-
Discharged due to ill-health	-	-
Retirement	2	6.45
Transfer to other Public Service Departments	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	31	100.00
Total number of employees who left as a % of total employment		

Table 4.2.5.4 Promotions by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupation:	Employees 1 April 2014	Promotions to another salary level	Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch promotions as a % of employees by occupation
Administrative related	81	1	1.23	53	65.43
Client information clerks	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Communication and information related	2	0	0.00	2	100.00
Computer system designers and analysts	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Economists	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Finance and economics related	7	1	14.29	1	14.29
Financial and related professionals	6	0	0.00	2	33.33
Financial clerks and credit controllers	8	0	0.00	6	75.00

Occupation:	Employees 1 April 2014	Promotions to another salary level	Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch promotions as a % of employees by occupation
Food services aids and waiters	2	0	0.00	1	50.00
General legal administration and related professionals	4	0	0.00	0	0.00
Head of department	_	-	_	-	-
Human resources and organisational developed and related	9	0	0.00	6	66.67
Human resources clerk	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Human resources related	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Information technology related	2	0	0.00	0	0.00
Library mail and related clerks	5	0	0.00	5	100.00
Material-recording clerks and transport clerks	1	0	0.00	1	100.00
Messengers, porters and deliverers	2	0	0.00	0	0.00
Other administrative and related clerks and organisers	7	0	0.00	6	85.71
Other administrative policy and related officers	5	0	0.00	3	60.00
Other information technology personnel	2	0	0.00	2	100.00
Other occupations	2	0	0.00	2	100.00
Regulatory inspectors	11	0	0.00	15	136.36
Risk management and security services	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Secretaries and other keyboard operating clerks	12	1	8.33	6	50.00
Security Guards	6	0	0.00	0	0.00
Security Officers	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Senior managers	14	0	0.00	11	78.57
Trade Labourers	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Statisticians and related professionals	-	-	-	-	-
Trade/industry advisers and other related professionals	8	0	0.00	3	37.50
Total	204	3	1.47	130	63.73

Table 4.2.5.5 Promotions by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary band	Employees 1 April 2015	Promotions to another salary level	Salary bands promotions as a % of employees by salary level	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by salary bands
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-
Skilled (levels3-5)	31	0	0.00	13	41.94
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	71	1	1.41	47	66.20
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	54	2	3.70	36	66.67
Senior Management (level 13-16)	24	0	0.00	15	62.50
Other, Permanent	19	0	0.00	19	100.00
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 6-8)	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Contract (levels 9-12)	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Contract (levels 13-16)	3	0	0.00	0	0.00
Total	204	3	1.47	130	63.73

4.2.6. EMPLOYMENT EQUITY

Table 4.2.6.1 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational categories as at 31 March 2017

Occupational categories		Male	•			Femal	le		Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	4	4	1	0	3	1	0	1	14
Professionals	15	6	0	2	11	6	0	3	43
Technicians and associate professionals	32	5	0	3	37	14	0	1	92
Clerks	4	1	0	0	15	12	0	3	35
Service and sales workers	4	5	0	0	4	4	0	1	18
Labourers and related workers	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations									
Total	60	25	1	5	70	37	0	9	207
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2

Table 4.2.6.2 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational bands on 31 March 2017

Occupational Bands		Male	e			Fema	le		Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management (L15-L16)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Senior Management (L13-L14)	5	5	0	3	7	3	0	1	24
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management	32	11	0	2	14	9	0	3	71
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents	7	5	0	0	18	19	0	5	54
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	5	3	0	0	15	3	0	0	26
Not available, Permanent	10	0	0	0	16	2	0	0	28
Unskilled and defined decision making	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (Senior Management)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Contract (Professionally qualified)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Contract (Semi-skilled)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Contract (Unskilled)									
Total	60	25	1	5	70	37	0	9	207

Table 4.2.6.3 Recruitment for the period 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017

Occupational Bands	Male Female					Total			
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and midmanagement	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	6
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Occupational Bands	Male Female					Total			
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Not available, Permanent	12	0	0	0	19	2	0	0	33
Unskilled and defined decision making	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (Senior Management)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Professionally qualified)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Semi-skilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Unskilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	13	1	0	0	22	4	0	0	41
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.6.4 Promotions for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupational Bands		Male				Female			
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unskilled and defined decision making	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Senior Management)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Professionally qualified)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Semi-skilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Unskilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.6.5 Terminations for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupational Bands		Mal	e			Fema	le		Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
management Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Not available, Permanent	8	2	0	0	15	0	0	0	25
Unskilled and defined decision making	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (Senior Management)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Contract (Professionally qualified)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (semi-skilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (Unskilled)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	9	5	0	0	16	0	0	1	31
Employees with Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.6.6 Disciplinary action for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Disciplinary action		Male				Female			
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Absenteeism	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Insubordination	3	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	7
Refusing a lawful instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-compliance to supply chain processes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-compliance to EPMDS processes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.6.7 Skills development for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupational categories		Male	e			Fema	le		Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
Professionals	18	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
Technicians and associate professionals	10	1	0	1	8	3		1	24
Clerks	6	2	0	0	11	7	0	2	28
Service and sales workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Craft and related trades workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Elementary occupations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	36	8	0	1	20	10	0	3	78
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1

4.2.7. SIGNING OF PERFORMANCE AGREEMENTS BY SMS MEMBERS

Table 4.2.7.1 Signing of Performance Agreements by SMS members as on 31 May 2017

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS members	Total number of sign2ed performance agreements	Signed performance agreements as % of total number of SMS members
Director-General/ Head of Department	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 16	0	0	0	0
Salary Level 15	0	1	1	100%
Salary Level 14	0	7	7	100%
Salary Level 13	0	17	16	94%
Total	0	25	24	96%

Table 4.2.7.2 Reasons for not having concluded Performance agreements for all SMS members as on 31 March 2017

Reasons			
Not Applicable			

Table 4.2.7.3 Disciplinary steps taken against SMS members for not having concluded Performance agreements as on 31 March 2017

Reasons		
Not Applicable		

4.2.8. PERFORMANCE REWARDS

Table 4.2.8.1 Performance Rewards by race, gender and disability for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Race and Gender	Ber	neficiary Profil	9		Cost
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within group	Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
African, Male	1.00	60.00	1.67	26.61	26,613.90
Asian, Male	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coloured Male	1.00	25.00	4.00	29.34	29,337.45
White Male	0.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
African Female	2.00	67.00	2.99	21.32	10,662.45
Asian Female	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coloured Female	0.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
White Female	1.00	9.00	11.11	9.81	9,813.90
Employees with disability	0	5	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	5.00	207.00	2.42	87.09	17,418.03

Table 4.2.8.2 Performance Rewards by salary bands for personnel below Senior Management Service for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Bands	Ве	eneficiary Prof	ile	(Cost	Total cost as a
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within salary bands	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	% of the total personnel expenditure
Skilled (levels 3-5)	1.00	26.00	3.85	6.62	6,619.95	-
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	1.00	54.00	1.85	9.81	9,813.90	-
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	3.00	71.00	4.23	70.66	23,552.10	-
Contract (levels1-2)	0.00	28.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Contract (levels 9-12)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Abnormal Appointments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5.00	181.00	2.76	87.09	17,418.03	-

Table 4.2.8.3 Performance Rewards by critical occupations for the period 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2017

Critical Occupations		Beneficiary	Profile		Cost
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within occupation	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Administrative Related	1.00	87.00	1.15	6.62	6,619.95
Client information clerks	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Communication and information related	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Computer system designers and analysts	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Economists	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Finance and economics related	1.00	8.00	12.50	26.61	26,613.90

Critical Occupations		Beneficiary	Profile		Cost
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within occupation	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Financial and related professionals	0.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Financial clerks and credit controllers	0.00	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Food services aids and waiters	-	_	-	-	-
General legal administration and related professionals	0.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Human resources and organisational development and related personnel	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Human resources clerk					
Human resources related	1.00	1.00	100.00	29.34	29,337.45
Information technology related	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Library mail and related clerks	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Material-recording clerks and transport clerks	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Messengers porters and deliverers	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other administrative related clerks and organisers	0.00	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other administrative policy and related officers	1.00	5.00	20.00	14.70	14,704.95
Other information technology personnel	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other occupations	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Regulatory inspectors	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Risk management and security services	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Secretaries and other keyboard operating clerks	1.00	11.00	9.09	9.81	9,813.90
Security guards	0.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Security Officers	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Senior managers	0.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Trade Labourers	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Trade/industry advisors and other related professions	0.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	5.00	207.00	2.42	87.09	17,418.03

Table 4.2.8.4 Performance related rewards (cash bonus), by salary band for Senior Management Service for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Numbe	Number of beneficiaries				t
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within band	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	Total cost as a % of the personnel expenditure
Band A	0.00	17.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Band B	0.00	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Band C	-	-	-	-	-	-
Band D	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.00	26.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

4.2.9. FOREIGN WORKERS

Table 4.2.9.1 foreign workers by salary band for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	01 April 2014	31 March 2015	Number	Change	Number	% Change
	Number	% of total		% of total		
Lower skilled	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (level 6-8)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (level 9-12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (level 9-12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (level 13-16)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.2.9.2 foreign workers by major occupation

Major occupation	01 April 2016		31 Ma	rch 2017	Change	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% Change
Economic and Advisory Support	0	0	0	0	0	0

4.2.10. LEAVE UTILISATION

Table 4.2.10.1 Sick leave for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Total days	% Days with Medical certification	Number of Employees using sick leave	% of total employees using sick leave	Average days per employee	Estimated Cost (R'000)
Lower Skills (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-	
Skilled (levels 3-5)	164	42.68	21	11.35	7.81	121.00
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	493	58.82	55	29.73	8.96	572.00
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9 -12)	578	57.61	59	31.89	9.8	1151.00
Top and Senior management (levels 13-16)	141	50.35	18	9.73	7.83	529.00
Contract (levels 1-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract (levels 3-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract Other	81	39.51	29	15.68	2.79	21.00
Contract (levels 6-8)	15	33.33	1	54	15	16.00
Contract (levels 13-16)	9	55.56	2	1.08	4.5	30.00
Total	1481	54.42	185	100	8.01	2439.00

Table 4.2.10.2 Disability Leave (temporary and permanent) for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Total days	% Days with Medical certification	Number of Employees using disability leave	% of total employees using disability leave	Average days per employee	Estimated Cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	66	100	1	100	66	105.00
Senior management (levels 13-16)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	66	100	1	100	66	105.00

Table 4.2.10.3 Annual Leave for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Total days taken	Number of Employees using annual leave	Average per employee
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	533	29	18.38
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	1222	62	19.71
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	1611	75	21.48
Senior management (levels 13-16)	597	25	23.88
Contract (level 1-2)	-	-	-
Contract (level 3-5)	-	-	-
Contract (level 6-8)	17	1	17
Contract)level 9-12)	22	1	22
Contract Other	528	52	10.15
Contract (level 13-16)	54	3	18
Total	4584	248	18.48

Table 4.2.10.4 Capped leave for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Salary Band	Total days of capped leave taken	Number of Employees using capped leave	Average number of days taken per employee	Average capped leave per employee as at 31 March
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled Levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	0	0	0	14.88
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	0	0	0	33.06
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	0	0	0	53.06
Total	0	0	0	34.82

Table 4.2.10.5 Leave pay outs for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Reason	Total Amount (R'000)	Number of Employees	Average per employee (R'000)
Capped leave pay-outs on termination of service	476	3	158 575
Current leave pay-outs on termination of service	28	2	14 118
Total	504	5	100 793

4.2.11. HIV/AIDS & HEALTH PROMOTION PROGRAMMES

Table 4.2.11.1 Steps taken to reduce the risk of occupational exposure

Units/categories of employees identified to be at high risk of contracting HIV & related diseases (if any)	Key steps taken to reduce the risk
None	General awareness programmes are conducted within the Department.

Table 4.2.11.2 Details of Health Promotion and HIV/AIDS Programmes (tick the applicable boxes and provide the required information)

Question	Yes	No	Details, if yes
 Has the department designated a member of the SMS to implement the provisions contained in Part VI E of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, provide her/ his name and position. 	Х		Adv. Molefinyana Phera is such a designated SMS.
2. Does the department have a dedicated unit or has it designated specific staff members to promote the health and well-being of your employees? If so, indicate the number of employees who are involved in this task and the annual budget that is available for this purpose.	Х		We have a dedicated Employee Wellness and Diversity Management Unit, with 3 employees.
3. Has the department introduced an Employee Assistance or Health Promotion Programme for your employees? If so, indicate the key elements/services of this Programme.	Х		The Department has a 24 hotline and employee assistance programme covering all elements of employee wellness, including sociopsychological services.
4. Has the department established (a) committee(s) as contemplated in Part VI E.5 (e) of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, please provide the names of the members of the committee and the stakeholder(s) that they represent.	X		Health and Safety Committee has been established. Here are the names of members: Adv. M Phera (Chair); Mr J van Zyl; Ms E Dennis; Ms L Molefe; Mr Z Jakavula; Mr R Koopman; Mr R Moses; Mr G Bosman; Mr M Makhate and Mr Gotha
5. Has the department reviewed its employment policies and practices to ensure that these do not unfairly discriminate against employees on the basis of their HIV status? If so, list the employment policies/practices so reviewed.	Х		The EHW policies are reviewed and relevant and are due next year for another review. All our HR policies ensures no discrimination on the basis of HIV/AIDS status.

Question	Yes	No	Details, if yes
6. Has the department introduced measures to protect HIV-positive employees or those perceived to be HIV-positive from discrimination? If so, list the key elements of these measures.	X		Yes, we have policies in this regard. Workshops are conducted during HR Information Sessions to create awareness and ensure a culture free of discrimination towards departmental staff.
 Does the dwepartment encourage its employees to undergo Voluntary Counselling and Testing? If so, list the results that you have you achieved. 	Х		Yes, we do have regular VCT programmes. The number of officials making use of this is small and feedback is given directing of those making use of this service.
8. Has the department developed measures/indicators to monitor & evaluate the impact of its health promotion programme? If so, list these measures/indicators.	X		Yes. A staff survey was conducted and feedback is also received from all forums in the Department.

4.2.12. LABOUR RELATIONS

Table 4.2.12.1 Collective agreements for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Subject Matter	Total	Date
Total number of collective agreements.	0	N/A

Table 4.2.12.2 Misconduct and disciplinary hearings finalised for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Outcomes of disciplinary hearings	Number	% of total
Correctional counselling	0	0
Verbal warning	0	0
Written warning	7	78%
Final written warning	2	22%
Suspended without pay	0	0
Fine	0	0
Demotion	0	0
Dismissal	0	0
Not guilty	0	0
Case withdrawn	0	0
Total	9	100%

Total number of Disciplinary hearings finalised	9

Table 4.2.12.3 Types of misconduct addressed at disciplinary hearings for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Type of misconduct (based on annexure A)	Number	% of total
Absenteeism	4	39.4
Insubordination	7	63.6
Refusing a lawful instruction	0	0
Non-compliance to supply chain processes	0	0
Non-compliance to EPMDS processes	0	0
Total	11	100%

Table 4.2.12.4 Grievances logged for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

	Number	% of Total
Number of grievances resolved	0	0
Number of grievances not resolved	5	100%
Total number of grievances lodged	5	100%

Table 4.2.12.5 Disputes logged for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

	Number	% of Total
Number of disputes upheld	1	50%
Number of disputes dismissed	1	50%
Total number of disputes lodged	2	100%

Table 4.2.12.6 Strike actions for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Total number of persons working days lost	0
Total costs working days lost	0
Amount (R'000) recovered as a result of no work no pay	0

Table 4.2.12.7 Precautionary suspensions for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Number of people suspended	0
Number of people whose suspension exceeding 30 days	0
Average number of days suspended	0
Cost (R'000) of suspension	0

4.2.13. SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

Table 4.2.13.1 Training needs identified for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupational	Gender	Number of	Training needs identified at start of the reporting period			od
Categories		employees as at 1 April 2016	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials	Males-15	25	N/A	LMDP (Leadership Development	Project Management	25
and managers	Females-10	•		Programme)	Monitoring and	
				Basic Economics	Evaluation	
					Finance for non-	
		24	N1/A	MDD /M	financial managers.	
Professionals	Males-25	31	N/A	MDP (Management	Research	31
				Development	Methodology	
		-		Programme)	Computer literacy	
	Females- 6			AMDP (Advance	Basic Economics	
				Management	Occupational Health	
				Development Prog.)	and Safety Course	
				Finance for non-		
				financial managers.		

