









REVIEW OF THE NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCIAL SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (PSDF)

Introduction

The Northern Cape Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) serves as a pivotal document designed to guide the province's spatial planning and sustainable development. This phase of the PSDF outlines key spatial proposals that aim to steer responsible growth while balancing economic, environmental, and social imperatives. By translating policy directives into actionable strategies, the PSDF provides a blueprint for creating a resilient and prosperous Northern Cape. The framework incorporates forward-thinking principles such as planetary boundaries and bio-regional planning to ensure that development respects and preserves the province's unique natural and cultural heritage.

The PSDF's spatial vision is aligned with various strategic mandates, addressing both local and national objectives. This vision seeks to harmonize growth with sustainability, ensuring that the Northern Cape's rich resources are managed responsibly to benefit its people while maintaining ecological balance.

With a clear focus on translating high-level policy into practical spatial plans, the PSDF emphasizes the importance of maximizing land and resource use to support long-term economic prosperity, environmental protection, and community well-being. This framework ensures that strategic directives are effectively implemented, contributing to the Northern Cape's growth as a thriving, inclusive, and sustainable region.

The strategic proposals the Northern within Cape Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) are crafted to implement policy directives sustainable through development practices. proposals emphasize responsible growth that carefully considers the potential environmental and social impacts, ensuring that development in the Northern Cape is economically viable, environmentally sound, and socially inclusive.



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PSDF Drivers

The Northern Cape Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) focuses on key drivers to promote sustainable aligned with the Provincial Growth development, Development Plan (PGDP). These drivers coordinate public and private investments to achieve the province's spatial vision.

- **Development Drivers:** Strategies that unlock the province's potential by promoting economic growth, environmental stewardship, and social equity.
- **Spatial Outcomes**: Desired results of development initiatives, focusing on infrastructure, socio-economic growth, environmental sustainability.
- Action Areas: Priority locations for high-impact projects that maximize positive outcomes.

This approach ensures targeted, sustainable development, balancing current needs with future opportunities.

DRIVERS



SPATIAL OUTCOMES



DRIVER 1: THRIVING ECONOMIC ENGINES

- Agro-processing and value chain additions
 - Mining and Mineral Beneficiation
 - Tourism Market Development **Energy Sector Development**
- · Promotion of manufacturing and trade
- Competitive Infrastructure Promotion of the Maritime
- Economy



- Sustainable Human Settlement
- Development
- Integration of Rural Development, Land Reform and Food Security
- Improved public transportation
- Creating thriving landscape for employment & education



- Protection and expansion of ecologicalinfrastructure
- · Protection of strategic resources

 - Agriculture Mining & Minerals Renewable Energy

 - Resources Strategic Water Resources



- Accountable Local Government
- **Development-orientated Public**
- Intergovernmental Relation











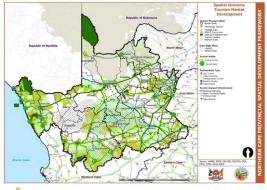


PSDF DRIVERS



DRIVER 1: THRIVING ECONOMIC ENGINES

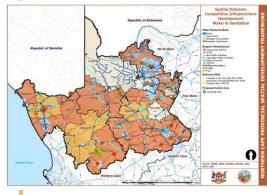
DRIVER 1 aims to ensure economic growth that will lead to increased development and prosperity for the people of the Northern Cape Province, a conscious effort is required to change the economic trajectory of the province. To achieve this, the following developmental sectors have been identified by the

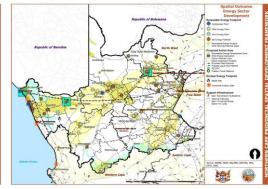




Tourism Market Development

Agriculture Development





Competitive Infrastructure

Energy Sector Development

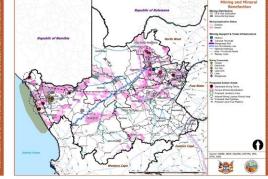




Maritime Economy

Manufacturing and Trade





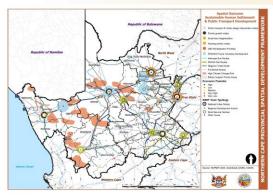
Accessibility and Mobility

Mining and Mineral Beneficiation

DRIVER 2: TRANSFORMING SPACES AND LIVELIHOODS

DRIVER 2 aims to improve the spaces people interact with by enhancing the accessibility to social services as well as supporting the foundation of urban and rural livelihoods by channelling investment into urban and rural settlements, accompanied and supported by programmes aimed at food security, land reform, skills development and public transportation systems.