Occupational	Gender	Number of	f Training needs identified at start of the reporting period			
Categories		employees as at 1 April 2016	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Technicians and associate professionals	Males- 19 Females- 23	-	N/A	EMDP (Emerging Management Development Programme Basic Economics Project Management Computer literacy	Occupational Health and Safety Course	42
Clerks	Males-20 Females- 60	-	N/A	FMDP (Foundation Management Development Programme) Office Management Basic Economics	Computer literacy Occupational Health and Safety Course	80
Total	Males	79	-	-	-	79
	Females	99	-	-	-	99
Total		178	-	-	-	178

Table 4.2.13.2 Training provided for the period for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Occupational	Gender					
Categories		employees as at 1 April 2016	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators,	Female 1	3	0	Finance for non-	0	3
senior officials and managers	Male 2	-		financial managers		
Professionals	Female 0	23	0	MDP (Management Development Programme)	Research Methodology Occupational Health	19
	Male 23			AMDP (Advance Management Development Prog.) Finance for non- financial managers.	and Safety Course.	
Technicians and associate professionals	Female 16	24	0	Advance Management Development Programme	Occupational Health and Safety Course.	24
p. 0. 000.0	Male 8			Finance for non- finance manager.		
Clerks	Female 21	28	1	FMDP (Foundation Management	Occupational Health and Safety Course.	28
	Male 7	-		Development Programme).	and surely course.	
	Female	38	-	-	-	-
	Male	40	-	-	-	-
Total		78	-	-	-	78

4.2.14. INJURY ON DUTY

Table 4.2.14.1 Injury on duty for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Nature of injury on duty	Number	% of total
Required basic medical attention only	3	0.55%
Temporary Total Disablement	0	0
Permanent Disablement	0	0
Fatal	0	0
Total	3	0.55%

4.2.15. UTILISATION OF CONSULTANTS

Table 4.2.15.1 Report on consultant appointments using appropriated funds for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Project Title	Total Number of consultants that worked on project	Duration Work days	Contract value in Rand (R'000)
Development for the metals industrial cluster	Red Flank Solutions	6 months	R494 815
To prepare a spluma compliant land use planning statement for portions of farms 585/0, 585/122 & 122/0, Gordonia road, Mier local municipality, ZF Mgcawu District Municipality.	Gobetla Beplannings Dienste	3 months	R15 207
To prepare a service investigation for the Hakskeenpan, Dawid Kruiper Municipality, ZF Mgcawu District Municipality.	BVI Consulting Engineers	3 months	R56 245
Waste tyre management business	Joxicraft	6 months	R80 000
Coastal Tourism Development strategy	Urban – Econ Development Economist (PTY) LTD	3 months	R399 214
Impact assessment for bloodhound SSC project	Enviro Africa	3 months	R179 470
Informal economy upliftment development strategy	Namron General Trading 4610	4 months	R118 300
Establishment of the Agricultural incubator	IDS Consulting	3 months	R200 000
Develop steel fabrication company	Matsieng Consulting	2 months	R14 700
Traffic impact assessment: metals industrial cluster	Savannah Environmental	1 month	R52 742
Heritage impact assessment	McGregor Museum	2 months	R33 963
Bio - Diversity study	Prescali Environmental Cons	3 months	R102 600
Skills development – computer aid design and manufacturing	Micrographics (PTY) LTD	4 months	R415 399
Basic ICT solutions	Progressive solutions	Once off	R195 342
Impact assessment - socio economic	Tony Barbour	3 months	R80 712
Rationalisation of public entities falling under the department	Ecodzone	3 months	R399 000
Developed USSD solutions	Lestati	Once off	R199 000

Total number of projects	Total individual consultants	Total duration Work days	Total contract value in Rand
17	17		R3 036 709

Table.4.2.15.2 Analysis of consultant appointments using appropriated funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs) for the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017

Project Title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of Consultants from HDI groups that work on the project
Development of the metals industrials cluster	100%	100%	5
SPLUMA compliant land use and planning statement for portions of farms 585/0, 585/122 and 122/0, Gordonia Road, Mier Local Municipality, ZF Mgcawu district municipality, NC.	5%	5%	0
To prepare the service inspection of the Haakskeenpan, Dawid Kuiper Municipality.	52.68%	52.68%	0
Waste Tyre Management Business in the NC	100%	100%	1
Coastal Tourism Development Strategy.	25%	25%	4
Impact Assessment for the Bloodhound SSC Project.	0%	0%	3
Informal Economy Upliftment Development Strategy	51%	51%	0
Establishment of the Agricultural Incubator	100%	100%	2
Develop Steel Fabrication Company	100%	100%	1
Traffic Impact Assessment Metals Industrials Cluster	33%	33%	1
Heritage Impact Assessment	0%	0%	1
Bio-Diversity Study	0%	0%	3
Skills Development: CAD and Manufacturing	0%	0%	1
Basic IT Solutions	0%	0%	1
Impact Assessment – Socio-Economic	0%	0%	0
Rationalisation of the Public Entities falling under the DEDaT	0%	0%	4
Developed SSD solutions.	100%	100%	1



FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

5.1 REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Report of the auditor-general to the Northern Cape Provincial Legislature on vote no. 6: Department of Economic Development and Tourism

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1. I have audited the financial statements of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism set out on pages 154 to 236, which comprise the appropriation statement, the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets and cash flow statement for the year then ended, as well as the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- 2. In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism as at 31 March 2017, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Modified Cash Standard (MCS) prescribed by National Treasury and the requirements of the Public Finance Management Act of South Africa, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (PFMA) and the Division of Revenue Act of South Africa, 2016 (Act No. 3 of 2016) (DoRA).

Basis for opinion

- 3. I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report.
- 4. I am independent of the department in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of ethics for professional accountants (IESBA code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
- 5. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matters

6. I draw attention to the matters below. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Irregular expenditure

7. As disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements, the department incurred irregular expenditure of R6 156 000 (2016: R12 563 000) during the year under review mainly due to non-compliance with supply chain management requirements with regards to travel agent expenditure. The total amount of irregular expenditure recorded in the annual financial statements as at 31 March 2017 amount to R214 000 (2016: R34 878 000).

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Material underspending of the vote

8. As disclosed in the appropriation statement, the department has materially underspent the budget on Administration, Economic Planning and Tourism to the amount of R 11 890 000. The underspending is as a result of the department's reprioritisation of budgeted funds to create a saving to finance outstanding debt, however at year end this amount remains unpaid as a result of a pending legal matter regarding a utility bill.

Other matter

9. I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Unaudited supplementary schedules

10. The supplementary information set out on pages 237 to 248 does not form part of the financial statements and is presented as additional information. I have not audited these schedules and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion thereon.

Responsibilities of the accounting officer

- 11. The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the MCS prescribed by National Treasury and the requirements of the PFMA and DoRA and for such internal control as the accounting officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 12. In preparing the financial statements, the accounting officer is responsible for assessing the Department of Economic Development and Tourism's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless there is an intention either to liquidate the department or to cease operations, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 13. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 14. A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to the auditor's report.

Report on the audit of the annual performance report

Introduction and scope

15. In accordance with the Public Audit Act of South Africa, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof I have a responsibility to report material findings on the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for selected programmes presented in the annual performance report. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

- 16. My procedures address the reported performance information, which must be based on the approved performance planning documents of the department. I have not evaluated the completeness and appropriateness of the performance indicators included in the planning documents. My procedures also did not extend to any disclosures or assertions relating to planned performance strategies and information in respect of future periods that may be included as part of the reported performance information. Accordingly, my findings do not extend to these matters.
- 17. I evaluated the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in accordance with the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice, for the following selected programmes presented in the annual performance report of the department for the year ended 31 March 2017:

Programmes	Pages in the annual performance report
Programme 2: Small Business Development	68 – 75
Programme 6: Tourism	99 – 104

- 18. I performed procedures to determine whether the reported performance information was properly presented and whether performance was consistent with the approved performance planning documents. I performed further procedures to determine whether the indicators and related targets were measurable and relevant, and assessed the reliability of the reported performance information to determine whether it was valid, accurate and complete.
- 19. I did not identify any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for the following programmes:
 - Programme 2: Small Business Development
 - Programme 6: Tourism

Other matters

20. I draw attention to the matters below.

Achievement of planned targets

21. Refer to the annual performance report on page(s) 68 to 75; 99 to 104 for information on the achievement of planned targets for the year and explanations provided for the under and overachievement of a number of targets.

Adjustment of material misstatement

22. I identified a material misstatement in the annual performance report submitted for auditing. This material misstatement was on the reported performance information of Small Business Development. As management subsequently corrected the misstatement, I did not raise any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information.

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Report on audit of compliance with legislation

Introduction and scope

- 23. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof I have a responsibility to report material findings on the compliance of the department with specific matters in key legislation. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 24. The material findings in respect of the compliance criteria for the applicable subject matters are as follows:

Expenditure management

25. Effective steps were not taken to prevent irregular expenditure amounting to R6 156 000 as disclosed in note 23 to the annual financial statements, as required by section 38(1)(c)(ii) of the PFMA and Treasury Regulation 9.1.1. The majority of the irregular expenditure was caused by supply chain processes not followed.

Procurement and contract management

- 26. Goods and services of a transaction value above R500 000 were procured without inviting competitive bids, as required by Treasury Regulation 16A6.1. This non-compliance was identified in the procurement processes for travel agent expenditure. Similar non-compliance was also reported in the prior year.
- 27. Goods and services with a transaction value below R500 000 were procured without obtaining the required price quotations, as required by Treasury Regulation 16A6.1. This non-compliance was identified in the procurement processes for travel agent expenditure. Similar non-compliance was also reported in the prior year.

Other information

- 28. The department's accounting officer is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report. The other information does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report thereon and those selected programmes presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported on in the auditor's report.
- 29. My opinion on the financial statements and findings on the reported performance information and compliance with legislation do not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 30. In connection with my audit, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected programmes presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 31. I have not yet received the final annual report. When I do receive this information, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and request that the other information be corrected. If the other information is not corrected I may have to re-issue my auditor's report amended as appropriate.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

Internal control deficiencies

- 32. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the statements, reported performance information and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance thereon. The matters reported below are limited to the significant internal control deficiencies that resulted in the findings on compliance with legislation included in this report.
 - The department did not adequately monitor compliance with supply chain regulations, as a result irregular expenditure was incurred.

Other reports

- 33. I draw attention to the following engagements conducted by various parties that had, or could have, an impact on the matters reported in the department's financial statements, reported performance information, compliance with applicable legislation and other related matters. These reports did not form part of my opinion on the financial statements or my findings on the reported performance information or compliance with legislation.
- 34. An investigation is being conducted to probe the manner in which some projects utilized funds advanced as transfer payments by the department. The investigation aims to establish whether the funds were utilized for the intended purpose and in accordance with approved business plans. The investigation was still ongoing at the reporting date.
- 35. An investigation is being conducted on request by the department. The investigation was initiated based on the allegation of possible misappropriation of uncut diamonds that was acquired by the department. The investigation was still ongoing at the reporting date.

Hudtor General
Kimberley
31 July 2017

AUDITOR-GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

Auditing to build public confidence

FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

5.2. ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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			Appropr	iation per _l	orogramm	2			
			2016/17	,				201	5/16
	Ad- justed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Programme									
 Administration Integrated Economic Development Services 	56,350 86,274	-	6,180 253	62,530 86,527	53,688 86,527	8,842	85.9% 100.0%	55,024 99,793	53,602 99,793
3. Trade and Sector Development4. Business Regulation and	33,383	-	(392)	32,991	32,991	-	100.0%	29,077	28,804
Governance 5 Economic Planning	34,548	-	(302)	34,246 19,005	34,246 18,217	- 788	100.0% 95.9%	31,351 16,925	31,351 16,925
6. Tourism	53,277	-	(4,219)	49,058	46,798	2,260	95.4%	49,919	49,196
Subtotal	284,357	-	-	284,357	272,467	11,890	95.8%	282,089	279,671
TOTAL	284,357	-	-	284,357	272,467	11,890	95.8%	282,089	279,671

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

		2016/17	2015	/16
	Final	Actual	Final	Actual
	Appropriation	Expenditure	Appropriation	Expenditure
TOTAL (brought forward)				
Reconciliation with statement of				
financial performance				
ADD				
Departmental receipts	_	-	262	-
Aid assistance	3,700	-	1,000	-
Actual amounts per statement				
of financial performance (total				
revenue)	288,057	-	283,351	
ADD				
Aid assistance		3,257		712
Actual amounts per statement of fin	ancial			
performance (total expenditure)		275,724		280,383

	Ap			conomic c	lassificatio	on			
		2016	5/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture as % of final appro- pria- tion	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R′000	R'000	R'000	%	R′000	R'000
Economic classification									
Current payments	180,451	(618)	(1)	179,832	167,942	11,890	93.4%	177,974	175,556
Compensation of									
employees	95,901	(1,785)	(616)	93,500	93,500	-	100.0%	82,671	81,948
Salaries and wages	85,480	(2,721)	(745)	82,014	82,014	-	100.0%	72,742	72,092
Social contributions	10,421	936	129	11,486	11,486	-	100.0%	9,929	9,856
Goods and services	84,550	1,167	615	86,332	74,442	11,890	86.2%	95,303	93,608
Administrative fees	1,808	143	(107)	1,844	1,844	-	100.0%	2,292	2,292
Advertising	919	996	(128)	1,787	1,787	-	100.0%	3,466	3,466
Minor assets	181	158	35	374	374	-	100.0%	381	381
Audit costs: External	2,988	(351)	-	2,637	2,637	-	100.0%	2,587	2,587
Bursaries:									
Employees	222	213	70	505	505	-	100.0%	269	269
Catering:									
Departmental									
activities	1,126	375	(201)	1,300	1,300	-	100.0%	1,925	1,925
Communication	1,870	84	5	1,959	1,959	-	100.0%	1,855	1,855
Computer services	2,837	(304)	(40)	2,493	1,071	1,422	43.0%	2,598	1,176
Consultants:									
Business and									
advisory services	7,524	(804)	(3,481)	3,239	3,239	-	100.0%	3,466	3,466
Legal services	1,173	(364)	(402)	407	407	-	100.0%	375	375
Contractors	24,650	(592)	(20)	24,038	24,038	-	100.0%	38,699	38,699
Agency and support									
/ outsourced	33	3.5		40	40		100.00/	1 360	1 260
services	23	25	- 4	48	48	-	100.0%	1,268	1,268
Fleet services	438	241	4	683	683	-	100.0%	454	454
Consumable supplies	77	15	9	101	101		100.0%	202	393
supplies Consumable:	'/	15	9	101	101	-	100.0%	393	393
Stationery, printing									
and office supplies	2,388	(129)	(83)	2,176	2,176	_	100.0%	2,138	2,138
Operating leases	8,071	249	(339)	7,981	7,981	-	100.0%	7,263	7,263

	Ap	propriat	ion per e	conomic c	lassificatio	n			
	•	2010						201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture as % of final appro- pria- tion	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Property payments Transport provided: Departmental	6,547	2,321	7,592 31	16,460	6,326	10,134	38.4%	7,357	7,357
activity Travel and	103	39	31	173	1/3	-	100.0%	-	-
subsistence Training and	15,520	(630)	(232)	14,658	14,324	334	97.7%	15,507	15,234
development	3,109	(507)	(1,079)	1,523	1,523	-	100.0%	476	476
Operating									
payments	392	125	7	524	524	-	100.0%	702	702
Venues and facilities Rental and hiring	1,584 1,000	(136)	(26) (1,000)	1,422 -	1,422	-	100.0%	1,779 53	1,779 53
Transfers and subsidies	102,197	440	1	102,638	102,638	-	100.0%	100,580	100,580
Provinces and									
municipalities Provinces Provincial agencies and	3,447 -	(268)	(26)	3,153 -	3,153 -	-	100.0%	1,858 200	1,858 200
funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	200	200
Municipalities Municipal bank	3,447	(268)	(26)	3,153	3,153	-	100.0%	1,658	1,658
accounts Municipal agencies and	3,441	(268)	(26)	3,147	3,147	-	100.0%	-	-
funds Departmental agencies	6	-	-	6	6	-	100.0%	1,658	1,658
and accounts Departmental agencies and	58,276	17,826	613	76,715	76,715	-	100.0%	59,776	59,776
accounts	58,276	17,826	613	76,715	76,715	-	100.0%	59,776	59,776

	A	propriat	ion per e	conomic c	lassificatio	on .			
		2016						201	5/16
Public corporations and	Adjust- ed Appro- priation R'000	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation R'000	Actual Expend- iture R'000	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- priation R'000	Actual expend- iture R'000
private enterprises Public corporations Other transfers to public	40,359 1,020	(17,570) (1,000)	(612) -	22,177 20	22,177 20	-	100.0% 100.0%	38,839 187	38,839 187
corporations Private enterprises Other transfers to private	1,020 39,339	(1,000) (16,570)	(612)	20 22,157	20 22,157	-	100.0% 100.0%	187 38,652	187 38,652
enterprises Households Social benefits Other transfers to households	39,339 115 17 98	(16,570) 452 452	(612) 26 26	22,157 593 495 98	22,157 593 495 98	- - -	100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	38,652 107 - 107	38,652 107 - 107
Payments for capital assets Buildings and other	1,709	178	-	1,887	1,887	-	100.0%	2,751	2,751
fixed structures Other fixed	154	-	18	172	172	-	100.0%	314	314
structures Machinery and	154	- 178	18	172	1715	-	100.0%	314	314
equipment Transport equipment	1,555 276	121	(18) 104	1,715 501	1,715 501	-	100.0%	2,329 162	2,329
Other machinery and equipment Software and other Software and other intangible assets	1,279	57	(122)	1,214	1,214	-	100.0%	2,167	2,167
Payments for financial assets	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	784	784
Total	284,357	-	-	284,357	272,467	11,890	95.8%	282,089	279,671

Programme 1: ADMINIS	rogramme 1: ADMINISTRATION													
			2016/17					201	5/16					
	Adjust- ed Appro-	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture					
	pria- tion			•			as % of final appro- priation	•						
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R'000	R′000					
Sub programme 1. Office of the MEC 2. Office of the HOD 3. Corporate Services	1,151 6,822 23,586	(201) (799) 873	- - 51	950 6,023 24,510	950 6,023 23,088	- - 1,422	100.0% 100.0% 94.2%	1,358 6,083 19,532	1,358 6,083 18,110					
4. Financial Management	24,791	127	6,129	31,047	23,627	7,420	76.1%	28,051	28,051					
Total for sub		T												
programmes	56,350	-	6,180	62,530	53,688	8,842	85.9%	55,024	53,602					
Economic														
classification														
Current payments	55,713	(178)	6,018	61,553	52,711	8,842	85.6%	53,004	51,582					
Compensation of		(11 5)	7,535	,		-,			,					
employees	37,960	(1,150)	-	36,810	36,810	-	100.0%	31,200	31,200					
Salaries and wages	34,138	(2,195)	-	31,943	31,943	-	100.0%	27,123	27,123					
Social	2.022	1045		4.067	4067		100.00/	4.077	4.077					
contributions Goods and services	3,822 17,753	1,045 972	- 6 010	4,867	4,867	0 0 4 2	100.0%	4,077	4,077					
Administrative			6,018	24,743	15,901	8,842	64.3%	21,804	20,382					
fees	668	34	-	702	702	-	100.0%	509	509					
Advertising Minor assets Audit costs:	190 98	126 79	-	316 177	316 177	-	100.0% 100.0%	873 123	873 123					
External Bursaries:	2,487	(246)	-	2,241	2,241	-	100.0%	2,104	2,104					
Employees Catering: Departmental	96	189	-	285	285	-	100.0%	192	192					
activities	156	92	-	248	248	-	100.0%	143	143					
Communication Computer	711	138	-	849	849	-	100.0%	660	660					
services Consultants: Business and	2,340	(359)	-	1,981	559	1,422	28.2%	1,730	308					
advisory services	67	(60)	-	7	7	-	100.0%	250	250					
Legal services	122	(1)	-	121	121	-	100.0%	370	370					
Contractors	430	5	-	435	435	_	100.0%	22	22					

			2016/17					2015/16	
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R′000	R'000
Agency and support / outsourced									
services	16	25	-	41	41	-	100.0%	90	90
Fleet services	179	112	-	291	291	-	100.0%	98	98
Consumable supplies Consumable: Stationery, printing and	55	(3)	1	53	53	-	100.0%	31	31
office supplies	1,037	(87)	_	950	950	_	100.0%	869	869
Operating leases	1,707	(50)	_	1,657	1,657	_	100.0%	4,715	4,715
Property	.,, 0,	(5.5)		.,007	.,557			.,,,	.,,
payments Travel and	2,182	751	5,593	8,526	1,440	7,086	16.9%	4,005	4,005
subsistence Training and	4,178	182	325	4,685	4,351	334	92.9%	3,847	3,847
development	434	87	-	521	521	-	100.0%	214	214
Operating payments	292	(22)	_	270	270	_	100.0%	482	482
Venues and	292	(22)	-	270	2/0	-	100.0%	402	402
facilities	308	(20)	99	387	387	-	100.0%	477	477
Transfers and									
subsidies	308	-	(26)	282	282	-	100.0%	519	519
Provinces and									
municipalities	173	(1)	(26)	146	146	-	100.0%	138	138
Municipalities	173	(1)	(26)	146	146	-	100.0%	138	138
Municipal									
bank accounts	173	(1)	(26)	146	146	-	100.0%	-	-
Municipal									
agencies and								400	400
funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
Departmental									
agencies and				_			100.007	_	_
accounts	-	1	-	1	1	-	100.0%	1	1
Departmental agencies		1	_	1	1		100.0%	1	1

Programme 1: ADMINIS	TRATION								
			2016/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R'000	R′000
Public corporations and private enterprises	20			20	20		100.0%	295	295
Public	20	-	-	20	20	_	100.0%	293	293
corporations Other transfers to public	20	-	-	20	20	-	100.0%	-	-
corporations Private	20	-	-	20	20	-	100.0%	-	-
enterprises Other transfers to private	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%	295	295
enterprises	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	295	295
Households	115	-	_	115	115	-	100.0%	85	85
Social benefits Other transfers to	17	-	-	17	17	-	100.0%	-	-
households	98	-	-	98	98	-	100.0%	85	85
Payments for capital									
assets	329	178	188	695	695	-	100.0%	717	717
Machinery and									
equipment Transport	329	178	188	695	695	-	100.0%	702	702
equipment Other machinery	76	38	80	194	194	-	100.0%	34	34
and equipment Software and other	253	140	108	501	501	-	100.0%	668	668
intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
Payments for financial assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	784	784
Total	56,350	_	6,180	62,530	53,688	8,842	85.9%	55,024	53,602

1.1 OFFICE OF THE MEC									
		2016	5/17					2015/16	
	Ad- justed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pend- iture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	1,033	(201)	-	832	832	-	100.0%	1,351	1,351
Goods and services	1,033	(201)	-	832	832	-	100.0%	1,351	1,351
Transfers and subsidies	118	-	-	118	_	118	100.0%	7	7
Public corporations and private									
enterprises	20	-	-	20	20	-	100.0%	7	7
Households	98	-		98	98	-	100.0%		-
Total	1,151	(201)	-	950	950	-	100.0%	1,358	1,358

1.2 OFFICE OF THE HOD									
		2016	/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	6,742	(823)	-	5,919	5,919	-	100.0%	5,988	5,988
Compensation of employees	5,208	(989)	-	4,219	4,219	-	100.0%	4,478	4,478
Goods and services	1,534	166	-	1,700	1,700	-	100.0%	1,510	1,510
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Payments for capital									
assets	80	24	-	104	104	-	100.0%	81	81
Machinery and									
equipment	80	24	-	104	104	-	100.0%	81	81
Total	6,822	(799)	-	6,023	6,023	-	100.0%	6,083	6,083

1.3 CORPORATE SERVICE	<u> </u>								
		20	16/17	Т	Г			2015/16	
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	23,488	718	-	24,206	22,784	1,422	94.1%	19,323	17,901
Compensation of employees	19,407	15	-	19,422	19,422	-	100.0%	15,596	15,596
Goods and services	4,081	703	-	4,784	3,362	1,422	70.3%	3,727	2,305
Transfers and subsidies	17	1	-	18	18	_	100.0%	55	55
Departmental agencies and accounts	-	1	_	1	1	-	100.0%	1	1
Public corporations and private									
enterprises		-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Households	17	-	-	17	17	-	100.0%	40	40
Payments for capital									
assets	81	154	51	286	286	-	100.0%	154	154
Machinery and									
equipment	81	154	51	286	286	_	100.0%	154	154
Total	23,586	873	51	24,510	23,088	1,422	94.2%	19,532	18,110

1.4 FINANCIAL MANAGEMI	ENT								
		201	6/17					201	5/16
	Ad- justed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	24,450	128	6,018	30,596	23,176	7,420	75.7%	26,342	26,342
Compensation of employees	13,345	(176)	-	13,169	13,169	-	100.0%	11,126	11,126
Goods and services	11,105	304	6,018	17,427	10,007	7,420	57.4%	15,216	15,216
Transfers and subsidies	173	(1)	(26)	146	146	-	100.0%	443	443
Provinces and municipalities	173	(1)	(26)	146	146	-	100.0%	138	138
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	260
Households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	45
Payments for capital									
assets	168	-	137	305	305	-	100.0%	482	482
Machinery and equipment	168	-	137	305	305	-	100.0%	467	467
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
Payments for financial assets								784	784
Total	24,791	127	6,129	31,047	23,627	7,420	76.1%	28,051	28,051

Programme 2: INTEGRAT				>=!\				201	= /16
			16/17		II			201	
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation		Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R′000
Sub programme									
1. Enterprise									
Development	35,207	62	(67)	35,202	35,202	-	100.0%	49,213	49,213
2. Regional and									
Local Economic									
Development	8,574	213	(24)	8,763	8,763	-	100.0%	7,678	7,678
3. Economic									
Empowerment	3,085	(42)	(141)	2,902	2,902	-	100.0%	2,878	2,878
4. Economic Growth and									
Development Fund	26,908	(2)	-	26,906	26,906	-	100.0%	36,000	36,000
5. Office of the Chief									
Director	12,500	(231)	485	12,754	12,754	-	100.0%	4,024	4,024
Total for sub									
programmes	86,274	-	253	86,527	86,527	-	100.0%	99,793	99,793
Economic classification									
Current payments	48,317	(440)	(506)	47,371	47,371	-	100.0%	54,935	54,935
Compensation of									
employees	15,965	(440)	(342)	15,183	15,183	-	100.0%	11,949	11,949
Salaries and wages Social	14,368	(508)	(373)	13,487	13,487	-	100.0%	10,571	10,571
contributions	1,597	68	31	1,696	1,696	_	100.0%	1,378	1,378
Goods and services	32,352	-	(164)	32,188	32,188	-	100.0%	42,986	42,986
Administrative									
fees	381	18	(3)	396	396	-	100.0%	418	418
Advertising	13	214	-	227	227	-	100.0%	39	39
Minor assets	13	13	7	33	33	-	100.0%	64	64
Audit costs:									
External	185	(185)	-	-	-	-	-	176	176
Bursaries:									
Employees	40	-	27	67	67	-	100.0%	38	38
Catering:									
Departmental									
activities	224	235	(22)	437	437	-	100.0%	605	605
Communication	264	(34)	21	251	251	-	100.0%	260	260

Programme 2: INTEGRA	TED ECONO	OMIC DE	VELOPM	ENT SERVI	CES				
		20	16/17					201	5/16
	Adjust-	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actual
	ed Appro- priation	ing of Funds	ment	Appro- priation	Expend- iture	ance	ture as % of final appro- priation	Appro- priation	expend- iture
	R'000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	%	R′000	R′000
Consultants: Business and advisory services Contractors Agency and support /	1,520 23,098	(683) (417)	- (67)	837 22,614	837 22,614	-	100.0% 100.0%	775 36,092	775 36,092
outsourced services	7	-	-	7	7	-	100.0%	4	4
Fleet services Consumable supplies Consumable:	37 8	22 1	(3)	56 10	56 10	- -	100.0%	36 13	36 13
Stationery, printing and office supplies Operating leases	420 1,540	- 20	(6)	414 1,560	414 1,560	-	100.0% 100.0%	466 534	466 534
Property payments Transport provided:	812	53	-	865	865	-	100.0%	251	251
Departmental activity Travel and	103	39	-	142	142	-	100.0%	-	-
subsistence Training and	2,799	497	(31)	3,265	3,265	-	100.0%	2,866	2,866
development Operating	596	34	(1)	629	629	-	100.0%	15	15
payments Venues and	65	54	-	119	119	-	100.0%	144	144
facilities	227	119	(87)	259	259	-	100.0%	190	190
Transfers and subsidies Provinces and	37,733	440	708	38,881	38,881	-	100.0%	44,562	44,562
municipalities Provinces Provincial	2,430	- -	-	2,430 -	2,430	- -	100.0%	839 200	839 200
agencies and funds	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	200	200

		20	16/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed	Shift- ing of	Vire- ment	Final Appro-	Actual Expend-	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture	Final Appro-	Actua expend
	Appro-	Funds	ment	priation	iture	ance	as %	priation	iture
	priation	ruiius		priation	iture		of final	priation	iture
	priation								
							appro- priation		
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R'000	%	R′000	R′000
Municipalities	2,430	-	-	2,430	2,430	-	100.0%	639	639
Municipal bank									
accounts	2,430	-	-	2,430	2,430	-	100.0%	-	
Municipal									
agencies and									
funds	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	639	639
Departmental									
agencies and									
accounts	3,111	15,553	_	18,664	18,664	_	100.0%	12,709	12,709
Departmental	3,111	13,333		10,001	10,001		100.070	12,700	12,702
agencies	3,111	15,553	_	18,664	18,664	_	100.0%	12,709	12,709
Public corporations	3,111	15,555		10,004	10,004		100.070	12,700	12,703
and private									
enterprises	32,192	(15,553)	682	17,321	17,321		100.0%	31,014	31,014
Public	32,192	(15,555)	002	17,321	17,321	_	100.070	31,014	31,012
	1 000	(1,000)							
corporations	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other transfers									
to public	1 000	(4.000)							
corporations	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Private enterprises	31,192	(14,553)	682	17,321	17,321	-	100.0%	31,014	31,014
Other transfers									
to private									
enterprises	31,192	(14,553)	682	17,321	17,321	-	100.0%	31,014	31,014
Households	-	440	26	466	466	-	100.0%	-	
Social benefits	-	440	26	466	466	-	100.0%	-	
ayments for capital									
ssets	224	_	51	275	275	_	100.0%	296	296
Machinery and			٥.				100.070	2,0	2,0
equipment	224	_	51	275	275	_	100.0%	291	291
Transport	224	_	71	2/3	2/3	_	100.070	231	291
·	44	15	25	0.4	84		100.00%	27	27
equipment Other machinery	44	15	25	84	04	-	100.0%	37	37
Other machinery	100	(15)	26	101	101		100.00/	254	35.
and equipment	180	(15)	26	191	191	-	100.0%	254	254
Software and other								_	_
intangible assets	-	-	253	86,527	86,527		100.0%	9 9,793	99,793

		2016	/17					2015	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Ap- pro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	30,623	336	(67)	30,892	30,892	-	100.0%	42,617	42,617
Compensation of employees	3,078	344	-	3,422	3,422	-	100.0%	2,928	2,928
Goods and services	27,545	(8)	(67)	27,470	27,470	-	100.0%	39,689	39,689
Transfers and subsidies	4,511	(274)	-	4,237	4,237	-	100.0%	6,562	6,562
Provinces and municipalities	400	-	-	400	400	-	100.0%	200	200
Departmental agencies and accounts	3,111	708	-	3,819	3,819	-	100.0%	6,348	6,348
Public corporations and private enterprises	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Households	-	18	-	18	18	-	100.0%	-	-
Payments for capital assets	73	-	-	73	73	-	100.0%	34	34
Machinery and equipment	73			73	73	_	100.0%	34	34
Total	35,207	62	(67)	35,202	35,202	_	100.0%	49,213	49,213

2.2 REGIONAL AND LOCAL EC		2016						201	5/16
	Ad- justed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Ap- pro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	6,481	(236)	(50)	6,195	6,195	-	100.0%	5,478	5,478
Compensation of employees Goods and services	5,358 1,123	(236)	- (50)	5,122 1,073	5,122 1,073	-	100.0% 100.0%	4,367 1,111	4,367 1,111
Transfers and subsidies	2,030	422	26	2,478	2,478	-	100.0%	2,000	2,000
Provinces and municipalities	2,030	-	-	2,030	2,030	-	100.0%	639	639
Departmental agencies and accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,361	1,361
Households	-	422	26	448	448	-	100.0%	-	-
Payments for capital assets	63	27	-	90	90	-	100.0%	200	200
Machinery and equipment	63	27	-	90	90	-	100.0%	195	195
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Total	8,574	213	(24)	8,763	8,763	-	100.0%	7,678	7,678

2.3 ECONOMIC EMPOWERME	NT								
		2016	/17					2015	5/16
	Ad- justed Ap- pro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	3,032	-	(141)	2,891	2,891	-	100.0%	2,816	2,816
Compensation of employees Goods and services	2,585 447	-	(94) (47)	2,491 400	2,491 400		100.0% 100.0%	2,148 668	2,148 668
Payments for capital assets Machinery and equipment	53	(42)	-	11 11	11 11	-	100.0%	62	62 62
Total	3,085	(42)	(141)	2,902	2,902	-	100.0%	2,878	2,878

2.4 ECONOMIC GROWTH A	ND DEVE	LOPMENT	FUND						
		2016	5/17					2015/16	
	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture							
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Transfers and subsidies	26,908	(2)		26,906	26,906		100.0%	36,000	36,000
Departmental agencies and accounts	-	14,845	-	14,845	14,845	-	100.0%	5,000	5,000
Public corporations and private enterprises	26,908	(14,847)	-	12,061	12,061	-	100.0%	31,000	31,000
Total	26,908	(2)	-	26,906	26,906	-	100.0%	36,000	36,000

2.5 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF D	IRECTOR								
		2016	5/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	8,181	(540)	(248)	7,393	7,393	-	100.0%	4,024	4,024
Compensation of employees	4,944	(548)	(248)	4,148	4,148	-	100.0%	2,506	2,506
Goods and services	3,237	8	-	3,245	3,245	-	100.0%	1,518	1,518
Transfers and subsidies	4,284	294	682	5,260	5,260	_	100.0%	-	-
Public corporations and private enterprises	4,284	294	682	5,260	5,260	-	100.0%	-	-
Payments for capital									
assets	35	15	51	101	101	-	100.0%	-	-
Machinery and equipment	35	15	51	101	101	-	100.0%	-	-
Total	12,500	(231)	485	12,754	12,754	-	100.0%	4,024	4,024

Programme 3: TRADE A		-	016/17					2015	:/16
	Adjust-	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actua
	ed Appro- priation	ing of Funds	ment	Appro- priation	Ex- pendi- ture	ance	ture as % of final	Appro- priation	ex pendi- ture
							appro- priation		
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Sub programme									
1. Trade and Investment									
Promotion	13,908	(416)	614	14,106	14,106	-	100.0%	11,740	11,587
2. Sector Development	7,702	249	(1,057)	6,894	6,894	-	100.0%	8,436	8,436
3. Strategic Initiatives	8,332	(1,237)	28	7,123	7,123	-	100.0%	7,556	7,436
4. Office of the Chief									
Director	3,441	1,404	23	4,868	4,868	-	100.0%	1,345	1,345
Total for sub									
programmes	33,383	-	(392)	32,991	32,991	-	100.0%	29,077	28,804
Economic classification									
Current payments	20,939	-	(1,140)	19,799	19,799	-	100.0%	21,003	20,730
Compensation of									
employees	10,215	-	(86)	10,129	10,129	-	100.0%	9,104	9,104
Salaries and									
wages	9,217	(140)	(86)	8,991	8,991	-	100.0%	8,078	8,078
Social									
contributions	998	140	-	1,138	1,138	-	100.0%	1,026	1,026
Goods and services	10,724	-	(1,054)	9,670	9,670	-	100.0%	11,899	11,626
Administrative									
fees	215	118	-	333	333	-	100.0%	648	648
Advertising	336	(11)	-	325	325	-	100.0%	1,088	1,088
Minor assets	38	27	-	65	65	-	100.0%	8	8
Audit costs:									
External	176	220	-	396	396	-	100.0%	171	17
Bursaries:									
Employees	86	(7)	-	79	79	-	100.0%	29	29
Catering:									
Departmental									
activities	54	8	-	62	62	-	100.0%	152	152
Communication	254	(50)	-	204	204	-	100.0%	260	260
Computer									
services	2	(2)	_	_	-	_	_	_	