PSDF DRIVERS



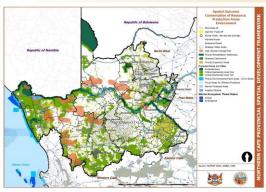
Human Settlement Development & Public Transport



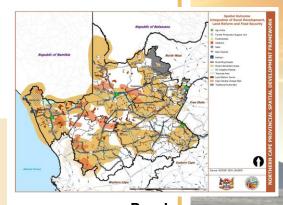
Employment & Education

DRIVER 3: TRANSFORMING SPACES AND LIVELIHOODS

DRIVER 3 refers to the abundance of natural resources and environmental assets. While these present a plethora of economic opportunities, a concerted effort must be made to ensure that these are protected and enhanced. At the same time, the Province must ensure that enough is done to protect communities against the potential threats environmental harm and unsustainable resource exploitation. To achieve this, the following developmental outcomes have been identified:



Environmental Resources



Rural Development, Land Reform and Food Security

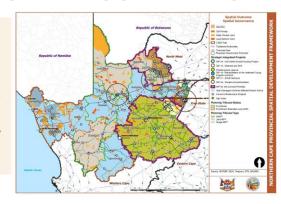
Agriculture, Minerals and Renewable Energy Resources



APE PROV OENETOPMENT

DRIVER 4: EFFECTIVE SPATIAL GOVERNANCE

DRIVER 4 refers to the need of a capable and accountable governance system, with a focus on streamlining intergovernmental relationships while strengthening participatory governance with civil society.



PSDF COMPOSITE FRAMEWORK

The Northern Cape PSDF Composite Spatial Framework is structured around key elements:

The Northern Cape PSDF Composite Spatial Framework is structured around key elements that shape the province's development strategy. **Nodes** include settlement hierarchies, which identify economic hubs, large-scale catalytic projects that attract labor and resources, and crucial import/export nodes at border posts with Namibia and Botswana that require infrastructure and biosecurity upgrades.

Zones such as strategic groundwater areas. Gamagara mining corridor, Vaal-Orange the agricultural zone, marine protected areas, and oil and gas exploration zones highlight areas economic importance, resource conservation, and potential environmental risks.

Corridors such as the industrial corridor along the N14, the power corridor dependent on Eskom's grid capacity for renewable energy, national and regional trade routes, and a proposed trade route connecting Hotazel to Kimberley emphasize the importance of transport, logistics, and energy infrastructure in supporting economic growth and regional connectivity.



PROVINCIAL SPATIAL ACTION AREAS (PSAAs)

The Northern Cape has identified six Provincial Spatial Action Areas (PSAAs) to address its unique development needs and align with national spatial goals. These areas aim to leverage local opportunities and mitigate risks, driving sustainable growth across key regions.

- 1. Coastal Spatial Action Area (CSAA): Focus on sustainable coastal development, protecting ecosystems, promoting maritime and tourism industries, and enhancing infrastructure.
- 2. Douglas to Kakamas Spatial Action Area (DKSAA): Optimize agriculture along the Orange River, promoting agro-industrial activities and improving water management and infrastructure.
- 3. Gamagara Spatial Action Area (GSAA): Strengthen the mining sector by upgrading infrastructure and fostering local economic development while addressing environmental impacts.
- 4. Kalahari Spatial Action Area (KHSAA): Promote renewable energy, sustainable tourism, and resilience in local communities through innovative water and land management.
- 5. Karoo Spatial Action Area (DSAA): Focus on sustainable agriculture, agri-tourism, biodiversity protection, and renewable energy development.
- 6. Rural Spatial Action Area (RSAA): Improve connectivity, service delivery, and support for small-scale farming to build resilient rural communities.
- 7. Vaalharts Spatial Action Area (VHSAA): Prioritize agriculture, agro-processing, and mining while fostering energy solutions, adventure tourism, and heritage preservation.