		20	016/17					2015	/16
	Adjust-	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actua
	ed Appro- priation	ing of Funds	ment	Appro- priation	Ex- pendi- ture	ance	ture as % of final appro- priation	Appro- priation	ex pendi ture
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R'000
Consultants: Business and advisory services	1,942	(50)	(929)	963	963		100.0%	2,097	2,097
Legal services	500	(219)	(929)	281	281	-	100.0%	2,097	2,09
Contractors	498	50	-	548	548	-	100.0%	507	507
Agency and support / outsourced	490	30	-	340	340	-	100.0%		
services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	851	85
Fleet services	8	4	-	12	12	-	100.0%	11	11
Consumable supplies	3	10	-	13	13	-	100.0%	8	:
Consumable: Stationery, printing and									
office supplies	327	4	-	331	331	-	100.0%	275	27
Operating leases Property	987	138	-	1,125	1,125	-	100.0%	169	16
payments Travel and	1,334	1,038	-	2,372	2,372	-	100.0%	909	90
subsistence Training and	2,844	(730)	(29)	2,085	2,085	-	100.0%	3,776	3,50
development Operating	347	(292)	(45)	10	10	-	100.0%	5	
payments Venues and	2	32	-	34	34	-	100.0%	8	
facilities	771	(288)	(51)	432	432	-	100.0%	897	89
ransfers and									
ubsidies	12,177	-	700	12,877	12,877	-	100.0%	7,974	7,97
Departmental									
agencies and									
accounts	11,137	952	700	12,789	12,789	-	100.0%	5,908	5,90
Social security									
funds	-								
Departmental agencies	11,137	952	700	12,789	12,789		100.0%	5,908	5,90

Programme 3: TRADE A	ND SECTO	R DEVELO	OPMENT						
			016/17					2015	/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- priation	Actua ex- pendi- ture
	R'000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Public corporations and private enterprises	1,040	(952)	-	88	88	_	100.0%	2,066	2,066
Public corporations Other transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187	187
to public corporations Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187	187
enterprises Other transfers	1,040	(952)	-	88	88	-	100.0%	1,879	1,879
to private enterprises	1,040	(952)	-	88	88	-	100.0%	1,879	1,879
Payments for capital									
assets	267	-	48	315	315	-	100.0%	100	100
Buildings and other fixed structures Other fixed	154	-	18	172	172	-	100.0%	-	-
structures Machinery and	154	-	18	172	172	-	100.0%	-	
equipment Transport	113	-	30	143	143	-	100.0%	81	81
equipment Other machinery	2	-	5	7	7	-	100.0%	-	
and equipment Software and other	111	-	25	136	136	-	100.0%	81	81
intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19
Total	33,383	-	(392)	32,991	32,991	-	100.0%	29,077	28,804

3.1 TRADE AND INVE	STMENT PR	омотю	N								
2016/17									2015/16		
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture		
Economic	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000		
classification											
Current payments	5,971	(416)	(86)	5,469	5,469	-	100.0%	5,772	5,619		
Compensation of employees	3,873	(548)	(86)	3,239	3,239	-	100.0%	3,272	3,272		
Goods and services	2,098	132	-	2,230	2,230	-	100.0%	2,500	2,347		
Transfers and subsidies	7,937	-	700	8,637	8,637	-	100.0%	5,958	5,958		
Departmental agencies and accounts	7,937	_	700	8,637	8,637	-	100.0%	5,908	5,908		
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50		
Payments for capital assets	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	10	10		
Machinery and equipment	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10	10		
Total	13,908	(416)	614	14,106	14,106		100.0%	11,740	11,587		

2016/17									2015/16	
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture	
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000	
Current payments	5,939	276	(1,054)	5,161	5,161	-	100.0%	7,728	7,728	
Compensation of employees	2,534	438	-	2,972	2,972	_	100.0%	2,517	2,517	
Goods and services	3,405	(162)	(1,054)	2,189	2,189	-	100.0%	5,211	5,211	
Transfers and subsidies	1,700			1,700		1,700	100.0%	684	684	
Departmental agencies and	1,700	-	-	1,700	-	1,700	100.0%	064	004	
accounts Public corporations	1,700	(88)	-	1,612	1,612	-	100.0%	-	-	
and private enterprises	-	88	-	88	88	-	100.0%	684	684	
Payments for capital										
assets	63	(27)	(3)	33	33	-	100.0%	24	24	
Machinery and equipment	63	(27)	(3)	33	33	-	100.0%	24	24	
Total	7,702	249	(1,057)	6,894	6,894	_	100.0%	8,436	8,436	

2016/17								2015/16	
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	5,638	(1,237)	-	4,401	4,401	-	100.0%	6,158	6,038
Compensation of employees Goods and services	2,423 3,215	23 (1,260)	-	2,446 1,955	2,446 1,955	-	100.0% 100.0%	3,146 3,012	3,146 2,892
Transfers and subsidies	2,540	-	-	2,540	2,540	-	100.0%	1,332	1,332
Departmental agencies and accounts	1,500	1,040	-	2,540	2,540	-	100.0%	-	-
Public corporations and private enterprises	1,040	(1,040)	-	-	-	-	-	1,332	1,332
Payments for capital									
assets	154	-	28	182	182	-	100.0%	66	66
Buildings and other fixed structures	154	-	18	172	172	_	100.0%	-	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	10	10	10	-	100.0%	47	47
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19
Total	8,332	(1,237)	28	7,123	7,123	-	100.0%	7,556	7,436

3.4 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF	DIRECTO	R							-
2016/17								2015/16	
	Ad- justed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	3,391	1,377	-	4,768	4,768	-	100.0%	1,345	1,345
Compensation of employees	1,385	87	-	1,472	1,472	-	100.0%	169	169
Goods and services	2,006	1,290	-	3,296	3,296	-	100.0%	1,176	1,176
Payments for capital assets	50	27	23	100	100	-	100.0%	_	-
Machinery and equipment	50	27	23	100	100	-	100.0%	-	-
Total	3,441	1,404	23	4,868	4,868	-	100.0%	1,345	1,345

			2016/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appropri- ation	Actual Expend- iture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appropri- ation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Sub programme									
 Corporate Governance 	2,284	109	-	2,393	2,393	-	100.0%	5,423	5,423
2. Consumer									
Protection	8,593	(137)	(307)	8,149	8,149	-	100.0%	6,158	6,158
3. Liquor Regulation4. Gambling and	10,835	1	-	10,836	10,836	-	100.0%	9,628	9,628
Betting	12,836	27	5	12,868	12,868	-	100.0%	10,142	10,142
Total for sub									
programmes	34,548	-	(302)	34,246	34,246	-	100.0%	31,351	31,351
Economic									
classification									
Current payments	10,833	_	(338)	10,495	10,495	_	100.0%	11,369	11,369
Compensation of	10,055		(330)	10,155	10,133		100.070	11,505	11,505
employees	7,245	(1)	67	7,311	7,311	_	100.0%	8,759	8,759
Salaries and				,	,			•	ĺ
wages	6,522	(28)	(43)	6,451	6,451	-	100.0%	8,018	8,018
Social									
contributions	723	27	110	860	860	-	100.0%	741	741
Goods and services	3,588	1	(405)	3,184	3,184	-	100.0%	2,610	2,610
Administrative									
fees	41	(6)	-	35	35	-	100.0%	41	41
Advertising	195	356	-	551	551	-	100.0%	179	179
Minor assets	14	13	-	27	27	-	100.0%	18	18
Audit costs:									
External	24	(24)	-	-	-	-	-	21	21
Bursaries:		4.5		45	4.5		100.00/		
Employees	-	15	-	15	15	-	100.0%	-	-
Catering:									
Departmental activities	70	(10)		51	51		100.0%	139	120
Communication	70 173	(19)	-	179	179	-	100.0%	188	139 188
Legal services	551	(144)	(402)	5	5	_	100.0%	5	5
Contractors	6	(6)	(402)		ا ر	_	100.070	J	_
Fleet services	128	45	(3)	170	170	_	100.0%	115	115
Consumable	120	-5	(3)	170	1/0	_	100.070	113	113
supplies	3	2	_	5	5	_	100.0%	1	1

Programme 4: BUSINE	SS REGUL	ATION A	ND GOVE	RNANCE					
			2016/17					201	5/16
	Adjust-	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actual
	ed	ing of	ment	Appropri-	Expend-	ance	ture	Appro-	expend-
	Appro-	Funds		ation	iture		as %	priation	iture
	priation						of final		
							appropri-		
	Diago	D/000	D/000	D/000	D/000	D/000	ation	D/000	D/000
Consumable:	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Stationery,									
printing and									
office supplies	79	(37)	_	42	42	_	100.0%	62	62
Operating	79	(37)		72	72		100.070	02	02
leases	1,110	(2)	_	1,108	1,108	_	100.0%	1,130	1,130
Property	1,110	(2)		1,100	1,100		100.070	1,130	1,130
payments	455	(165)		290	290		100.0%	124	124
Travel and	433	(103)	_	290	290	_	100.070	124	124
subsistence	634	(143)	_	491	491	_	100.0%	503	503
Training and	054	(143)		771	771		100.070	505	303
development	93	110	_	203	203	_	100.0%	40	40
Operating	93	110		203	203		100.070	40	1 40
payments	8	4	_	12	12	_	100.0%	14	14
Venues and	0	4	_	12	12	_	100.070	14	14
facilities	4	(4)	_	_	_	_	_	30	30
racinties		(-1)						30	30
Transfers and									
subsidies	23,592	-	-	23,592	23,592	-	100.0%	19,597	19,597
Departmental									
agencies and									
accounts	23,592	-	-	23,592	23,592	-	100.0%	19,597	19,597
Departmental									
agencies	23,592	-	-	23,592	23,592	-	100.0%	19,597	19,597
Payments for capital									
assets	123	-	36	159	159	-	100.0%	385	385
Machinery and									
equipment	123	-	36	159	159	-	100.0%	380	380
Transport									
equipment	103	-	(6)	97	97	-	100.0%	47	47
Other									
machinery and									
equipment	20	-	42	62	62	-	100.0%	333	333
Software and other									
intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Total	34,548	-	(302)	34,246	34,246		100.0%	31,351	31,351

	-	201	6/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appropri- ation	Final Appro-	Actual expend- iture
Economic classification	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R'000	R′000
Current payments	2,273	109	-	2,382	2,382	-	100.0%	5,376	5,376
Compensation of									
employees	2,028	(13)	-	2,015	2,015	-	100.0%	3,835	3,835
Goods and services	245	122	-	367	367	-	100.0%	1,541	1,541
Payments for capital									
assets	11	-	-	11	11	-	100.0%	47	47
Machinery and									
equipment	11	-	-	11	11	-	100.0%	42	42
Software and other									
intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Total	2,284	109	-	2,393	2,393	-	100.0%	5,423	5,423

		201	16/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
Economic classification	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	%	R'000	R′000
Current payments	8,487	(137)	(338)	8,012	8,012	-	100.0%	5,862	5,862
Compensation of									
employees	5,217	12	67	5,296	5,296	-	100.0%	4,884	4,884
Goods and services	3,270	(149)	(405)	2,716	2,716	-	100.0%	978	978
Payments for capital									
assets	106	-	31	137	137	-	100.0%	296	296
Machinery and									
equipment	106	-	31	137	137	-	100.0%	296	296
Total	8,593	(137)	(307)	8,149	8,149	-	100.0%	6,158	6,158

4.3 LIQUOR REGULATION									
		201	5/17					2015/16	
	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture							
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R'000	R′000
Current payments	2	1	-	3	3	-	100.0%	4	4
Goods and services	2	1	-	3	3	-	100.0%	4	4
Transfers and subsidies Departmental agencies	10,833	-	-	10,833	10,833	-	100.0%	9,624	9,624
and accounts	10,833	-	-	10,833	10,833	-	100.0%	9,624	9,624
Total	10,835	1	-	10,836	10,836	-	100.0%	9,628	9,628

		2016	5/17					2015	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R'000
Current payments	71	27	-	98	98	-	100.0%	127	127
Compensation of									
employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40
Goods and services	71	27	-	98	98	-	100.0%	87	87
Transfers and subsidies	12,759	-	-	12,759	12,759	-	100.0%	9,973	9,973
Departmental agencies									
and accounts	12,759	-	-	12,759	12,759	-	100.0%	9,973	9,973
Payments for capital									
assets	6	-	5	11	11	-	100.0%	42	42
Machinery and									
equipment	6	-	5	11	11	-	100.0%	42	42
Total	12,836	27	5	12,868	12,868	-	100.0%	10,142	10,142

		Program	me 5: E	CONOMIC	PLANNIN	G			
		201	6/17					2015	/16
	Adjusted	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actual
	Appro-	ing of	ment	Appro-	Ex-	ance	ture	Appro-	ex-
	priation	Funds		priation	pendi-		as %	priation	pendi-
					ture		of final		ture
							appro-		
							priation		
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Sub programme									
1. Policy and Planning	3,192	-	(245)	2,947	2,947	-	100.0%	3,481	3,481
2. Research and									
Development	4,436	(94)	(254)	4,088	4,088	-	100.0%	4,245	4,245
3. Knowledge									
Management	6,343	(87)	(1,014)	5,242	5,242	-	100.0%	4,461	4,461
4. Monitoring and									
Evaluation	2,352	25	(7)	2,370	2,370	-	100.0%	2,348	2,348
5. Office of the Chief									
Director	4,202	156	-	4,358	3,570	788	81.9%	2,390	2,390
Total for sub									
programmes	20,525	-	(1,520)	19,005	18,217	788	95.9%	16,925	16,925
Economic classification									
Current payments	20,210	-	(1,354)	18,856	18,068	788	95.8%	16,567	16,567
Compensation of									
employees	13,270	-	(255)	13,015	13,015	-	100.0%	12,244	12,244
Salaries and wages	11,670	93	(243)	11,520	11,520	-	100.0%	10,824	10,824
Social									
contributions	1,600	(93)	(12)	1,495	1,495	-	100.0%	1,420	1,420
Goods and services	6,940	-	(1,099)	5,841	5,053	788	86.5%	4,323	4,323
Administrative fees	191	(11)	(38)	142	142	-	100.0%	193	193
Advertising	-	79	-	79	79	-	100.0%	57	57
Minor assets	5	23	(1)	27	27	-	100.0%	53	53
Audit costs:									
External	79	(79)	-	-	-	-	-	73	73
Bursaries:									
Employees	-	16	36	52	52	-	100.0%	3	3

		Program	me 5: E	CONOMIC	PLANNIN	G			
		201	6/17					2015	/16
	Adjusted Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
	R'000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	%	R′000	R′000
Catering: Departmental									
activities	226	27	11	264	264	-	100.0%	257	257
Communication	225	46	(28)	243	243	-	100.0%	179	179
Computer services Consultants: Business and	451	61	-	512	512	-	100.0%	868	868
advisory services	829	(211)	(424)	194	194	-	100.0%	12	12
Contractors Agency and support / outsourced	224	(224)	-	-	-	-	ı	342	342
services	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	165	165
Fleet services Consumable	11	16	12	39	39	-	100.0%	50	50
supplies Consumable: Stationery, printing	3	4	-	7	7	-	100.0%	8	8
and office supplies	115	(9)	11	117	117	-	100.0%	149	149
Operating leases	1,298	(173)	-	1,125	1,125	-	100.0%	309	309
Property payments Travel and	676	517	-	1,193	405	788	33.9%	169	169
subsistence Training and	1,639	(95)	(2)	1,542	1,542	-	100.0%	1,151	1,151
development Operating	833	5	(699)	139	139	-	100.0%	192	192
payments Venues and	2	29	7	38	38	-	100.0%	44	44
facilities	133	(21)	16	128	128	-	100.0%	49	49

	Programme 5: ECONOMIC PLANNING										
		201	6/17					2015	/16		
	Adjusted Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture		
	R'000	R'000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R'000	%	R′000	R'000		
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36		
Public corporations											
and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14		
Private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14		
Other transfers											
to private											
enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14		
Households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22		
Other transfers to											
households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22		
Payments for capital											
assets	315	-	(166)	149	149	_	100.0%	322	322		
Machinery and											
equipment	315	-	(166)	149	149	-	100.0%	315	315		
Transport											
equipment	27	11	-	38	38	-	100.0%	13	13		
Other machinery		İ									
and equipment	288	(11)	(166)	111	111	_	100.0%	302	302		
Software and other		. /	,								
intangible assets	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	7	7		
Total	20,525	-	(1,520)	19,005	18,217	788	95.9%	16,925	16,925		

5.1 POLICY AND PLANNI	NG								
		20	16/17					2015	/16
	Adjusted	Shift-	Vire-	Final	Actual	Vari-	Expendi-	Final	Actual
	Appro-	ing of	ment	Appro-	Expendi-	ance	ture	Appro-	ex-
	priation	Funds		priation	ture		as %	priation	pendi-
							of final		ture
							appropri-		
							ation		
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	3,142	-	(195)	2,947	2,947	-	100.0%	3,429	3,429
Compensation of									
employees	2,584	-	(116)	2,468	2,468	-	100.0%	2,747	2,747
Goods and services	558	-	(79)	479	479	-	100.0%	682	682
Transfers and subsidies	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	14	14
Public corporations									
and private									
enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Payments for capital									
assets	50	-	(50)	-	-	-	-	38	38
Machinery and									
equipment	50	-	(50)	-	-	-	-	38	38
Total	3,192	-	(245)	2,947	2,947	-	100.0%	3,481	3,481

5.2 RESEARCH AND DEVE	LOPMENT								
		20	16/17					2015	/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	4,386	(94)	(204)	4,088	4,088	-	100.0%	4,237	4,237
Compensation of									
employees	3,847	(94)	(139)	3,614	3,614	-	100.0%	3,886	3,886
Goods and services	539	-	(65)	474	474	-	100.0%	351	351
Payments for capital									
assets	50	-	(50)	-	-	-	_	8	8
Machinery and									
equipment	50	-	(50)	-	-	-	_	8	8
Total	4,436	(94)	(254)	4,088	4,088	-	100.0%	4,245	4,245

5.3 KNOWLEDGE MANAGEM	ENT								
		201	6/17					201	5/16
	Ad- justed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appropri- ation	Final Ap- pro- pria- tion	Actu- al ex- pend- iture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	6,196	(64)	(948)	5,184	5,184	-	100.0%	4,275	4,275
Compensation of employees	3,354	12	-	3,366	3,366	-	100.0%	2,251	2,251
Goods and services	2,842	(76)	(948)	1,818	1,818	-	100.0%	2,024	2,024
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22
Households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22
Payments for capital assets	147	(23)	(66)	58	58	-	100.0%	164	164
Machinery and									
equipment	147	(23)	(66)	58	58	-	100.0%	164	164
Total	6,343	(87)	(1,014)	5,242	5,242	-	100.0%	4,461	4,461

5.4 MONITORING AND EVALUATION									
		2016/17						2015	/16
justed ing of ment Ap- Ex- ance iture Ap- Funds pro- pendipro- pria- ture appro-						Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture	
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R′000	R'000	%	R'000	R′000
Current payments	2,325	25	(7)	2,343	2,343	-	100.0%	2,275	2,275
Compensation of employees	2,128	25	-	2,153	2,153	-	100.0%	2,033	2,033
Goods and services	197	-	(7)	190	190	-	100.0%	242	242
Payments for capital assets	27	-	-	27	27	-	100.0%	73	73
Machinery and equipment	27	-	-	27	27	-	100.0%	73	73
Total	2,352	25	(7)	2,370	2,370	-	100.0%	2,348	2,348

5.5 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DIRECT	OR								
		2016/17						2015	/16
	Ad- justed Ap- pro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	4,161	133	-	4,294	3,506	788	81.6%	2,351	2,351
Compensation of employees	1,357	57	-	1,414	1,414	-	100.0%	1,327	1,327
Goods and services	2,804	76	-	2,880	2,092	788	72.6%	1,024	1,024
Payments for capital assets	41	23	-	64	64	-	100.0%	39	39
Machinery and equipment	41	23	-	64	64	-	100.0%	32	32
Software and other intangible									
assets	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	7	7
Total	4,202	156	-	4,358	3,570	788	81.9%	2,390	2,390

				mme 6: T	OURISM				
			2016/17	r				201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appropri- ation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Sub programme									
 Tourism Planning Tourism Growth and 	5,918	(107)	(22)	5,789	5,789	-	100.0%	5,175	5,175
Development 3. Tourism Sector	39,716	419	(4,197)	35,938	33,678	2,260	93.7%	39,977	39,550
Transformation 4. Office of the Chief	2,024	(109)	-	1,915	1,915	-	100.0%	1,964	1,964
Director	5,619	(203)	-	5,416	5,416	-	100.0%	2,803	2,507
Total for sub programmes	53,277	_	(4,219)	49,058	46,798	2,260	95.4%	49,919	49,196
programmes	33,277	_	(4,219)	79,030	40,790	2,200	73.7 /0	73,313	79,190
Economic classification									
Current payments	24,439	-	(2,681)	21,758	19,498	2,260	89.6%	21,096	20,373
Compensation of									
employees	11,246	(194)	-	11,052	11,052	-	100.0%	9,415	8,692
Salaries and									
wages	9,565	57	-	9,622	9,622	-	100.0%	8,128	7,478
Social	1.601	(2.54)		1 120	1 420		100.00/	4 207	1 214
contributions	1,681	(251)	(2,601)	1,430	1,430	2 260	100.0%	1,287	1,214
Goods and services Administrative	13,193	194	(2,681)	10,706	8,446	2,260	78.9%	11,681	11,681
fees	312	(10)	(66)	236	236	-	100.0%	483	483
Advertising	185	232	(128)	289	289	-	100.0%	1,230	1,230
Minor assets	13	3	29	45	45	-	100.0%	115	115
Audit costs:		()							
External	37	(37)	-	-	-	-	-	42	42
Bursaries:			7	_	_		100.00/	_	_
Employees	-	-	7	7	7	-	100.0%	7	7
Catering: Departmental									
activities	396	32	(190)	238	238		100.0%	629	629
Communication	243	(22)	12	233	233	_	100.0%	278	278
Computer	273	(22)	12	233	255		100.070		
services	44	(4)	(40)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consultants:		(.)	(.3)						
Business and									
advisory services	3,166	200	(2,128)	1,238	1,238	-	100.0%	332	332

Programme 6: TOURISM									
			2016/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appropri-	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	ation %	R′000	R′000
Contractors	394	-	47	441	441	-	100.0%	1,736	1,736
Agency and								·	
support / outsourced									
services	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	158	158
Entertainment									
Fleet services	75	42	(2)	115	115	-	100.0%	144	144
Consumable	٦		7	12	12		100.00/	222	222
supplies Consumable:	5	1	7	13	13	-	100.0%	332	332
Stationery,									
printing and									
office supplies	410	-	(88)	322	322	-	100.0%	317	317
Operating leases	1,429	316	(339)	1,406	1,406	-	100.0%	406	406
Property	1,088	127	1,999	3,214	954	2,260	29.7%	1,899	1,899
payments Transport	1,000	127	1,999	3,214	934	2,200	29.7%	1,099	1,099
provided:									
Departmental									
activity	-	-	31	31	31	-	100.0%	-	-
Travel and	2.426	(2.41)	(405)	2.500	2 500		100.00/	2.264	2 264
subsistence Training and	3,426	(341)	(495)	2,590	2,590	-	100.0%	3,364	3,364
development	806	(451)	(334)	21	21	-	100.0%	10	10
Operating			(,						
payments	23	28	-	51	51	-	100.0%	10	10
Venues and			(2)				100.00/	40.0	40.5
facilities Rental and hiring	141 1,000	78	(3)	216	216	-	100.0%	136 53	136 53
Rental and hiring	1,000	-	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	33	55
Transfers and									
subsidies	28,387	-	(1,381)	27,006	27,006	-	100.0%	27,892	27,892
Provinces and		(2.5-)					400.55		
municipalities	844	(267)	-	577 577	577	-	100.0%	881	881
Municipalities Municipal	844	(267)	-	577	577	-	100.0%	881	881
bank									
accounts	838	(267)		571	571		100.0%		

			Progra	mme 6: To	DURISM				
			2016/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- pria- tion	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Expendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appro- priation	Actual expend- iture
	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R'000	%	R′000	R′000
Municipal agencies and funds Departmental	6	-	-	6	6	-	100.0%	881	881
agencies and accounts Departmental	20,436	1,320	(87)	21,669	21,669	-	100.0%	21,561	21,561
agencies Public corporations and private	20,436	1,320	(87)	21,669	21,669	-	100.0%	21,561	21,561
enterprises Private	7,107	(1,065)	(1,294)	4,748	4,748	-	100.0%	5,450	5,450
enterprises Other transfers to private	7,107	(1,065)	(1,294)	4,748	4,748	-	100.0%	5,450	5,450
enterprises	7,107	(1,065)	(1,294)	4,748	4,748	_	100.0%	5,450	5,450
Households	_	12	-	12	12	-	100.0%	-	-
Social benefits	-	12	-	12	12	-	100.0%	-	-
Payments for capital assets	451	_	(157)	294	294	_	100.0%	931	931
Buildings and other			, ,						
fixed structures Other fixed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	314
structures Machinery and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	314
equipment	451	-	(157)	294	294	-	100.0%	560	560
Transport equipment	24	57	-	81	81	-	100.0%	31	31
Other machinery and equipment Software and other	427	(57)	(157)	213	213	-	100.0%	529	529
intangible assets		_	_		-	_	-	57	57
Total	53,277	-	(4,219)	49,058	46,798	2,260	95.4%	49,919	49,196

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

6.1 TOURISM PLANNING										
		2016/1	7					2015	2015/16	
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Ex- pendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture	
Economic classification	R′000	R'000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000	
Current payments	5,865	(85)	-	5,780	5,780	-	100.0%	5,079	5,079	
Compensation of employees	4,013	(100)	-	3,913	3,913	-	100.0%	4,054	4,054	
Goods and services	1,852	15	-	1,867	1,867	-	100.0%	1,025	1,025	
Payments for capital assets Machinery and equipment	53 53	(22) (22)	(22) (22)	9	9 9	-	100.0% 100.0%	96 96	96 96	
Total	5,918	(107)	(22)	5,789	5,789	-	100.0%	5,175	5,175	

6.2 TOURISM GROWTH A	ND DEVEL	OPMENT							
		20	16/17					2015	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- pria- tion	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expend- iture as % of final appro- priation	Final Appro- priation	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	11,016	461	(2,681)	8,796	6,536	2,260	74.3%	11,279	10,852
Compensation of employees	3,256	100	-	3,356	3,356	-	100.0%	2,952	2,525
Goods and services	7,760	361	(2,681)	5,440	3,180	2,260	58.5%	8,327	8,327
Transfers and subsidies	28,381	(12)	(1,381)	26,988	26,988	-	100.0%	27,892	27,892
Provinces and municipalities Departmental	838	(267)	-	571	571	-	100.0%	881	881
agencies and accounts	20,436	1,320	(87)	21,669	21,669	-	100.0%	21,561	21,561
Public corporations and private enterprises	7,107	(1,065)	(1,294)	4,748	4,748	-	100.0%	5,450	5,450
Payments for capital assets	319	(30)	(135)	154	154	-	100.0%	806	806
Buildings and other fixed structures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	314
Machinery and equipment	319	(30)	(135)	154	154	-	100.0%	435	435
Software and other intangible assets	-		-	-	_		-	57	57
Total	39,716	419	(4,197)	35,938	33,678	2,260	93.7%	39,977	39,550

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

6.3 TOURISM SECTOR TRANSFORMATION									
		2016	5/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Ap- pro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Current payments	1,974	(82)	-	1,892	1,892	-	100.0%	1,964	1,964
Compensation of employees	1,116	(47)	-	1,069	1,069	-	100.0%	989	989
Goods and services	858	(35)	-	823	823	-	100.0%	975	975
Payments for capital assets	50	(27)	-	23	23	-	100.0%	-	_
Machinery and equipment	50	(27)	-	23	23	-	100.0%	-	-
Total	2,024	(109)	-	1,915	1,915	-	100.0%	1,964	1,964

6.4 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF I	DIRECTOR								
		2016	5/17					201	5/16
	Adjust- ed Appro- priation	Shift- ing of Funds	Vire- ment	Final Appro- priation	Actual Ex- pendi- ture	Vari- ance	Expendi- ture as % of final appro- priation	Final Ap- pro- pria- tion	Actual ex- pendi- ture
Economic classification	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R'000	R′000
Current payments	5,584	(294)	-	5,290	5,290	-	100.0%	2,774	2,478
Compensation of employees Goods and services	2,861 2,723	(147) (147)	-	2,714 2,576	2,714 2,576	-	100.0%	1,420 1,354	1,124 1,354
	2,723		_	2,370	2,370	-	100.070	1,334	1,334
Transfers and subsidies	6	12	-	18	18	-	100.0%	-	-
Provinces and municipalities	6	-	-	6	6	-	100.0%	-	-
Households	-	12	-	12	12	-	100.0%	-	-
Payments for capital	20	70		100	100		100.00/	20	26
assets	29	79	-	108	108	-	100.0%	29	29
Machinery and equipment	29	79	-	108	108	-	100.0%	29	29
Total	5,619	(203)	-	5,416	5,416	-	100.0%	2,803	2,507

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT For the year ended the 31 March 2017

1. Detail of transfers and subsidies as per Appropriation Act (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in the note on Transfers and subsidies, disclosure notes and Annexure 1 (A-H) to the Annual Financial Statements.

2. Detail of specifically and exclusively appropriated amounts voted (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in note 1 (Annual Appropriation) to the Annual Financial Statements.

3. Detail on payments for financial assets

Detail of these transactions per programme can be viewed in the note on Payments for financial assets to the Annual Financial Statements.

4. Explanations of material variances from Amounts Voted (after Virement):

4.1 Per programme	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance R'000	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
Administration Goods and Services	24,743	15,901	8,842	35.74%

Reprioritisation of budgeted funds to achieve a saving to accommodate financing of debt, however at year end this amount was unpaid as a result of a pending legal matter of a utility bill. Service delivery was not compromised by this under-spending.

Economic Planning

Goods and Services 5,841 5,053 788 13.49%

Reprioritisation of budgeted funds to achieve a saving to accommodate financing of debt, however at year end this amount was unpaid as a result of a pending legal matter of a utility bill. Service delivery was not compromised by this under-spending.

Tourism

Goods and Services 10,706 8,446 2,260 21.11%

Reprioritisation of budgeted funds to achieve a saving to accommodate financing of debt, however at year end this amount was unpaid as a result of a pending legal matter of a utility bill. Service delivery was not compromised by this under-spending.

4.2 Per economic classification	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Current payments				
Goods and services	86,332	74,442	11,890	13,77%

Reprioritisation of budgeted funds to achieve a saving to accommodate financing of debt, however at year end this amount was unpaid as a result of a pending legal matter of a utility bill. Service delivery was not compromised by this under-spending.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE For the year ended the 31 March 2017

	Note	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R′000
REVENUE			
Annual appropriation	1	284,357	282,089
Departmental revenue	2	-	262
Aid assistance	3	3,700	1,000
TOTAL REVENUE	_	288,057	283,351
EXPENDITURE			
Current expenditure			
Compensation of employees	4	93,501	81,947
Goods and services	5	74,442	93,610
Aid assistance	3	146	712
Total current expenditure		168,089	176,269
Transfers and subsidies			
Transfers and subsidies	7	102,637	100,580
Total transfers and subsidies		102,637	100,580
Expenditure for capital assets			
Tangible assets	8	4,998	2,643
Software and other intangible assets	8	-	108
Total expenditure for capital assets		4,998	2,751
Payments for financial assets	6	-	783
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	_	275,724	280,383
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	_	12,333	2,968
Reconciliation of Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year			
Voted funds		11,890	2,418
Annual appropriation		11,890	2,418
Conditional grants		-	-
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts	13	-	262
Aid assistance	3	443	288
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	_	12,333	2,968

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ASSETS	Note	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R′000
A33E13			
Current assets		14,509	4,421
Cash and cash equivalents	9	13,879	3,992
Prepayments and advances	10	298	151
Receivables	11	332	278
Non-current assets		6,796	6,796
Receivables	11	6,796	6,796
TOTAL ASSETS	_ _	21,305	11,217
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		14,509	4,421
Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	12	11,890	2,418
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	13	2,175	1,711
Payables	14	1	4
Aid assistance unutilised	3	443	288
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	14,509	4,421
NET ASSETS	=	6,796	6,796
Represented by:			
Recoverable revenue		6,796	6,796
TOTAL	=	6,796	6,796

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

	Note	2016/17 R'000	2015/16 R′000
Recoverable revenue			
Opening balance		6,796	6,796
Closing balance		6,796	6,796
TOTAL		6,796	6,796

NORTHERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM VOTE 6

CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended the 31 March 2017

	Note	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		11 000	11 000
Receipts		317,138	310,543
Annual appropriated funds received	1.1	284,357	282,089
Departmental revenue received	2	29,081	27,454
Aid assistance received	3	3,700	1,000
Net (increase)/decrease in working capital		(204)	829
Surrendered to Revenue Fund		(31,035)	(28,328)
Surrendered to RDP Fund/Donor		(288)	(213)
Current payments		(168,089)	(175,557)
Payments for financial assets		- -	(783)
Transfers and subsidies paid		(102,637)	(101,292)
Net cash flow available from operating activities	15 _	14,885	5,199
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for capital assets	8	(4,998)	(2,751)
Net cash flows from investing activities	_	(4,998)	(2,751)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,887	2,448
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		3,992	1,544
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	9 =	13,879	3,992

Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the following policies, which have been applied consistently in all material aspects, unless otherwise indicated. Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information.

The historical cost convention has been used, except where otherwise indicated. Management has used assessments and estimates in preparing the annual financial statements. These are based on the best information available at the time of preparation.

Where appropriate and meaningful, additional information has been disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements and to comply with the statutory requirements of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999), and the Treasury Regulations issued in terms of the PFMA and the annual Division of Revenue Act.

1	Basis of preparation The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Modified Cash Standard.
2	Going concern The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.
3	Presentation currency Amounts have been presented in the currency of the South African Rand (R) which is also the functional currency of the department.
4	Rounding Unless otherwise stated financial figures have been rounded to the nearest one thousand Rand (R'000).
5	Foreign currency translation Cash flows arising from foreign currency transactions are translated into South African Rands using the spot exchange rates prevailing at the date of payment / receipt.
6	Comparative information
6.1	Prior period comparative information Prior period comparative information has been presented in the current year's financial statements. Where necessary figures included in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to ensure that the format in which the information is presented is consistent with the format of the current year's financial statements.
6.2	Current year comparison with budget A comparison between the approved, final budget and actual amounts for each programme and economic classification is included in the appropriation statement.
7	Revenue
7.1	Appropriated funds Appropriated funds comprises of departmental allocations as well as direct charges against the revenue fund (i.e. statutory appropriation). Appropriated funds are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the appropriation becomes effective. Adjustments made in terms of the adjustments budget process are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the adjustments become effective. The net amount of any appropriated funds due to / from the relevant revenue fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable / receivable in the statement of financial position.
7.2	Departmental revenue Departmental revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received and is subsequently paid into the relevant revenue fund, unless stated otherwise. Any amount owing to the relevant revenue fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the year ended the 31 March 2017

7.3 Accrued departmental revenue

Accruals in respect of departmental revenue (excluding tax revenue) are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when:

- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the department; and
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

The accrued revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable.

Accrued tax revenue (and related interest and / penalties) is measured at amounts receivable from collecting agents.

Write-offs are made according to the department's debt write-off policy

8 Expenditure

8.1 Compensation of employees

8.1.1 | Salaries and wages

Salaries and wages are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.

8.1.2 | Social contributions

Social contributions made by the department in respect of current employees are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.

Social contributions made by the department in respect of ex-employees are classified as transfers to households in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.

8.2 Other expenditure

Other expenditure (such as goods and services, transfers and subsidies and payments for capital assets) is recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. The expense is classified as a capital expense if the total consideration paid is more than the capitalisation threshold.

8.3 Accrued expenditure payable

Accrued expenditure payable is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the goods are received or, in the case of services, when they are rendered to the department or in the case of transfers and subsidies when they are due and payable.

Accrued expenditure payable is measured at cost.

8.4 Leases

8.4.1 Operating leases

Operating lease payments made during the reporting period are recognised as current expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.

The operating lease commitments are recorded in the notes to the financial statements.

8.4.2 Finance leases

Finance lease payments made during the reporting period are recognised as capital expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.

The finance lease commitments are recorded in the notes to the financial statements and are not apportioned between the capital and interest portions.

Finance lease assets acquired at the end of the lease term are recorded and measured at the lower of:

- · cost, being the fair value of the asset; or
- the sum of the minimum lease payments made, including any payments made to acquire ownership at the end of the lease term, excluding interest.

9	Aid Assistance
9.1	Aid assistance received Aid assistance received in cash is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received. In-kind aid assistance is recorded in the notes to the financial statements on the date of receipt and is measured at fair value. Aid assistance not spent for the intended purpose and any unutilised funds from aid assistance that are required to be refunded to the donor are recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.
9.2	Aid assistance paid Aid assistance paid is recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. Aid assistance payments made prior to the receipt of funds are recognised as a receivable in the statement of financial position.
10	Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the statement of financial position. Bank overdrafts are shown separately on the face of the statement of financial position as a current liability. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held, other short-term highly liquid investments and bank overdrafts.
11	Prepayments and advances Prepayments and advances are recognised in the statement of financial position when the department receives or disburses the cash. Prepayments and advances are initially and subsequently measured at cost. <indicate and="" are="" circumstances.="" expensed="" prepayments="" under="" what="" when=""></indicate>
12	Loans and receivables Loans and receivables are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off. Write-offs are made according to the department's write-off policy.
13	Investments Investments are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost.
14	Financial assets
14.1	Financial assets (not covered elsewhere) A financial asset is recognised initially at its cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial. At the reporting date, a department shall measure its financial assets at cost, less amounts already settled or written-off, except for recognised loans and receivables, which are measured at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off.
14.2	Impairment of financial assets Where there is an indication of impairment of a financial asset, an estimation of the reduction in the recorded carrying value, to reflect the best estimate of the amount of the future economic benefits expected to be received from that asset, is recorded in the notes to the financial statements.
15	Payables Loans and payables are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost.

16	Capital Assets
16.1	Immovable capital assets
	Immovable capital assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Immovable
	capital assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction are measured at fair value as at the date of
	acquisition.
	Where the cost of immovable capital assets cannot be determined reliably, the immovable capital assets are
	measured at fair value for recording in the asset register. Immovable capital assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment.
	Subsequent expenditure that is of a capital nature is added to the cost of the asset at the end of the capital
	project unless the immovable asset is recorded by another department in which case the completed project
	costs are transferred to that department.
16.2	Movable capital assets
	Movable capital assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Movable capital
	assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition.
	Where the cost of movable capital assets cannot be determined reliably, the movable capital assets are
	measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the movable assets are measured at R1.
	All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) may be recorded at R1.
	Movable capital assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment.
	Biological assets are subsequently carried at fair value.
	Subsequent expenditure that is of a capital nature is added to the cost of the asset at the end of the capital
	project unless the movable asset is recorded by another department/entity in which case the completed
	project costs are transferred to that department.
16.3	Software and other intangible assets Software and other intangible assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost.
	Software and other intangible assets are limitally recorded in the notes to the infancial statements at cost. Software and other intangible assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction are measured at fair value.
	as at the date of acquisition.
	Internally generated Software and other intangible assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements
	when the department commences the development phase of the project.
	Where the cost of Software and other intangible assets cannot be determined reliably, the intangible capital
	assets are measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the Software and other intangible
	assets are measured at R1.
	All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) may be recorded at R1.
	Software and other intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or
	impairment.
	Subsequent expenditure that is of a capital nature is added to the cost of the asset at the end of the capital project unless the intangible asset is recorded by another department/entity in which case the completed
	project unless the intangible asset is recorded by another department/entity in which case the completed project costs are transferred to that department.
17	Provisions and Contingents
	Provisions
17.1	Provisions are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a present legal or constructive
	obligation to forfeit economic benefits as a result of events in the past and it is probable that an outflow of
	resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a
	reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. The provision is measured as the best estimate of the funds
	required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

17.2 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department or when there is a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

17.3 Contingent assets

Contingent assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when a possible asset arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department.

17.4 Commitments

Commitments (other than for transfers and subsidies) are recorded at cost in the notes to the financial statements when there is a contractual arrangement or an approval by management in a manner that raises a valid expectation that the department will discharge its responsibilities thereby incurring future expenditure that will result in the outflow of cash.

18 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure is recognised in the statement of financial position until such time as the expenditure is either:

- approved by Parliament or the Provincial Legislature with funding and the related funds are received; or
- approved by Parliament or the Provincial Legislature without funding and is written off against the appropriation in the statement of financial performance; or
- · transferred to receivables for recovery.

Unauthorised expenditure is measured at the amount of the confirmed unauthorised expenditure.

19 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when confirmed. The amount recorded is equal to the total value of the fruitless and or wasteful expenditure incurred.

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is removed from the notes to the financial statements when it is resolved or transferred to receivables for recovery.

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure receivables are measured at the amount that is expected to be recoverable and are de-recognised when settled or subsequently written-off as irrecoverable.

20 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when confirmed. The amount recorded is equal to the value of the irregular expenditure incurred unless it is impracticable to determine, in which case reasons therefor are provided in the note.

Irregular expenditure is removed from the note when it is either condoned by the relevant authority, transferred to receivables for recovery or not condoned and is not recoverable.

Irregular expenditure receivables are measured at the amount that is expected to be recoverable and are derecognised when settled or subsequently written-off as irrecoverable.

21 Changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates and errors

Changes in accounting policies that are effected by management have been applied retrospectively in accordance with MCS requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change in policy. In such instances the department shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable.

Changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively in accordance with MCS requirements.

Correction of errors is applied retrospectively in the period in which the error has occurred in accordance with MCS requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the error. In such cases the department shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable.

22	Events after the reporting date Events after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events have been accounted for in the financial statements. The events after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events after the reporting date have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
23	Principal-Agent arrangements
	The department is party to a principal-agent arrangement for [include details here]. In terms of the arrangement the department is the [principal / agent] and is responsible for [include details here]. All related revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities have been recognised or recorded in terms of the relevant policies listed herein. Additional disclosures have been provided in the notes to the financial statements where appropriate.
24	Departures from the MCS requirements
	Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information; that the department complied with the Standard except that it has departed from a particular requirement to achieve fair presentation.
25	Capitalisation reserve
	The capitalisation reserve comprises of financial assets and/or liabilities originating in a prior reporting period but which are recognised in the statement of financial position for the first time in the current reporting period. Amounts are recognised in the capitalisation reserves when identified in the current period and are transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund when the underlying asset is disposed and the related funds are received.
26	Recoverable revenue
	Amounts are recognised as recoverable revenue when a payment made in a previous financial year becomes recoverable from a debtor in the current financial year. Amounts are either transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund when recovered or are transferred to the statement of financial performance when written-off.
27	Related party transactions
	A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the reporting entity and a related party. Related party transactions within the Minister/MEC's portfolio are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the transaction is not at arm's length. Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the department. The number of individuals and their full compensation is recorded in the notes to the financial statements.
28	Inventories (Effective from date determined in a Treasury Instruction)
	At the date of acquisition, inventories are recorded at cost price in the statement of performance. Where inventories are acquired as part of a non-exchange transaction, the cost of inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Inventories are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value or the lower of cost and current replacement value. Subsequent measurement of the cost of inventory is determined on the weighted average basis.
29	Public-Private Partnerships
	Public Private Partnerships are accounted for based on the nature and or the substance of the partnership. The transaction is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policies. A summary of the significant terms of the PPP agreement, the parties to the agreement, and the date of commencement thereof together with the description and nature of the concession fees received, the unitary fees paid, rights and obligations of the department are recorded in the notes to the financial statements.
30	Employee benefits
	The value of each major class of employee benefit obligation (accruals, payables not recognised and provisions) is disclosed in the Employee benefits note.

Annual Appropriation

1.1 Annual Appropriation

Included are funds appropriated in terms of the Appropriation Act (and the Adjustments Appropriation Act) for National Departments (Voted funds) and Provincial Departments:

			2016/17	2015/16
	Final Appropria- tion	Actual Funds Received	Funds not requested/ not received	Appropria- tion received
	R'000	R'000	R′000	R'000
Administration	56,350	56,350	-	55,024
Integrated Economic Development Services	86,274	86,274	-	99,793
Trade and Sector Development	33,383	33,383	-	29,077
Business Regulation and Governance	34,547	34,547	-	31,351
Economic Planning	20,526	20,526	-	16,925
Tourism	53,277	53,277	<u>-</u>	49,919
Total	284,357	284,357	-	282,089

The department received 100% of the appropriated funds from Provincial Treasury

1.2 Conditional grants

	Note		
		2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Total grants received	31 =	2,030	2,000
Provincial grants included in Total Grants received	_		
Conditional Grants were used for EPWP Projects.			

2. Departmentarrevenue	2.	Departmental	revenue
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	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Tax revenue		28,848	26,658
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	2.1	86	73
Fines, penalties and forfeits	2.2	122	102
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	2.3	25	621
Total revenue collected		29,081	27,454
Less: Own revenue included in appropriation	13	29,081	27,192
Departmental revenue collected	_	<u>-</u>	262

The under collection is due to gambling casino licences being paid directly to the bank account of the entity and not yet paid into the department's bank account.

2.1 Sales of goods and services other than capital assets

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	2	R′000	R′000
Sales of goods and services produced by the department		86	73
Sales by market establishment		25	21
Administrative fees		61	52
Total	_	86	73

2.2 Fines, penalties and forfeits

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	2	R′000	R′000
Fines, Penalties, Forfeits		122	102
Total	_	122	102

2.3 Transactions in financial assets and liabilities

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	2	R′000	R′000
Other Receipts including Recoverable Revenue		25	621
Total		25	621

3. Aid assistance

	Note	2016/17 R'000	2015/16 R'000
Opening Balance		288	213
As restated		288	213
Transferred from statement of financial performance		443	288
Paid during the year		(288)	(213)
Closing Balance		443	288

Donor funding from European Union for employment creation – Total Donor funding for 2016/17 received R3,7 million less R3,257 spend on upgrading and maintenance on KIDJA Building.

3.1 Analysis of balance by source

		2016/17	2015/16
	Note	R′000	R′000
Aid assistance from other sources		443	288
Closing balance	_	443	288
Analysis of balance			

2016/17

201E/16

3.2 Analysis of balance

		2016/17	2015/16
	Note	R′000	R′000
Aid assistance unutilised	3	443	288
Closing balance		443	288

4. **Compensation of employees**

Salaries and Wages 4.1

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Basic salary		64,536	55,327
Performance award		87	-
Service Based		84	-
Compensative/circumstantial		470	2,795
Periodic payments		2,252	1,335
Other non-pensionable allowances		14,585	12,633
Total	_	82,014	72,090

An increase in the compensation of employee costs is due to filling of vacant posts, absorbing of former MEC's staff as well as stipends paid to Interns and Learners.

4.2 Social contributions

,	Note 2016/17 R'000	2015/16 R′000
Employer contributions	11 000	1, 000
Pension	8,049	6,948
Medical	3,424	2,898
Bargaining council	14	11
Total	11,487	9,857
Total compensation of employees	93,501	81,947
Average number of employees	237	212

An increase in the number of employees is due to filling of vacant posts. Absorbing of former MEC's staff as well as Interns and Learners.

5. Goods and services

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Administrative fees		1,844	2,290
Advertising		1,786	3,467
Minor assets	5.1	375	382
Bursaries (employees)		503	267
Catering		1,300	1,925
Communication		1,960	1,853
Computer services	5.2	1,070	1,177
Consultants: Business and advisory services		3,239	3,465
Legal services		407	375
Contractors		24,038	38,698
Agency and support / outsourced services		48	1,269
Audit cost – external	5.3	2,637	2,586
Fleet services		681	456
Consumables	5.4	2,278	2,533
Operating leases		7,981	7,261
Property payments	5.5	6,328	7,359
Rental and hiring		-	53
Transport provided as part of the departmental activities		172	-
Travel and subsistence	5.6	14,324	15,235
Venues and facilities		1,421	1,779
Training and development		1,524	478
Other operating expenditure	5.7	526	702
Total	_	74,442	93,610

The reduction of goods and services is due to the implementation of the National Treasury cost containment instruction note on Contractors, Outsourcing services to Agencies, Property Payments as well as Travel & Subsistence – Foreign trips.

5.1	Minor assets			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		5	R′000	R'000
	Tangible assets		185	268
	Machinery and equipment		185	268
	Intangible assets		190	114
	Software		190	114
	Total	_	375	382
5.2	Computer services			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		5	R′000	R′000
	SITA computer services		866	671
	External computer service providers		204	506
	Total	_	1,070	1,177
5.3	Audit cost – External			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		5	R'000	R'000
	Regularity audits		2,637	2,586
	Total	=	2,637	2,586
5.4	Consumables			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		5	R′000	R'000
	Consumable supplies		102	394
	Uniform and clothing		-	7
	IT consumables		23	19
	Other consumables		79	368
	Stationery, printing and office supplies		2,176	2,139
	Total	_	2,278	2,533
5.5	Property payments			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		5	R′000	R′000
	Municipal services		2,575	-
	Property maintenance and repairs		115	-
	Other		3,638	7,359
	Total	_	6,328	7,359
				

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	5	R′000	R′000
Local		12,343	9,324
Foreign		1,981	5,911
Total	_	14,324	15,235

5.7 Other operating expenditure

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	5	R′000	R′000
Professional bodies, membership and subscription fees		6	-
Resettlement costs		70	321
Other		450	381
Total		526	702

6. Payments for financial assets

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Debts written off	6.2	-	495
Other material losses written off	6.1	<u>-</u>	288
Total	_	<u> </u>	783

No payment relating to financial assets during 2016/17 financial year.

6.1 Other material losses written off

Note 6	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R'000
Nature of losses		
(Group major categories, but list material items)		
Disallowance Miscellaneous – Outbound Mission	-	104
Disallowance Miscellaneous – Lebaeng Guesthouse	-	11
Disallowance – Iceberg Trading	-	19
Disallowance		154
Total		288

6.2 Debts written off

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	6	R′000	R′000
Nature of debts written off			
Total	_	<u> </u>	
Recoverable revenue written off			
		_	1
			134
		_	10
·		-	
		-	226
		-	19
		- -	105
Total		<u>-</u> _	495
Total debt written off	=		495
Transfers and subsidies			
		2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
	Note		
Provinces and municipalities	32	3,153	1,858
Departmental agencies and accounts	Annex 1B	76,715	59,776
Public corporations and private enterprises	Annex 1D	22,177	38,838
Households	Annex 1G	592	108
Total		102,637	100,580
	Recoverable revenue written off Sal: Reversal Control: ca Sal: Deduction Disall Acc: ca Provincial Departments Sal: Tax Debt: ca Sal: Income Tax: cl Sal: Insurance Deductions: cl Total Total debt written off Transfers and subsidies Provinces and municipalities Departmental agencies and accounts Public corporations and private enterprises Households	Nature of debts written off Total Recoverable revenue written off Sal: Reversal Control: ca Sal: Deduction Disall Acc: ca Provincial Departments Sal: Tax Debt: ca Sal: Income Tax: cl Sal: Insurance Deductions: cl Total Total debt written off Transfers and subsidies Note Provinces and municipalities 32 Departmental agencies and accounts Annex 1B Public corporations and private enterprises Annex 1D Households Annex 1G	Nature of debts written off Total

Payment to municipalities includes transfer to municipalities for EPWP projects, Tourism projects as well as rates and taxes on buildings (see Note 49 and Annexure 1A)

8. Expenditure for capital assets

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Tangible assets		4,998	2,643
Buildings and other fixed structures	29	3,283	314
Machinery and equipment	27	1,715	2,329
Software and other intangible assets		-	108
Software	28	-	57
Patents, licences, copyright, brand names, trademarks	28	-	51
Total	_ =	4,998	2,751

Total of building and other fixed structures costs includes R3,1 million received from European Union Donor funding for upgrades and refurbishments at KIDJA building.

8.1	Analysis of funds utilised to acquire capital assets – 2016/17						
		Voted funds	Aid assistance	Total			
		R′000	R′000	R′000			
	Tangible assets	1,887	3,111	4,998			
	Buildings and other fixed structures	172	3,111	3,283			
	Machinery and equipment	1,715	-	1,715			
	Total	1,887	3,111	4,998			
8.2	Analysis of funds utilised to acquire capital asse	ets – 2015/16					
		Voted funds	Aid assistance	Total			
		R′000	R′000	R′000			
	Tangible assets	2,643		2,643			
	Buildings and other fixed structures	314	-	314			
	Machinery and equipment	2,329	-	2,329			
	Software and other intangible assets	108		108			
	Software	57	-	57			
	Patents, licences, copyright, brand names, trademarks	51	-	51			
	Total	2,751		2,751			
8.3	Finance lease expenditure included in Expenditure for capital assets						
		Note	2016/17	2016/17			
			R′000	R′000			
	Tangible assets	8		-			
	Machinery and equipment		859	1,358			
	Total		859	1,358			
9.	Cash and cash equivalents						
		Note	2016/17	2015/16			
			R′000	R′000			
	Consolidated Paymaster General Account		13,878	3,991			
	Cash on hand		1	1			
	Total		13,879	3,992			

Departmental Revenue collected in March R2, 175 million to be paid over to Provincial Treasury, R0, 443 of unspent donor funding and R11, 260 million of voted funds to be paid over and surrendered to Provincial Treasury and R1 000.00(one thousand rand only) of petty cash.

10. Prepayments and advances

Note	2016/17	2015/16
	R′000	R′000
	147	-
10.1	151	151
_	298	151
		R'000 147 10.1 151

Advances paid (Not Expensed) of R151 000 is the refundable deposits relating to lease agreements and municipal services (see Annexure 8A).

10.1 Advances paid (Not expensed)

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	10	R'000	R'000
Other institutions		151	151
Total		151	151

11. Receivables

			2016/17			2015/16	
		Current	Non- current	Total	Current	Non- current	Total
	Note	R′000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000
	11.1						
Claims recoverable		-	6,796	6,796	-	6,796	6,796
Recoverable expenditure	11.2	52	-	52	-	-	-
Other debtors	11.3	280	-	280	278	-	278
Total		332	6,796	7,128	278	6,796	7,074

11.1 Claims recoverable

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	11	R′000	R′000
Private enterprises		6,796	6,796
Total		6,796	6,796

Non-movement on claims recoverable of R6,796 million is due to the pending and ongoing court case against the private company relating to the loss of precious stones for training at KIDJA.

11.2 Recoverable expenditure (disallowance accou	nts)
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	Note	2016/17	2015/16
	11	R′000	R′000
Northern Cape Fleet Management		52	-
Total	_	52	-
Total	_	<u>52</u> =	

11.3 Other debtors

Note	2016/17	2015/16
11	R′000	R′000
Sal: Deduction Disall	4	278
Sal: Reversal Control	265	-
Sal: Tax Debt	1	-
Pension Recoverable	2	-
Sal: Income Tax	8	
Total	280	278

12. Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund

Note	2016/17	2015/16
	R′000	R′000
Opening balance	2,418	1,083
As restated	2,418	1,083
Transfer from statement of financial performance (as restated)	11,890	2,418
Paid during the year	(2,418)	(1,083)
Closing balance	11,890	2,418

The closing balance of voted funds to be surrendered to the revenue fund amounting to R11, 838 million will be surrendered after the final audit of annual financial statements is completed.

13. Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund

No	ote 2016/17	2015/16
	R′000	R′000
Opening balance	1,711	1,502
As restated	1,711	1,502
Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance (as restated)	-	262
Own revenue included in appropriation	29,081	27,192
Paid during the year	(28,617)	(27,245)
Closing balance	2,175	1,711

The closing balance of departmental revenue and NRF receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund amounting to R2,175 will be paid over to Provincial Treasury after year-end of book closure.

14.	Payables – current			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		14	R′000	R′000
	Other payables	14.1	1	4
	Total		1	4
14.1	Other payables			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
		14	R′000	R′000
	Description			
	Sal: Reversal Control		-	4
	Disallowance Miscellaneous		1	
	Total	_	1 _	4
15.	Net cash flow available from operating activities			
		Note	2016/17	2015/16
			R'000	R'000
	Net surplus/(deficit) as per Statement of Financial Performance		12,333	2,968
	Add back non cash/cash movements not deemed operating			
	activities		2,552	2,231
	(Increase)/decrease in receivables – current		(54)	680
	(Increase)/decrease in prepayments and advances		(147)	151
	Increase/(decrease) in payables – current		(3)	(2)
	Expenditure on capital assets		4,998	2,751
	Surrenders to Revenue Fund		(31,035)	(28,328)
	Surrenders to RDP Fund/Donor		(288)	(213)
	Own revenue included in appropriation		29,081	27,192
	Net cash flow generated by operating activities	_	14,885	5,199
16	De son ciliation of each and each accirculants for each flour number			
16.	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purpo	Note	2016/17	2015/16
			R′000	R′000
	Consolidated Paymaster General account		13,878	3,991
	Cash on hand		1	1
	Total		13,879	3,992

Departmental Revenue collected in March R2, 175 million to be paid over to Provincial Treasury, R0, 443 of unspent donor funding and R11, 260 million of voted funds to be paid over and surrendered to Provincial Treasury and R1 000.00 (one thousand rand only) of petty cash.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

17. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

17.1 Contingent liabilities

		Note	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R'000
Liable to	Nature			
Claims against the department		Annex 3B	179	379
Total		_	179	379

Included in the claims against the department is Fleet Damages repairs of R0,163 million and R0,015 for Pemberley Investments (former fleet services agency) that relates to damages to government cars (refer to Annexure 3B).

17.2 Contingent assets

Note	2016/17	2015/16
	R′000	R′000
	7,599	-
_	7,599	-
	Note 	R'000 7,599

The Department is claiming reimbursement from the occupants of the Mittah Seperepere International Convention Centre on the municipal account owed to the municipality.

18. Commitments

No	ote 2016/17	2015/16
	R′000	R′000
Current expenditure		
Approved and contracted	7,370	47,672
Approved but not yet contracted		
Total Commitments	7,370	47,672

The reduction of commitments for the financial year under review is due to the contract between the Department and World Skateboard Grand Prix which terminated on the 31 December 2016 and not renewed.

19. Accruals and payables not recognised

19.1 Accruals

			2016/17 R'000	2015/16 R'000
Listed by economic classification				
	30 Days	30+ Days	Total	Total
Goods and services	1,718	-	1,718	1,680
Capital assets		-	<u> </u>	58
Total	1,718	-	1,718	1,738

No	ote 2016/17 R'000	2015/16 R′000
Listed by programme level		
Administration	939	754
Integrated Economic Development Services	135	107
Trade and Sector Development	189	343
Business Regulation and Governance	77	213
Economic Planning	61	151
Tourism	317	170
Total	1,718	1,738

The increase on Programme 6 was due to the Tourism Indaba that was held on 22 – 24 March 2017.

19.2 Payables not recognised

			2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R′000
Listed by economic classification			K UUU	K 000
	30 Days	30+ Days	Total	Total
Goods and services	613	11,329	11,942	206
Total	613	11,329	11,942	206
	1	Note	2016/17	2015/16
			R′000	R′000
Listed by programme level				
Administration			11,874	59
Trade and Sector Development			-	107
Business Regulation and Governance			2	-
Economic Planning			-	30
Tourism			66	10
Total		_	11,942	206

The increase on Programme 1 is due to the non-payment of municipal services at Mittah Seperepere International Convention Centre due to a pending court case.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

20. Employee benefits

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Leave entitlement		3,336	2,389
Service bonus (Thirteenth cheque)		2,479	2,323
Performance awards		1,439	1,257
Capped leave commitments		1,988	2,143
Other	_	20	84
Total	=	9,262	8,196

R1,438 515.00 of performance award calculated at 1.5% of the total compensation of employees amounting to R95,901 000.00 as per the adjusted estimates expenditure for 2016/17. The R20 000.00 included in Other is for Long Service Award.

21. Lease commitments

21.1 Operating leases expenditure

2016/17	Specialised military equipment	Land	Buildings and other fixed structures	Machinery and equipment	Total
Not later than 1 year	-	-	7,462	-	7,462
Later than 1 year and not later than 5					
years	-	-	11,705	-	11,705
Total lease commitments	-	-	19,167	-	19,167

	Specialised military		Buildings and other fixed	Machinery and	
2015/16	equipment	Land	structures	equipment	Total
Not later than 1 year	-	-	8,245	-	8,245
Later than 1 year and not later than 5					
years	-	-	16,960	-	16,960
Later than five years	-	-	2,207	-	2,207
Total lease commitments	-	-	27,412	-	27,412

No new lease agreements acquired during 2016/17 and also existing leases later than 5 years.

21.2 Finance leases expenditure

2016/17	Specialised military equipment	Land	Buildings and other fixed structures	Machinery and equipment	Total
Not later than 1 year	-	-	-	719	719
Later than 1 year and not later than					
5 years	-	-	-	727	727
Total lease commitments	-	-	-	1,446	1,446

2015/16	Specialised military equipment	Land	Buildings and other fixed structures	Machinery and equipment	Total
2013/10	equipment	Lanu	structures	equipment	iotai
Not later than 1 year	-	-	-	483	483
Later than 1 year and not later than					
5 years	-	-	-	293	293
Total lease commitments	-	-	-	776	776

Finance leases expenditure of the department is comprised of fleet cars, photo copiers, faxes and cell phones.

22. Accrued departmental revenue

		Note	2016/17	2015/16
			R′000	R′000
	Tax revenue		-	753
	Total	_	-	753
22.1	Analysis of accrued departmental revenue			

Add: amounts recognised		753
Closing balance	-	753

Note

2016/17

R'000

2015/16

R'000

23. Irregular expenditure

23.1 Reconciliation of irregular expenditure

Note	2016/17 R′000	2015/16 R′000
Opening balance	34,878	22,315
As restated	34,878	22,315
Add: Irregular expenditure – relating to current year	6,156	12,563
Less: Amounts not condoned and not recoverable	(40,820)	
Closing balance	214	34,878
Analysis of awaiting condonation per age classification	-	-
Current year	214	12,563
Prior years	-	22,315
Total	214	34,878

Irregular expenditure of R34,878 million incurred in the previous financial years of 2014/15 and 2015/16 to the amounts of R22,315 million and R12,563 million respectively. In 2016/17 financial year from 1 April 2016 to 31 Oct 2016 irregular expenditure was incurred to the amount of R5,942 million.

In the year under review an investigation was conducted and the outcome showed that the department received economic benefit from all the traveling transactions incurred in the department with the travel management companies and no party was liable to repay any amounts that resulted in the irregular expenditure. Hence the Head of Department approved the recommendation emanating from the investigation to de-recognise the irregular expenditure of R40, 820 million as per irregular guideline date April 2015 by the Office of the National Accountant General.

The investigation with respect to the amounts not condoned and not recoverable was done and concluded in February 2017. The payment of R214 000 was made in March 2017, hence did not form part of the investigation. This investigation with respect to the R214 000 will be concluded in the new financial year.

23.2 Details of irregular expenditure – added current year (relating to current and prior years)

Incident	Disciplinary steps taken/criminal proceedings	2016/17 R′000
Contravention of Practice Note 8 of 2007/08 par 3.3 and TR 16A6.1 (Travel Management Companies)	The investigation has been completed and it was found that no party was liable to repay any amounts.	5,942
Contravention of Practice Note 8 of 2007/08 par 3.3 and TR 16A6.1 (Travel Management		
Companies)	<u></u>	214
Total	=	6,156

23.3 Details of irregular expenditure not recoverable (not condoned)

	Incident	Not condoned by (condoning	g authority)	2016/17 R′000
	Contravention of Practice Note 8 of 2007/08 par 3.3 and TR 16A6.1 (Travel Management	The Head of Department approrections appropriately the recommendation since no part		
	Companies)	liable to repay any amounts.		40,820
	Total		=	40,820
24.	Related party transactions			
	Payments made	Note	2016/17	2015/16
			R′000	R′000
	Goods and services		772	55

The following related party relationships have been identified by the Department:

1) The Department has an administrative oversight role over the following public entities of the Department, to whom funds are transferred to via transfer payments, as disclosed in Note 11 and Annexure 1C;

12

784

43

502

600

a) Northern Cape Tourism Agency (NCTA);

Expenditure for capital assets

Transfers

Total

- b) Northern Cape Economic Development Agency (NCEDA);
- c) Northern Cape Gambling Board (NCGB); and
- d) Northern Cape Liquor Board (NCLB).

The Department pays the contract of car rental of NCLB and NCGB on their behalf for the period under review. The Department paid the fees of the Auditor General of south Africa and the department of Justice on behalf of NCEDA for the period under review.

- 2) The Department serves as a Trustee on the Board of Trustees of Frances Baard SMME Trust, to whom funds are transferred via transfer payments, as disclosed in Note 9 and Annexure 1L.
- 3) The Department serves as a Trustee on the Board of Trustees of Kimberley International Diamond and Jewellery Academy (KIDJA) and during the financial year under review the Department has assisted them administratively to procure goods and services from the donor funding received from the European Union, since their system of financial and internal controls were not established during the year to enable the Department to transfer the funds to KIDJA. All these transactions are captured under the Employment Creation Fund. Please refer to Note 6 for additional details on these transactions.
- 4) The Department serves as a Trustee on the Board of Trustees of KIDJA and during the previous financial year under review the Department has assisted them with payment of accommodation and meals for KIDJA students on their behalf.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

25. Key management personnel

	No. of Individuals	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Officials:			
Level 15	2	2,684	1,324
Level 14	7	7,856	8,463
Total	_	10,540	9,787

Total expenditure of level 15 includes the amount of an official who acted as Head of Department for a period of 11 months and the Chief Financial Officer. Furthermore, the MEC of the Department's personnel budget is reported by the Provincial Treasury.

26. Provisions

	Note	2016/17	2015/16
		R′000	R′000
Please specify			
NCEDA vs Umfana and ICS (MCC)		200	200
Total	_	200	200

Provision of R200 000 is an estimated Legal cost in the case between Umfana & ICS Solutions and the Department.

26.1 Reconciliation of movement in provisions – 2016/17

	Provision 1	Provision 2	Provision 3	Total provisions
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Opening balance	200	-	-	200
Closing balance	200	-	-	200

Reconciliation of movement in provisions - 2015/16

	Provision 1	Provision 2	Provision 3	Total provisions
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Opening balance	200	-	-	200
Closing balance	200	-	-	200

27. Movable Tangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Opening balance	Value adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	13,785	42	856	10	14,653
Computer equipment	6,579	9	664	10	7,242
Furniture and office equipment	4,420	26	192	-	4,638
Other machinery and equipment	2,766	111	-	-	2,877
TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE					
CAPITAL ASSETS	13,785	146	856	10	14,757

Minor adjustments were made to the balances for Computer Equipment and Furniture & Office Equipment. These adjustments are due to rounding differences carried forth and accumulated over previous financial periods. An adjustment of R44 000 was made to the balance of Other Machinery & Equipment as a correction to finance leases written off in the previous financial period. The amount of R10 000 included in disposals for Machinery & Equipment applies to a departmental laptop which was stolen during the financial period.

27.1 Additions ADDITIONS TO MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Cash	Non-cash	(Capital Work in Progress current costs and finance lease payments)	Received current, not paid (Paid current year, received prior year)	Total
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	1,715	-	(859)	-	856
Transport assets	504	-	(504)	-	-
Computer equipment	664	-	-	-	664
Furniture and office equipment	192	-	-	-	192
Other machinery and equipment	355	-	(355)	-	-
TOTAL ADDITIONS TO MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	1,715	-	(859)	-	856

27.2 Disposals

DISPOSALS OF MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Sold for cash	Non-cash disposal	Total disposals	Cash Received Actual
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	-	10	10	-
Furniture and office equipment	-	10	10	_
TOTAL DISPOSAL OF MOVABLE TANGIBLE				
CAPITAL ASSETS	-	10	10	

The amount of R10 000 included in disposals for Machinery & Equipment applies to a departmental laptop which was stolen during the financial periods.

27.3 Movement for 2015/16

MOVEMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Opening balance	Prior period error	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	12,831	(28)	972	(10)	13,765
Computer equipment	5,989	(28)	628	(10)	6,579
Furniture and office equipment	4,097	-	323	-	4,420
Other machinery and equipment	2,745		21	-	2,766
TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	12,831	(28)	972	(10)	13,765

27.3.1 Prior period error

Nature of prior period error	2015/16 R′000
Nature of prior period error	
Relating to 2014/15 regarding thefts and losses not disclosed.	(28)
	(28)
Total prior period errors	(28)

27.4 Minor assets

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Specialised military assets	Software and other intangible assets	Heritage assets	Machinery and equipment	Biological assets	Total
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Opening balance	-	1,666	-	4,345	-	6,011
Value						
adjustments	-	(94)	-	(103)	-	(197)
Additions	-	190	-	185	-	375
TOTAL MINOR						
ASSETS		1,762	-	4,427	-	6,189

Correcting of overstatement of minor assets to major assets, intangible assets R94 000 and machinery and equipment R103 000

	Specialised military assets	Software and other intangible assets	Heritage assets	Machinery and equipment	Biological assets	Total
Number of R1 minor assets	-	-	-	227	-	227
Number of minor assets at cost		345	-	3,169	-	3,501
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS		345	-	3,383	-	3,728

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2016

	Specialised military assets	Software and other intangible assets	Heritage assets	Machinery and equipment	Biological assets	Total
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R′000
Opening balance	-	1,552	-	4,077	-	5,629
Prior period error						
Additions	-	114	-	268	-	382
TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	-	1,666	-	4,345	-	6,011

	Specialised military assets	Software and other intangible assets	Heritage assets	Machinery and equipment	Biological assets	Total
Number of R1 minor assets	-	-	-	227	-	227
Number of minor assets at cost		284	-	3,080	-	3,364
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS	_	284	-	3,307	-	3,591

28. Intangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Opening balance	Value adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
SOFTWARE	397	95	-	-	492
SERVICES AND OPERATING RIGHTS	51	-	-	-	51
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	448	95	-	-	543

28.1 Movement for 2015/16

MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Opening balance	Prior period error	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
SOFTWARE	340	-	57	-	397
SERVICES AND OPERATING RIGHTS	-	-	51	-	51
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	340	-	108	-	448

29. Immovable Tangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Opening balance R'000	Value adjustments	Additions R'000	Disposals R'000	Closing Balance R'000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	8,054	_	3,283	5,824	5,513
Other fixed structures	8,054	-	3,283	5,824	5,513
TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	8,054	-	3,283	5,824	5,513

Completed projects to value of R5,824 million was transferred to the Department of Public Works as per Sec 42 of the PFMA.

29.1 Additions

ADDITIONS TO IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Work in Progress current costs and finance lease payments)	Received current, not paid (Paid current year, received prior year)	Total
R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
3,283	-	-	-	3,283
3,283	-	-	-	3,283
3,283	_	-	-	3,283
	R'000 3,283 3,283	R'000 R'000 3,283 - 3,283 -	Progress	Work in Progress paid current (Paid costs and finance lease payments) R'000 R'000 R'000 R'000 R'000 3,283

Total of additions to building and other fixed structures costs includes R3,1 million received from European Union Donor funding for upgrades and refurbishments at KIDJA building (see Note 8).

29.2 Disposals

DISPOSALS OF IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Sold for cash	Non-cash disposal	Total disposals	Cash Received Actual
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	-	5,824	5,824	-
Other fixed structures	-	5,824	5,824	-
TOTAL DISPOSALS OF IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS		5,824	5,824	

Completed projects to value of R5,824 million was transferred to the Department of Public Works as per Sec 42 of the PFMA.

29.3 Movement for 2015/16

MOVEMENT IN IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Opening balance	Prior period error	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED					
STRUCTURES	5,624	2,116	314	-	8,054
Other fixed structures	5,624	2,116	314	-	8,054
TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	5,624	2,116	314	-	8,054

29.3.1 Prior period error

	Note	2015/16 R'000
Nature of prior period error		
Relating to 2012/13 to 2015/16		2,116
		2,116
Total prior period errors		2,116

During the 2016/17 financial year the Department conducted an audit on the immovable asset register with the following findings:

- Included in the asset register closing balance is a negative amount of R1 438 000 which was disclosed in the 2012/13 financial period relating to Section 42 transfers to the Department of Roads & Public Works which were never fully concluded and should therefore have remained in the immovable asset register.
- Payments to the value of R463 969.43 relating to upgrades and additions to existing infrastructure were incorrectly disclosed as maintenance and repairs.
- R213 000 constitutes upgrades and additions to the Boys High School hostel which occurred prior to 2012/13 and which is subject to an on-going contract agreement. These upgrades to existing infrastructure will be subject to transfer in accordance with section 42 of the PFMA on conclusion of the contract and is therefore reflected in the asset register balance for immovable assets.

29.4 S42 Immovable assets

Assets subjected to transfer in terms of S42 of the PFMA – 2016/17

	Number of assets	Value of assets R'000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	3	5,513
Other fixed structures	3	5,513
TOTAL	3	5,513

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

	Assets subjected to transfer in terms of S42 of the PFMA – 2015	5/16		
			Number of	Value of
			assets	assets
				R′000
	BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES		3	8,054
	Other fixed structures		3	8,054
	TOTAL		3	8,054
30. 30.1	Prior period errors Correction of prior period errors			
		Note		2015/16
				R′000
	Expenditure:			
	Aid assistance transfers reclassified to aid assistance current expenditure (see prior year PER)			712
	Net effect			712
		Maria		2015/16
		Note		2015/16
	Other:			R′000
	Immovable assets			2,144
	Net effect			2,144
	net cliect			2,177

31. STATEMENT OF CONDITIONAL GRANTS RECEIVED

		GRANT	ALLOCA ⁻	TION				SPENT		201	5/16
NAME OF DEPART- MENT	Division of Revenue Act/Pro- vincial Grants	Roll Overs	DORA Ad- just- ments	Other Ad- just- ments	Total Avail- able	Amount received by department	Amount spent by depart- ment	Under / (Over- spend- ing)	% of available funds spent by depart- ment	Division of Revenue Act	Amount spent by depart- ment
	R'000	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	R′000	R'000
EPWP Integrated Grant for											
Provinces	2,030	-	-	-	2,030	2,030	2,030	-	100%	2,000	2,000
	2,030	-	-	-	2,030	2,030	2,030	-	100%	2,000	2,000

Departments are reminded of the requirement to certify that all transfers in terms of this Act were deposited into the primary bank account of the province or, where appropriate, into the CPD account of the province.

Conditional Grants received were used for EPWP Projects.

32. STATEMENT OF CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND OTHER TRANSFERS PAID TO MUNICIPALITIES

		GRANT A	LLOCATIO	N		TRANSFE	R
	Division of Revenue Act	Roll Overs	Adjust- ments	Total Available	Actual Transfer	Funds Withheld	Re- allocations by National Treasury or National Department
NAME OF MUNICIPALITY	R′000	R′000	R′000		R′000	R′000	%
Sol Plaatje Municipality – Rates & Taxes (Eris Property Group)	-	_	146	146	146	-	-
Namakwa District Municipality	818	-	130	948	948	-	-
Pixley Ka Seme	1,092	-	400	1,492	1,492	-	-
Mier Municipality	-	-	311	311	311	-	-
Khara Hais Municipality	-	-	6	6	6	-	-
Sol Plaatje Municipality	120	-	-	120	120	-	-
Kai Garib Municipality	-	-	130	130	130	-	-
TOTAL	2,030	-	1,123	3,153	3,153	-	-

Payment to municipalities includes transfer to municipalities for EPWP projects, Tourism projects as well as rates and taxes on buildings as transferred by the department. Also see Annexure 1A

ANNEXURE 1A STATEMENT OF CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND OTHER TRANSFERS PAID TO MUNICIPALITIES

	GR	ANT AL	LOCATION	ON		TRANSFI	ER .		SPENT		2015/16
NAME OF MUNICIPALITY	Division of Revenue Act	Roll Overs R'000	Ad- just- ments R'000	Total Avail- able	Actual Trans- fer R'000	Funds With- held R'000	Re-allo- cations by Na- tional Treas- ury or Na- tional Depart- ment	Amount re- ceived by munici- pality R'000	Amount spent by munici- pality R'000	% of avail- able funds spent by munici- pality	Division of Revenue Act
Sol Plaatje								11.000			
Municipality – Rates & Taxes (Eris Property											
Group)	146	-	-	146	146	-	-	146	-	0%	138
Khara Hais Municipality	6	-	-	6	6	-	-	6	-	0%	200
Sol Plaatje Municipality	120	-	-	120	120	-	-	120	-	0%	701
Namakwa District Municipality	948	_	-	948	948	-	-	948	-	0%	319
Khai Gariep											
Municipality	130	-	-	130	130	-	-	130	-	0%	500
Pixley Ka Seme	1,492	-	-	1,492	1,492	-	-	1,492	-	0%	-
Mier											
Municipality	311	-	-	311	311	-	-	311	_	0%	_
TOTAL	3,153	-	-	3,153	3,153		-	3,153	_	-	1,858

Payment to municipalities includes transfer to municipalities for EPWP projects, Tourism projects as well as rates and taxes on buildings as transferred by the department.

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ANNEXURE 1B STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO DEPARTMENTAL AGENCIES AND ACCOUNTS

	TRA	ANSFER	ALLOCATI	ON	TRAN	ISFER	2015/16
	Adjust- ed Ap-			Total	Actual	% of Avail- able funds	Appro-
	propri- ation	Roll Overs	Adjust- ments	Availa- ble	Trans- fer	Trans- ferred	priation Act
DEPARTMENT/ AGENCY/ ACCOUNT	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000
Northern Cape Gambling Board	12,759	-	-	12,759	12,759	100%	9,973
NCEDA	9,037	-	-	9,037	9,037	100%	5,908
Northern Cape Liquor Board	10,833	-	-	10,833	10,833	100%	9,624
NCTA Tourism Promotion Dev	21,269	-	-	21,269	21,269	100%	19,561
KDJI	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	100%	-
Kimberley International Diamond Academy	1,540	-	-	1,540	1,540	100%	-
National Development Agency	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,166
Northern Cape SMME Trust	18,664	-	-	18,664	18,664	100%	11,543
Northern Cape Clothing Cluster	1,612	-	-	1,612	1,612	100%	-
SABC	1	-	-	1	1	100%	1
Dept of Transport, Roads & Public Works		-	-	-	_	_	2,000
TOTAL	76,715	-	-	76,715	76,715		59,776

Transfers to public entities and other projects. SABC payment is for the TV Licences of the Department.

ANNEXURE 1D STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS/SUBSIDIES TO PUBLIC CORPORATIONS AND PRIVATE ENTERPRISES

	TRA	NSFER A	LLOCATIO	ON		EXPEND	DITURE		2015/16
	Ad-					% of			
	justed					Available			
	Appro-			Total	Actual	funds			Appro-
NAME OF PUBLIC	priation	Roll	Adjust-	Avail-	Trans-	Trans-			priation
CORPORATION/	Act	Overs	ments	able	fer	ferred	Capital	Current	Act
PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	R′000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000	R'000

Private Enterprises

Transfers	21,177			21,177	21,177	100.0%		_	38,837
	21,177	-	-	21,177	21,177	100.0%	-	-	30,037
Al-Amirr Halaal Butchry	80	_	_	80	80	100.0%	_	_	_
Baheso Brickmaking	430		_	430	430	100.0%			
_	430	-	-	430	430	100.0%	-	-	-
Batsumi Lodge and Pub	1,618	_	_	1,618	1,618	100.0%	_	_	_
	1,010			1,010	1,010	100.070			
Benchmarking and manufacturing	88	_	_	88	88	100.0%	_	_	_
Bosco Sports Event	2,000			2,000	2,000	100.0%			
•	•	-	-		•		-	-	-
Carey Group	20	-	-	20	20	100.0%	-	-	-
Christians for Peace in	F 000			F 000	F 000	100.00/			
Africa	5,000	-	-	5,000	5,000	100.0%	-	-	-
Delva Georges Civil and General	205			205	205	100.00/			
	285	-	-	285	285	100.0%	-	-	-
Den M's Breakdown Service	300		_	300	300	100.0%			
	300	-	-	300	300	100.0%	-	-	-
Die Potlepel Touriste Plaas	10		_	10	10	100.0%			20
	10	_	_	10	10	100.070	_	_	20
Dinatla Co-operative Limited	150	_	_	150	150	100.0%	_	_	_
Gamii Goas	150			150	150	100.070			
Guesthouse	243	_	_	243	243	100.0%	<u>-</u>	_	_
Gariep Kunstefees	200	_	_	200	200	100.0%	_	_	250
·	200	_	_	200	200	100.070	_	_	230
Griqua Diamonds (NPC)	260	_	_	260	260	100.0%	_	_	260
, ,	200			200	200	100.070			200
Ilanushca Van Neel Tourism	21	_	_	21	21	100.0%	_	_	15
TOUTISTIT	۷1	-	-	۷ ا	۷.	100.070	=	-	13

	TRA	NSFER A	LLOCATIO	ON		EXPEND	ITURE		2015/16
NAME OF PUBLIC CORPORATION/ PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	Adjusted Appropriation Act R'000	Roll Overs R'000	Adjust- ments R'000	Total Avail- able R'000	Actual Trans- fer R'000	% of Available funds Trans- ferred	Capital R'000	Current R'000	Appro- priation Act R'000
Jo Karoo Flavour	608	-	-	608	608	100.0%	-	-	-
Jo's B and B	100	-	-	100	100	100.0%	-	-	50
Kalaham Info Centre & Tented Camp	8	-	-	8	8	100.0%	-	-	-
Luxrail Maintenance & Construction Mafaratlha Technical	20	-	-	20	20	100.0%	-	-	-
Networks	200	_	_	200	200	100.0%	_	_	_
Maiktronix	2,000	_	_	2,000	2,000	100.0%	_	_	_
Masedi Star	44	_	_	44	44	100.0%	-	_	777
Native Mind Tourism Marketing Nonong Trading and	16	-	-	16	16	100.0%	-	-	-
Project CC	250	-	-	250	250	100.0%	-	-	-
Nothembekile NN Trading	628	-	-	628	-	100.0%	-	-	-
Open Africa	1,400	-	-	1,400	1,400	100.0%	-	-	1,000
Phuliso Autozone Primary	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	100.0%	-	-	-
PMST Residentials	254	-	-	254	254	100.0%	-	-	-
Proprint	250	-	-	250	250	100.0%	-	-	-
Sanparks	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	100.0%	-	-	225
Siphumlakahle Guesthouse	250	-	_	250	250	100.0%	_	-	-
Sizamile Guesthouse	189	_	-	189	189	100.0%	-	_	_
Springbok One Hour Lab	630	_	_	630	630	100.0%	_	_	_
Triponza Investments	1,500	_	_	1,500	1,500	100.0%	_	_	_
Upington Landbou Expo	35	-	-	35	35	100.0%	-	-	-
Vinkies Tourism Enterprise	20	-	-	20	20	100.0%	-	-	20

	TRA	NSFER A	LLOCATIO	N		EXPENDITURE					
NAME OF PUBLIC	Adjusted Appropriation Act	Roll Overs	Adjust- ments	Total Avail- able	Actual Trans- fer	% of Available funds Trans- ferred	Capital	Current	Appro- priation Act		
PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	R′000	R′000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R′000	R′000		
Wydex Events Promotions CC	50	-	-	50	50	100.0%	-	-	-		
Pep-Division of Pepkor Retail	20	-	-	20	20	100.0%	-	-	-		
Aukwatowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40		
BH Raats	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	192		
Butler's T/A The Estate Hotel CC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000		
Camms Fontyn Gastehuis (Pty) Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75		
Cool Ideas (Pty) Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,000		
Diamond Bed Factory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68		
EB Andrews Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,000		
Fiesant Andries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7		
Francis Oats Hostel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	502		
Groen Kalahari Kanoe Maraton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900		
Kimberley International Diamond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	830		
Matsieng Event T/A Fusion Garden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310		
Northern Cape Clothing Cluster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	670		
Rooiduin Guestfarm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	450		
Sakhisizwe Colesburg Tours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76		
Santaco T/A NC Prov Taxi Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100		
Macronym 37CC	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	100.0%	-	-	-		
TOTAL	22,177										

Transfers to private enterprises for the purpose of economic growth and development fund as well as support to tourism projects.

ANNEXURE 1G STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO HOUSEHOLDS

	TRA	NSFER A	LLOCATIO	N	EXPE	NDITURE	2015/16
	Adjusted					% of Available	
	Appro-			Total	Actual	funds	Appro-
	priation Act	Roll Overs	Adjust- ments	Avail- able	Trans- fer	Trans- ferred	priation Act
HOUSEHOLDS	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	"ierred"	R'000
Transfers	1, 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	70	11 000
GAM Clarke	-	-	_	-	-	_	13
GK Dikgetsi	-	-	_	-	-	-	45
MA Le Grange	-	-	_	-	-	-	15
MC Segrys	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
O Botlhoko	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
A Pijoos	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
AD Sehunelo	17	-	-	17	17	100.0%	-
R Bezuidenhout	-	-	12	12	12	100.0%	-
E Julius	-	-	447	447	447	100.0%	-
B Bobeje	-	-	18	18	18	100.0%	-
	17	-	477	494	494	100.0%	108
Subsidies							
Matsieng Event T/A Fusion Garden		-	-		98	-	-
TOTAL	17	-	477	494	592	-	108

Leave gratuity paid due to retirement and resignation of employees during 2016/17.

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ANNEXURE 11 STATEMENT OF AID ASSISTANCE RECEIVED

NAME OF DONOR	PURPOSE	OPENING BALANCE R'000	REVENUE R'000	EXPENDI- TURE R'000	PAID BACK ON/BY 31 MARCH R'000	CLOSING BALANCE R'000
Received in cash						
European Donor	Employment creation					
	Fund KIDJA	288	3,700	3,257	288	443
Subtotal		288	3,700	3,257	288	443
TOTAL		288	3,700	3,257	288	443

Donor funding from European Union for employment creation - Kimberley International Jewellery Academy (KIDJA). The department utilised funds to improve the buildings for training facilities by learners in mining beneficiation processes to be self-employed at the end of the course.

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ANNEXURE 1J STATEMENT OF GIFTS, DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS MADE

NATURE OF GIFT, DONATION OR SPONSORSHIP	2016/17	2015/16
(Group major categories but list material items including name of organisation	R′000	R′000
Made in kind		
Two Galeshewe Families - Furniture	-	68
Richmond Youth Group – Transport	-	8
Jo's Catering Services	-	50
TOTAL	-	126

ANNEXURE 3B STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Opening Balance 1 April 2016	Liabilities incurred during the year	Liabilities paid/ cancelled/ reduced during the year	Liabilities recoverable (Provide details hereunder)	Closing Balance 31 March 2017
Nature of Liability	R'000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000
Claims against the department					
SAPS	1	-	-	-	1
Appeal against labour relations resolution	200	-	200	-	-
Fleet Services – Accidents claims	163	-	-	-	163
Pemberley Investments (Pty) Ltd	15	-	-	-	15
Subtotal	379	-	200	-	179
TOTAL	379	-	200	-	179

Appeal against labour relations resolution has been finalised, the claimant lost the case at no cost.

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ANNEXURE 4 CLAIMS RECOVERABLE

	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		Total		Cash in transit at year end 2016/17 *	
Government Entity	31/03/ 2017	31/03/ 2016	31/03/ 2017	31/03/ 2016	31/03/ 2017	31/03 /2016	Receipt date up to six (6) working days after year end	Amount
	R'000	R′000	R′000	R'000	R'000	R′000		R'000
Department of Human								
Settlements	29	-	-	-	29	-	-	-
Department of Social								
Development	105	-	-	-	105	-	-	-
Northern Cape Fleet								
Management Trading Entity			52	_	52			
Subtotal	134	-	52	-	186	-	-	-
TOTAL	134	-	52	-	186		-	

ANNEXURE 5 INTER-GOVERNMENT PAYABLES

	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		TOTAL		Cash in transit at year end 2016/17 *	
GOVERNMENT ENTITY	31/03/ 2017	31/03/ 2016	31/03/ 2017	31/03/ 2016	31/03/ 2017	31/03/ 2016	Payment date up to six (6) working days before year end	Amount
DEPARTMENTS	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000		R′000
Current								
			1		1			
Government Printing	-	-		-	Į.	-	-	-
Department of Justice & Constitutional Development	-	-	281	-	281	-	-	-
Northern Cape Fleet								
Management Trading Entity	-	-	563	-	563	-	-	-
Subtotal	-	-	845	-	845	-	-	-
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL			845		845			

ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended the 31 March 2017

ANNEXURE 8A INTER-ENTITY ADVANCES PAID (note 14)

	Confirmed balance outstanding			ed balance anding	TOTAL		
ENTITY	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	R′000	
OTHER ENTITIES							
Anlar Belleging (Refundable Rental Deposit)	75	75	-	-	75	75	
Sol Plaatje (Refundable Deposit – Electricity)	56	56	-	-	56	56	
Upington Building (Refundable Rental Deposit)	20	20	-	-	20	20	
Subtotal	151	151	-	-	151	151	
TOTAL	151	151	-	- -	151	151	

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